

SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION EDGAR FILING

DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS INC

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Corporate Issuer CIK: 771999

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

	or	
	REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF	
For the t	transition period from	to
	Commission file number 001-3	2146
DOCUME	ENT SECURITY SY	STEMS, INC.
(Exa	ct name of registrant as specified in	its charter)
New York		16-1229730
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S.Employer Identification No.)
	6 Framark Drive Victor, New York 14564	
	(Address of principal executive of	fices)
	(585) 325-3610	
(Regi	strant's telephone number, including	g area code)
Securities	s registered pursuant to Section	12(b) of the Act:
Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.02 per share	DSS	NYSE American LLC
Securities re	egistered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seas	soned issuer as defined in Rule 405	of the Securities Act. YES [] NO [X]
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file	e reports pursuant to Section 13 or	15(d) of the Act. YES [] NO [X]
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during h reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for
•	* *	ve Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of r period that the registrant was required to submit such files). YES
		filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an aller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule
Large Accelerated Filer [] Non-Accelerated Filer [x]	Accelerated Filer [] Smaller Reporting Col Emerging growth com	. ,
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark i	f the registrant has elected not to	use the extended transition period for complying with any new or

over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. Yes [] No [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control

revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. []

The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant computed by reference to the price at which the common stock was last sold, as reported on the NYSE American LLC exchange on June 30, 2020 was \$18,119,034.

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of March 16, 2021, was 27,670,125.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

None.

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PART I

ITEM 1 - BUSINESS

Overview

Document Security Systems, Inc. (together with its consolidated subsidiaries (unless the context otherwise requires), referred to herein as "Document Security Systems," "DSS," "we," "us," "our" or the "Company") currently operates nine distinct business lines which primarily operate and are located in North America and Asia. The nine divisions are:

- 1. Direct Marketing/Online Sales Group,
- 2. Premier Packaging,
- 3. Digital Group,
- 4. IP Technology,
- 5. BioHealth Group,
- 6. Securities and Fintech Group,
- 7. Energy Group,
- 8. Secure Living, and
- 9. Blockchain Technology

Each of these business lines are in different stages of development, growth, and income generation. Because of these varying degrees of business cycle

growth, including the size of the revenues and assets acquired, the Company currently financially reports only on four of these operating segments.

- 1. Direct Marketing/Online Sales Group,
- 2. Premier Packaging,
- 3. Digital Group, and
- 4. IP Technology

As the other divisions grow and start generating significant income, those operating segments will be added to our financial segmental reporting.

Our divisions, their business lines, subsidiaries and operating territories:

- 1. Direct Marketing/Online Sales Group: ("Direct" or "DM") Led by the holding corporation, Decentralize Sharing Systems, Inc. ("Decentralized", this group provides services to assist companies in the emerging growth gig business model of peer-to-peer decentralized sharing marketplaces. Direct specializes in marketing and distributing its products and services through its subsidiary and partner network, using the popular gig economic marketing strategy as a form of direct marketing. Direct marketing products include, among other things, nutritional and personal care products sold throughout North America, Asia Pacific and Eastern Europe. Over the past 12 months, Direct has made substantial investments in acquiring marketing software, product opportunities, and operational capabilities in this marketplace. Additionally, it has acquired and developed an independent contractor sales force. It has also made substantial investments into other direct marketing companies, including its investment and partnership with Sharing Services Global Corporation (OTCQB: SHRG) ("Sharing Services" or "SHRG"), which at the end of 2020, Decentralized owned approximately 32% of the outstanding shares of Sharing Services. Currently, Direct and SHRG operate offices in USA, Canada, Hong Kong, Singapore, S. Korea, Australia, New Zealand, Malaysia, and Singapore, with additional offices or presence being added monthly. Decentralized sharing systems' mission is to become the leading direct sales platform, training, developing and empowering leaders on a global scale to achieve maximum human and economic potential.
- 2. **Premier Packaging:** ("Premier") The Company's packaging and security printing group is coordinated by the wholly owned subsidiary, Premier Packaging Corporation, a New York corporation. Premier operates in the paper board folding carton, smart packaging, and document security printing markets. It markets, manufactures, and sells mailers, photo sleeves, sophisticated custom folding cartons, and complex 3-dimensional direct mail solutions. These products are designed to provide functionality and marketability while also providing counterfeit protection. Premier is currently located in Victor, NY and serves the US market.
- 3. **Digital Group:** ("Digital") Digital researches, develops, markets, and sells the Company's digital products worldwide. As an industry leader in brand authentication services, our solutions leverage functional anti-counterfeiting features and cutting-edge technologies to satisfy commercial and consumer product needs for branding, intelligent packaging, and marketing. Digital's primary product is AuthentiGuard®, which is a brand authentication application that integrates the Company's counterfeit deterrent technologies with proprietary digital data security-based solutions. Digital Group is headquartered in Rochester, NY, but it also has offices and staff in Hong Kong.
- 4. **IP Technology Management:** ("IP" or "DSS TM") DSS TM manages, licenses, and acquires intellectual property assets for the purpose of monetizing these assets through a variety of value-enhancing initiatives, including, but not limited to, investments in the development and commercialization of patented technologies, licensing, strategic partnerships, and commercial litigation. DSS TM is currently headquartered in Houston, Texas.
- 5. **BioHealth Group:** ("BioHealth") The BioHealth Group is our business line created to invest in, or acquire companies in the biohealth and biomedical fields, including businesses focused on the advancement of drug discovery and prevention, inhibition, and treatment of neurological, oncological, and immune related diseases. This division is also developing open-air defense initiatives, which curb transmission of air-borne infectious diseases, such as tuberculosis and influenza. The BioHealth Group is also targeting unmet, urgent medical needs. Assets of this group are organized under the holding company, DSS BioHealth Security, Inc. Its subsidiaries are currently headquartered in Rochester, NY. The group also has a research facility in Winter Haven, Florida.

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- 6. **Securities and Fintech Group:** ("Securities") Securities was established to develop and/or acquire assets and investments in the securities trading and/or funds management arena. Further, Securities, in partnership with recognized global leaders in alternative trading systems, intends to own and operate in the US a single or multiple vertical digital asset exchanges for securities, tokenized assets, utility tokens, stablecoins and cryptocurrency via a digital asset trading platform using blockchain technology. The scope of services within this section is planned to include asset issuance and allocation (securities and cryptocurrency), FPO, IPO, ITO, PPO, STO and UTO listings on a primary market(s), asset digitization/tokenization (securities, currency and cryptocurrency), and the listing and trading of digital assets (securities and cryptocurrency) on a secondary market(s). This group is led by its holding company, DSS Securities, Inc., ("DSS Securities") and the group is currently headquartered in Houston, Texas.
- 7. **Energy Group:** ("Alset Energy") This group has been established to help lead the Company's clean energy future with a focus on environmental responsibility and sustainability measures. Alset Energy, Inc, the holding company for this group, recently organized, Alset Solar, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary, to pursue utility-scale solar farms to serve US regional power grids and to provide underutilized properties with small microgrids for independent energy. But in addition to solar farms and large-scale solar battery banks, Alset Energy will also look at other alternative energy opportunities for investment and development. Our goal is to be a powerful force in the mitigation of the negative effects of climate change by reducing air pollution and expanding access to clean energy for all, while contributing to global economic well-being. Alset Energy is currently headquartered in Houston, Texas and seeking market opportunities in the US sunbelt areas, but specifically in Texas, Arizona, New Mexico and Florida.
- 8. Secure Living: ("Secure Living"), Secure Living has developed a plan for fully sustainable, secure, and healthy living communities with homes incorporating advanced technology, energy efficiency, and quality of life living environments both for new construction and renovations for single and multi-family residential housing. Secure Living is currently working with several land development partners to develop entire fully sustainable, healthy living single-family subdivisions. Secure Living is currently headquartered in Houston, Texas.
- 9. **Blockchain Technology:** ("Blockchain") Blockchain specializes in the development of blockchain security technologies for tracking and tracing solutions for supply chain logistics and cyber securities across global markets. DSS Blockchain leverages DSS's early-to-market anticounterfeiting history in AuthentiChain©, which secures assets across industries to benefit product developers, manufacturers, investors, and consumers. AuthentiChain©, can be applied to decentralize ledgers, help stabilize the token economy, and protect cryptocurrency from counterfeiting, and secure negotiable legal documents and security exchanges.

Following is a summary of several DSS reported transactions and investments since January 2020 that confirm the active advancements and investments in these business lines:

On March 3, 2020, the Company, via its subsidiary DSS Securities Inc., entered into a share subscription agreement and loan arrangement with LiquidValue Asset Management Pte Ltd., AMRE Asset Management, Inc., and American Medical REIT Inc. under which it acquired a 52.5% controlling ownership interest in AMRE Asset Management, Inc. ("AAMI") which currently has a 93% equity interest in American Medical REIT Inc. ("AMRE") (see Note 4).

AAMI is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") management company that sets the strategic vision and formulates investment strategy for AMRE. It manages the REIT's assets and liabilities and provides recommendations to AMRE on acquisition and divestments in accordance with the investment strategies. American Medical REIT, Inc. is a Maryland corporation, organized for the purposes of acquiring hospitals and other acute or post-acute care centers from leading clinical operators with dominant market share in secondary and tertiary markets, and leasing each property to a single operator under a triple-net lease. AMRE was formed to originate, acquire, and lease a credit-centric portfolio of licensed medical real estate. AMRE is planned to qualify as a Real Estate Investment Trust for federal income tax purposes, which will provide AMRE's investors the opportunity for direct ownership of Class A licensed medical real estate. As of December 31, 2020, no revenue has been generated.

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On August 21, 2020, the Company, completed its acquisition of Impact BioMedical, Inc. ("Impact BioMedical"), pursuant to a Share Exchange Agreement by and among the Company, DSS BioHealth Security, Inc., Alset International Limited (formally Singapore eDevelopment Ltd.), and Global Biomedical Pte Ltd. ("GBM"), which was previously approved by the Company's shareholders (the "Share Exchange"). Under the terms of the Share Exchange, the Company issued 483,334 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.02 per share, nominally valued at \$6.48 per share, and 46,868 newly issued shares of the Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock"). As a result of the Share Exchange, Impact BioMedical is now a wholly owned subsidiary of DSS BioHealth, (see Note 4).

Impact BioMedical strives to leverage its scientific know-how and intellectual property rights to provide solutions to issues that have been plaguing the biomedical field for decades. By tapping into the scientific expertise of its partners, Impact BioMedical has undertaken a concerted effort in the research and development (R&D), drug discovery and development for the prevention, inhibition, and treatment of neurological, oncological and immune related diseases.

In August 2020, DSS Securities entered into a corporate venture to form and operate a real estate title agency, under the name and flagging of Alset Title Company, Inc., a Texas corporation ("ATC"). DSS Securities owns 70% of this venture with the other two shareholders being attorneys necessary to the state application and permitting process.

On October 7, 2020, DSS Securities took part in an initial public offering of Presidio Property Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, that invests primarily in commercial properties, such as office, industrial and retail properties, as well as in residential across the United States. As part of this offering, we purchased 200,000 shares of Presidio's Series A Common Stock at \$5.00 per share for a total purchase price of \$1,000,000.

Effective December 9, 2020, Impact BioMedical entered into an exclusive distribution agreement with BioMed Technologies Asia Pacific Holdings Limited ("BioMed"), which is focused on manufacturing natural probiotics. Under the terms of this distribution agreement, h Impact BioMedical will directly market, advertise, promote, distribute and sell certain BioMed products to resellers. The products to be distributed by Impact BioMedical include BioMed's PGut Premium ProbioticsTM, PGut Allergy ProbioticsTM, PGut SupremeSlim ProbioticsTM, PGut Kids ProbioticsTM, and PGut Baby ProbioticsTM. Under the terms of the tenyear distribution agreement, Impact BioMedical will have exclusive rights to distribute the products within the United States, Canada, Singapore, Malaysia, and South Korea and non-exclusive distribution rights in all other countries.

On February 8, 2021, DSS Securities announced that it entered into a joint venture ("JV") with Coinstreet Partners ("Coinstreet"), a global decentralized digital investment banking group and digital asset financial service firm, and GSX Group ("GSX"), a global digital exchange ecosystem for the issuance, trading, and settlement of tokenized securities, using its proprietary blockchain solution. The JV leverages the operational strengths and assets of three key leaders in their field, combining traditional capital market experience, Fintech innovations, and business networks from three continents, North America, Europe, and Asia, to capitalize on unique digital asset opportunities. The JV reported that it intended to first pursue a digital securities exchange license in the US. Moving forward, this JV will be the key operational company building and operating a digital securities exchange that utilizes the GSX STACS blockchain technology, serving corporate issuers and investors in the sector.

On February 25, 2021, DSS Securities announced its acquisition of an equity interest in WestPark Capital, Inc.("WestPark") and an investment in BMI Capital International LLC ("BMICI"). DSS Securities executed two separate transactions that were designed to grow the Securities division by signing a binding note and stock exchange letter of intent to own 7.5% of the issued and outstanding shares of WestPark and acquiring 24.9% of BMICI through a purchase agreement. WestPark is a full-service investment banking and securities brokerage firm which serves the needs of both private and public companies worldwide, as well as individual and institutional investors. BMI is a private investment bank specializing in corporate finance advising, raising equity, and venture services, providing a global "one-stop" corporate consultancy to listed companies. From corporate finance to professional valuation, corporate communications to event management, BMICI services companies in the US, Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, Japan, Canada, and Australia.

On March 1, 2021, Decentralized Sharing Systems, Inc. announced that it increased its investment in Sharing Services Global Corporation, a publicly traded company dedicated to maximizing shareholder value through the acquisition and development of innovative companies, products, and technologies in the direct selling industry, through a \$30 million convertible promissory note. Decentralized's financing was made as an investment that would help accelerate Sharing Services sales and growth, as well as international expansion, with the expectation that such capital reserves would help make Sharing Services a dominant player in the global marketplace over the next two years. It was reported that the new \$30 million investment would have the potential to exponentially increase Sharing Services sales channels and substantially expand its product portfolio, and to position Sharing Services to capitalize on consolidation and roll up opportunities of other direct selling companies. In the joint announcement, Sharing Services reported that the additional funding would now allow it to accelerate its global expansion with a direct focus on the Asian markets, and specifically in countries such as South Korea, Japan, Hong Kong, China, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand, Malaysia, and the Philippines. The announcement also noted that prior to this convertible promissory note investment, DSS owned 37% of the outstanding shares of Sharing Services, and that Sharing Services generated \$98.4 million in revenue and \$5.6 million net income in the trailing 12-month period ended September 30, 2020.

On March 15, 2021, the Company, through one of its subsidiaries, DSS BioMedical International, Inc. entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with Vivacitas Oncology Inc. ("Vivacitas"), to purchase 500,000 shares of its common stock at the per share price of \$1.00, with an option to purchase 1,500,000 additional shares a the per share price of \$1.00. In addition, under the terms of the Agreement, the Company will be allocated two seats on the board of Vivacitas. On March 18, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement to with Alset EHome International, Inc. ("Seller") indirectly the Seller's wholly owned subsidiary Impact Oncology PTE Ltd. to effectively purchase ownership of 2,480,000 shares of common stock of Vivacitas for a purchase price \$2,480,000. This agreement includes an option to purchase an additional 250,000 shares of common stock. As a result of these two transactions, which were closed on March 21, 2021 and March 29, 2021, respectively, the Company owns approximate 10.2% equity position in Vivacitas.

Reporting Operationing Segments:

As we have reported above, we financially report business operating results on only four operating segments, which we believe will certainly increase and transition as the newer lines of business develop. However, the four business lines that we are reporting on in 2020 are as follows:

Premier Packaging - Operating under the name Premier Packaging Corporation (a New York corporation), produces custom consumer packaging serving clients in the pharmaceutical, nutraceutical, beverage, specialty foods, photo packaging, and direct marketing industries, among others. The group also provides active and intelligent packaging and document security printing services for end-user customers along with technical support for our technology licensees. The division produces a wide array of printed materials, such as folding cartons and paperboard packaging, security paper, vital records, prescription paper, birth certificates, receipts, identification materials, entertainment tickets, secure coupons, and parts tracking forms. The division also provides resources and production equipment for our ongoing research and development of security printing and related technologies.

Digital Group - This division researches, develops, markets, and sells worldwide the Company's digital products, including and primarily our AuthentiGuard® product, which is a brand authentication application and consumer engagement product that integrates the Company's counterfeit deterrent technologies with proprietary digital data security-based solutions. The AuthentiGuard® product allows our customers to implement a security mark utilizing conventional printing methods that is copy- and counterfeit-resistant and that can be read and recorded utilizing smartphones and other digital image capture devices, which can be utilized by that customer's suppliers, field personnel and customers throughout its global product supply and distribution chains.

IP Technology - Since its acquisition in 2013, DSS Technology Management Inc.'s primary mission has been to monetize its various patent portfolios through commercial litigation and licensing. Except for investment in its social networking related patents, we have historically partnered with various third-party funding groups in connection with patent monetization programs. As management announced in its 2019 shareholder meeting, management intended to deemphasize and ultimately wind down this business line. Management reported that while it would continue to assert and defend the existing patents and purse potential infringements as they are identified, it did not intend to seek out new patent portfolios. As the 2020 financial reporting confirms, management implemented that business plan IP is currently focused on managing two remaining patent portfolios.

Direct Marketing/Online Sales Group - Direct marketing or network marketing is designed to sell products or services directly to the public through independent distributors, rather than selling through the traditional retail channels. We believe this business has significant growth potential in the now popular "gig economy". Consistent with the Company's strategic business plan and vision, we have entered into the direct marketing or network marketing industry and plan to take advantage of the opportunities that exist in the industry. We are engaging in partnerships with existing direct marketing companies to access U.S., Canadian, Asian, and Pacific Rim markets. In addition, we have, and/or are acquiring various domestic and international operating licenses to further the growth of this division. But in addition, we have developed or procured product licenses, formulas, sales networks, patents, web sites, and other resources to help us accelerate our sales and revenue generation initiatives for this line, and we have launched our HWHGIG and HWH Marketplace direct selling platforms.

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2019-2020 Strategic Business Plan, and its 2021 Progression:

In November 2019, management announced that the Company's 2019-2020 strategic business plan was to revitalize the company by focusing on strengthening the organization by (i) exiting unprofitable business lines, (ii) investing in and reviving the Company's core businesses, (iii) improving top line revenues and net margins, (iv) controlling costs and (v) creating new long-term scalable, recurring revenue streams. To realize those goals, management announced that it would execute the strategic plan by:

EXITING UNPROFITABLE BUSINESS LINES:

In 2019, the Company had 4 business lines: Premier Packaging, Digital Group, the IP Technology, and DSS Plastics Printing. At that time, only the Premier Packaging division was generating reoccurring revenue and positive cash flow with annual revenues of \$13.5 million and a net EBIDA of approximately \$742,000. Conversely, the other 3 business units lost approximately \$1,348,000, with the IP Technology group accounting for \$475,000, and DSS Plastic Printing accounting for an additional \$294,000. To preserve capital and stop further cash drain, the decision was made to exit both business lines, whether by sale, wind down, closure, or by no longer pursuing business opportunities in this area.

WIND DOWN IP MONETIZATION PROGRAM:

Since entering the intellectual property monetization business in July 2013, we have invested substantial capital and resources into purchasing, maintaining, and enforcing our patents. We have also invested substantial resources in the research and development of internally generated intellectual property for our own use, and/or for potential profitable licensing opportunities.

However, the costs of funding a patent pool, including patent maintenance fees, litigation (costs for legal counsel, discovery, consultants, expert witnesses, and travel), and overhead costs associated with the IP business line, had placed a significant financial strain upon the Company. During 2019, our corporate cash burn exceeded approximately \$200,000 per month, primarily due to recurring costs related to the IP monetization line of business, which reduced resources for our other lines of business, as well as our own patent research and development projects. Further, because the related IP legal costs are expensed in the year incurred with no corresponding revenue generation, the financial impact to the Company caused us to routinely report negative operating income year over year. Moreover, as a result of the IP monetization line's high capital demand, the Company did not have the capital to initiate and sustain IP litigation against potential major infringers of DSS patents.

Further, as a result of several court decisions and statutory changes, the patent laws in the United States have changed significantly since our entry into this business. Consequently, the enforcement of patents has become more costly and more difficult for DSS and other patent holders, and the likelihood of successful litigation has significantly decreased. In addition, depending upon the type of IP involved and the parties who are the alleged patent infringers, the legal enforcement and recovery process can take five or more years before the matter goes to trial. For instance, the Apple litigation, which we have previously disclosed, and which is described in more detail herein, was initiated in September 2013 and was scheduled to go to trial in late February 2020; a period of approximately 6 ½ years.

As a result of the considerable financial, working capital, and resource allocation to the IP monetization program, we executed a critical review of the program. We examined all elements and factors related to the operations of this business line, including what we hold in inventory of patents, the potential of that patent portfolio, the timetables involved to monetize those patents, the cost of capital to maintain the patents to monetization, and the probability of successful monetization. As a result of that extensive review, we determined that it was in the best interest of DSS and its stockholders to de-emphasize and ultimately exit the IP monetization line of business.

In 2020, management discontinued making any further patent acquisitions in this business line, and, more importantly, was able to renegotiate all of its previous contracts with its lenders, attorneys, and other professionals to eliminate most, if not all, of the historical losses and cash burn from this division. We will continue to manage the existing patent portfolio and work to maximize those assets. After the conclusion of these pending matters, we intend to close this business line.

DIVESTING DSS PLASTICS:

In 2020, we also made the decision to divest the DSS Plastics Group. The DSS Plastics Group manufactured laminated and surface printed cards which included magnetic stripes, bar codes, holograms, signature panels, invisible ink, micro fine printing, biometric, radio frequency identification (RFID), and watermarks for printed plastic documents such as ID cards, event badges, and driver's licenses. As a result of continued historical downward trends of the plastic printing business, mostly due to deteriorating margins due to international competition primarily from China, and increasing operating costs of this San Francisco based company, long term major restructure changes and retooling had been planned to return the company to profitability. But the impact of COVID-19 pandemic and resulting economic shut-down had a major impact on revenues. The impact of Covid, coupled with the negative long-term trend of the plastic card industry being replaced by facial recognition, digital licenses, and identification by individual cell phones, forced us to expedite and ultimately divest the business in 2020

In August 2020, the Company sold the primary assets of DSS Plastics Group to a subsidiary of Bristol Graphics for \$683,000 at closing, and a contingency payment (earnout) of \$517,000 that may be earned over the following 12-month period, \$390,000 of which was recognized in 2020. The remaining asset and liability of this division is its lease space located in Brisbane, California. We are in the process of subleasing that facility and expect to consummate a transaction in the 2nd quarter which we expect will release the Company from that trailing lease liability, and thereafter expected final closure.

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REVIVING THE COMPANY'S CORE BUSINESSES:

In 2018, the Premier Packaging and the Digital Group collectively accounted for 78% of the Company's operating revenues. But while, the two business lines accounted for the lion's share of the Company's operating revenue, they were doing so on minimal marketing and operating budgets, and in the case of Premier Packaging, with aged and obsolete equipment with limited remaining life. Management reviewed the business lines of both Premier Packaging and the Digital Group and believed that the core business of each was sound, that DSS held a market niche and/or growth opportunity in each, and that long-term profitability could be achieved with additional investments and changes. In 2020, management made substantial adjustments to revive and improve the productivity and operating revenue of these two divisions.

In 2018, Premier Packaging and Digital collectively reported \$14,500,000 in operating revenue, \$12,957,000 and \$1,543,000 respectively, or approximately 78% of the company's operating revenue that year. In 2019, after initial revitalization efforts, operating revenues grew a combined 5%, and in 2020, after a reduction in sales to each of their two largest customers by 26%, the two divisions reported \$15.3 million in revenues, during a harsh pandemic impacted economic period.

SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCING CORPORATE OVERHEAD AND CASH BURN:

Since the spring of 2019, we have reduced the Company's monthly cash burn by eliminating non-essential layers of management and redundant operating expenses, as well as by renegotiating vendor contracts. The goal was, and is, to continue to reduce overhead operating costs, redundancy, improve operating efficiencies, and reduce cash burn through a continuing series of new management initiatives.

IMPLEMENTING BUSINESS DIVERSIFICATION INITIATIVES:

One of the most important initiatives of the 2019 strategic business plan was the goal, and commitment, to diversify the Company's operating revenue. Management believed it imperative to transition the Company's revenue into new business lines which generated scalable and reoccurring revenue, preferably in exponential and emerging growth business opportunities. To achieve this goal, management sought to acquire, to invest in, or to start-up new business lines that met this criterion. We also planned to add additional products to existing business lines so that existing operations could further transition more toward scalable reoccurring revenue streams.

Toward that initiative, in 2019 and continuing through 2020 the Company either acquired, invested in, or started-up new businesses in the biohealth, direct marketing, blockchain, and securities trading fields. In 2020, the Company made substantial investments in the following new business lines:

• DSS BIOHEALTH SECURITY, INC. This business line was intended to be principally involved in the bio-medical sector, including investing in companies that hold bio-medical intellectual property and/or have, or are securing, strategic alliances, partnerships, and distribution rights for bio-medical and security products, technologies, or enterprises. This new division was also organized to seek out investment and growth opportunities in on open-air defense initiatives that seek to curb transmission of airborne infectious diseases such as tuberculosis and influenza, among others, in open areas, and to seek investments in the oncological cures for various forms of cancer.

In 2019, the Company made a substantial commitment to this division by acquiring Impact BioMedical, Inc. in an approximate \$50 million all stock acquisition. The Impact Bio acquisition, which was rich with assets, has a foundation of products with international market opportunities and demand, and which can be structured into long- term scalable, reoccurring license revenue. By leveraging technology and new science with strategic partnerships, Impact BioMedical drives mission-oriented research, development, and commercialization of solutions for medical advances in human wellness and healthcare.

• DIRECT MARKETING/ONLINE SALES GROUP, The Direct Marketing / Online Sales industry was a market that we believed would help us diversify and meet our scalable reoccurring revenue target in an exponential growth industry with high profit margins. The direct marketing, network marketing, or online sales is designed to sell products or services directly to the public through independent distributors, rather than selling through the traditional retail market. We believed that with the transition of a significant sector of retail sales now converting to the now popular "gig economy", an investment in this business model would meet our strategic business plan objective and vision. We believed that we could profitably serve this market through lending opportunities, acquisition opportunities, and global partnership ventures.

this area was our \$8+ million investment into Sharing Services Global Corporation, located in Dallas, Texas, and the Company's start-up of HWH World, Inc. and its national and international sales network. Further, on March 1, 2021, Decentralized announced that a binding letter of intent had been executed in which it increased its investment in Sharing Services through a \$30 million convertible promissory note. The \$30 million is planned to exponentially increase Sharing Services sales channels, substantially expand its product portfolio, and to position Sharing Services to capitalize on consolidation and roll up opportunities.

- BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY, This corporate business line was organized in 2019 to specialize in the development of blockchain security technologies for tracking and tracing solutions for supply chain logistics and cyber security across global markets. While no significant acquisitions were made over the past 18 months, this business line is still deemed to be an important business line for our long-term diversification goals.
- SECURITIES AND FINTECH GROUP The Securities business line was be organized as part of the 2019 strategic business plan to establish or acquire investments in long-term growth and sustainable scalable reoccurring management fee income. The businesses that were to be targeted in this business plan included investments in alternative trading systems and related platforms, REITs, brokerage and other trading fund management platforms that would create recurring fee income.

FOR 2021:

Our business goal for 2021 is continue many of the 2019-2020 Strategic Goals, including to continue to grow the company with sound acquisitions, to develop and to grow Premier Packaging with major capital investments, and to place a heavy emphasis improving top line revenue and top line revenue diversification and profitability. But special attention, effort, and resources will be made to further the following 2021 business initiatives:

- · Continue to revitalize and grow Premier Packaging.
- · Make further investments in the Direct Securities and BioHealth groups in the form of growth and investments.
- Focused effort to double top line revenue and bottom- line profitability.

Our Core Products:

Packaging & Printing

Premier Packaging Corporation provides custom packaging services and serves clients in the pharmaceutical, nutraceutical, consumer goods, beverage, specialty foods, confections, photo packaging and direct marketing industries, among others. The group also provides active and intelligent packaging and document security printing services for end-user customers. In addition, the division produces a wide array of printed materials, such as folding cartons and paperboard packaging, security paper, vital records, prescription paper, birth certificates, receipts, identification materials, entertainment tickets, secure coupons and parts tracking forms. The division also provides resources and production equipment for our ongoing research and development of security printing, brand protection, consumer engagement and related technologies.

Technology, Counterfeit Prevention and Brand Services

The Digital Group specializes in counterfeit prevention, brand protection, consumer engagement technology development. Is products offer platforms for authentication and validation of authentic print media, consumer goods and negotiable instruments, including government-issued documents, retail and consumer packaging, labelling, and identification systems. We are a leader in the research and development of optical deterrent technologies and have commercialized these technologies with a suite of products that offer our customers an array of brand security solutions. In addition, we provide document security technology to security printers, corporations, consumer product companies and governments for protection of vital records, certifications, travel documents, consumer products, pharmaceutical packaging and school transcripts.

Our primary anti-counterfeiting products and technologies have evolved from a traditional analog product to a highly advanced digital system and are marketed under our AuthentiGuard® registered trademark. In October 2012, we introduced AuthentiGuard®, a smartphone application for authentication, targeted to major Fortune 500 companies worldwide. The application is a cloud-enabled solution that permits efficient and cost-effective counterfeit deterrence, authentication and consumer engagement. Our solutions leverage functional anti-counterfeiting features and cutting-edge technology to satisfy commercial and consumer product needs for branding, intelligent packaging, and marketing.

Since 2012, the AuthentiGuard® product has grown to annual sales of approximately \$1.5 million, and we project that over the next three years annual sales of AuthentiGuard® will increase by an annualized growth rate of approximately 17%. Today, our mission is to make world-class authentication, counterfeit prevention and consumer engagement technology that is assessable and scalable to an expanding customer base. We intend to bring our technology-laden packaging, labelling, and document solutions to a broader range of clients including small businesses, develop long-term relationships with those who use them and grow our business organically.

Direct Selling

Decentralized Sharing Systems, Inc. and its subsidiaries and partners, including Sharing Services Global Corporation provide an array of products and services, through an independent contractor network.

For example, Decentralized's wholly owned subsidiary, HWH World, Inc. promotes products and services that fulfill its corporate position of health, wealth, and happiness. The HWH Marketplace through its brands desires to help its customers become the healthiest, happiest versions of themselves. For the health component, the company offers herbal alternatives of nutraceutical, consumables and topicals, dietary supplements, beauty and skin care products, personal care, gut health products, aloe vera based supplements, and other wellness products. As to the wealth component, the company is developing educational tools to its users to better manage individual finances and savings programs to help its consumers find each consumer's individual financial goal. As to the happiness component, the company is working with other partners to either acquire or partner in products and/or services to allow its consumers to enjoy and healthy living, including a global travel membership network.

has several well-known and signature products, including its top product lines of "Happy Coffees" and "Nootropic Beverages". Elevacity also sells a "healthy shake", a "Keto Coffee Booster", "Energy Caps", "XanthoMax@ Happy Caps", "Wellness Vitamin Patches", various beauty and skin care products, and other wellness products.

Bio Health

BioHealth, through its subsidiary Impact Bio Medical, Inc. targets unmet, urgent medical needs and expands the borders of medical and pharmaceutical science. Impact drives mission-oriented research, development, and commercialization of solutions for medical advances in human wellness and healthcare. By leveraging technology and new science with strategic partnerships, Impact Bio provides advances in drug discovery for the prevention, inhibition, and treatment of neurological, oncology and immuno-related diseases. Other exciting technologies include a breakthrough alternative sugar aimed to combat diabetes and functional fragrance formulations aimed at the industrial and medical industry.

BioHealth and Impact Medical have several important and valuable products, technology or compounds that are in continuing development and/or licensing stages:

- LineBacker: A polyphenol compound that is believed to be successful in neurological and inflammatory disorders. LineBacker is a platform of small molecule X-bonded polyphenols. X-bonding is a molecular tuning technique that modifies a natural compound to induce potency, efficacy, bioavailability, and trans-membrane permeability while maintaining safety, toxicity, and tolerability. Natural polyphenols have demonstrated strong potential in treating and preventing a range of diseases by inhibiting TNF-α and indication specific causes (e.g. neurology, anti-inflammatory, oncology). Two novel discrete LineBacker molecules have been synthesized and characterized including in vitro efficacy testing, pharmacokinetics, and maximum tolerated dose in vivo.
- Equivir: A polyphenol compound that is believed to be successful in antiviral infection treatments. Equivir/Nemovir technology is a novel blend of FDA Generally Recognized as Safe (GRAS) eligible polyphenols (e.g., Myricetin, Hesperetin, Piperine) which have demonstrated antiviral effects with additional potential application as health supplements or medication. Polyphenols are sourced from fruits, vegetables, and other natural substances. Myricetin is a member of the flavonoid class of polyphenolic compounds with antioxidant properties. Hesperitin is a flavanone and Piperine is an alkaloid, commonly found in black pepper.
- Laetose: Laetose technology is derived from a unique combination of sugar and inositol, which demonstrates the ability to inhibit the inflammatory and metabolic response of sugar alone. A sugar alternative which is believed to lower human glycemic indexes and is believed to be a breakthrough alternative sugar aimed to combat diabetes. The use of Laetose in a daily diet, compared to sugar, could result in 30% lower sugar consumption and lower glycemic index/load.
- **3F**: A botanical compound believed to serve as an insect repellent and anti-microbial agent. 3F is a unique formulation of specialized ingredients (e.g. terpenes) from botanical sources with demonstrated effect as an insect repellent and an antimicrobial.
 - 3F Mosquito Repellent: 3F repellent contains botanical ingredients that mosquitos avoid. These ingredients are scientifically proven1 to affect the mosquito's receptors, essentially making the insect blind to a human's presence. This can be utilized as a stand-alone repellent or as an additive in detergents, lotions, shampoo, and other substances to provide mosquito protection.
 - 3F Antimicrobial: 3F antimicrobial contains botanical ingredients known to kill viruses. These ingredients are scientifically proven to
 inhibit viral replication. This can be utilized as a stand-alone antimicrobial or as an additive in detergents, lotions, shampoo, fabrics, and
 other substances.
- Therapix (license): BioHealth has a license for cannaniboid technology for neurological pain, sleep apnoea disorders with RX/OTC potential.
- Bio Med (license): A probiotic gut health product that helps to regulate many physiological functions, ranging from energy regulation and cognitive processes to toxin neutralization and immunity against pathogens.

 $The \ business \ model \ of \ BioHelath \ and \ Impact \ BioMedical \ revolves \ around \ two \ methodologies - Licensing \ and \ Sales \ Distribution.$

- 1) Impact develops valuable and unique patented technologies which will be licensed to pharmaceutical, large consumer package goods companies and venture capitalists in exchange for usage licensing and royalties.
- 2) Impact utilizes the DSS ecosystem to leverage its sister companies that have in place distribution networks on a global scale. Impact will engage in branded and private labelling of its products for sales generation through these channels. This global distribution model will give direct access to end users of Impact's nutraceutical and health related products.

Securities

Securities was established to develop and/or acquire assets in the securities trading or management arena, and to pursue, among other product and service lines, real estate investment funds, digital asset exchanges, security and utility tokens and other forms of crypto currency. This business sector has already started or made the following business lines and associated products and services:

- REIT Management Fund: In March 2020, DSS Securities formed AMRE ("American Medical REIT") and its management company AAMI
 ("AMRE Asset Management, Inc.) Through AAMI/AMRE, a medical real estate investment trust, fulfills community needs for quality healthcare
 facilities while enabling care providers to allocate their capital to growth and investment in their contemporary clinical and critical care
 businesses. Urban and suburban communities are in need of modern healthcare facilities that provide a range of medical outpatient services.
 The funds ultimate product is an investor opportunity in a managed medical real estate investment trust.
- Real Estate Title Services: Alset Title Company, Inc. provides buyers, sellers, and brokers alike confidence during big real estate transactions, not just in a transaction, but in the property itself. Through bundled services, Alset Title Company, Inc. provides it all from title searches and insurance to escrow agent assistance.
- Alternative Trading Systems: Currently in development to operate in the US vertical digital asset exchanges for securities, tokenized assets, utility tokens, stablecoins and cryptocurrency via a digital asset trading platform using blockchain technology.

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Intellectual Property

Patents

As it applies to our digital division's product line development, we have expended significant resources on research and development in an effort to become a market leader with the ability to provide our customers effective solutions against an ever-changing array of counterfeit risks. Our position in the security print market is based on our technologies and products. The Company recognized a credit in 2019 of approximately \$12,000 primarily due to receipt of a refund on development costs for the development of proprietary blockchain solutions for the Company's AuthentiGuard product line. In comparison, the Company spent approximately \$146,000 on research and development during 2018, primarily toward the development of the Company's AuthentiGuard product line.

Related to out Impact BioMedical Division we have key patents that we will use as the foundation for foster product development and licensing. We have 5 patents for some of our key products including Linebacker, Equivir/Nemovir, Laetose and 3F. Our intellectual property will enable us to be protected as we further these technologies and pave the road to commercialization.

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We own patents covering semiconductor, light emitting diode, anti-counterfeiting and document authentication, and wireless peripheral technologies, respectively. We also have several patent applications in process, including provisional and Patent Cooperation Treaty ("PCT") patent applications in various jurisdictions including the United States, Canada, and Europe. These applications cover our anti-counterfeiting technologies, including AuthentiGuard®, AuthentiGuard® Prism™, and AuthentiGuard® VeriGlow™, and several other anti-counterfeiting and authentication technologies in development. Our issued patents have remaining durations ranging from 1 to 16 years.

Trademarks

We several trademarks related to our Digital Group business. We have registered our "AuthentiGuard®" mark, as well as our "Survivor 21®" electronic check icon and "VeriGlow®" with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. A trademark application is pending in Canada for "AuthentiGuard." AuthentiGuard® is registered in several European countries including the United Kingdom. We have also applied to register AuthentiSite TM, AuthentiShare TM, AuthentiSuiteTM, AuthentiBlockTM, and AuthentiChainTM in the U.S.

Websites

The primary corporate website we maintain is www.dsssecure.com, which describes our Company, our history, our patented document security solutions, our major product offerings, and our targeted vertical markets across all of our business segments. In addition, we operate www.hwhmarketplace.com which is an online retail site that is centreed around our health and wellness nutraceutical products, www.impbio.com which is the primary site for our product information on that company. In addition to the active websites, the Company owns several other domain names reserved for future use or for strategic competitive reasons. Information on our websites or any other website does not constitute a part of this annual report.

Markets and Competition

As to the security printing business, the security print market is comprised of a few very large companies and an increasing number of small companies with specific technology niches. The expansion of this market is primarily due to the significant expansion of counterfeiting as advancing technologies in digital duplication and scanning combined with increasingly sophisticated design software has enabled easier reproduction of original documents, vital records and IDs, packaging, and labels. Our competitors include Standard Register Company, which specializes in printing security technologies for the check and forms and medical industries; and De La Rue Plc, that specializes in printing secure currency, tickets, labels, lottery tickets and vital records for governments and Fortune 500 companies. Large office equipment manufacturers, called OEMs, such as Sharp, Xerox Canon, Ricoh, Hewlett Packard and Eastman Kodak are developing "smart copier" technology that recognizes particular graphical images and produces warning words or distorted copies. Some of the OEMs are also developing user assigned and variable pantograph "hidden word" technologies in which users can assign a particular hidden word in copy, such as "void" that is displayed when a copy of such document is made. In addition, other competing hidden word technologies are being marketed by competitors such as NoCopi Technologies which sells and markets secure paper products, and Graphic Security Systems Corporation, which markets Scrambled Indicia.

Our packaging division competes with a significant number of national, regional and local companies, many of which are independent and privately-held. The largest competitors in this market are primarily focused on the long-run print order market. They include large integrated paper companies such as West Rock Company, Caraustar Industries, Inc., Graphic Packaging Holding Company and Mead Westvaco. Our printing division competes primarily with locally-based printing companies in the Rochester and Western New York markets. Most of our competitors in these markets are privately-held, single location operations.

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As to our Digital Group, our technology division also faces competition in the area of patent acquisitions and enforcement. Entities such as Acacia, RPX, AST, Intellectual Ventures, Wi-LAN, MOSAID, Round Rock Research LLC, IPvalue Management Inc., Vringo Inc. and Pendrell Corporation compete in acquiring rights to patents and product authentication from companies like Authentix, Opsec, and Alpvision that have similar technology to help protect against fraud and authenticate consumer packaged goods.

As to the Direct Marketing Group, the network marketing or direct marketing industry is a very competitive marketplace. While not directly competing with HWH and SHRG, the following companies are significant players in the global network marketing business and as a result an indirect competitor of HWH and SHRG: Amay, Avon, Herbalife, Natura, Vorwerk, Mary Kay, Infinitus, Perfect, Forever Living, Nu Skin, Young Living, and New Era, among others.

Customers

During 2020, two customers accounted for 38% of our consolidated revenue. As of December 31, 2020, these two customers accounted for 60% of our consolidated trade accounts receivable balance. As of December 31, 2019, these two customers accounted for 45% of our consolidated revenue and 48% of the Company's consolidated trade accounts receivable balance. This customer diversification improvement was driven by addition of several new customers to our overall customer base.

Raw Materials

As to the packaging business, the primary raw materials the Company uses in its businesses are paper, paperboard, corrugated board and ink. The

Company negotiates with leading suppliers to maximize its purchasing efficiencies and uses a wide variety of paper grades, formats, ink formulations and colors. Paper and paperboard prices continued to increase in 2020, and we believe increases in future years are expected. Except for certain packaging customers where the Company enters into annual contracts, for which changes in paperboard pricing is absorbed by the Company, the Company has historically passed substantially all increases and decreases to its customers, although there can be no assurances that the Company will continue to do so in the future.

Environmental Compliance

It is the Company's policy to conduct its operations in accordance with all applicable laws, regulations and other requirements. While it is not possible to quantify with certainty the potential impact of actions regarding environmental matters, particularly remediation and other compliance efforts that the Company may undertake in the future, in the opinion of management, compliance with the present environmental protection laws, before taking into account estimated recoveries from third parties, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated annual results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

Government Regulation

We play an active role with the Document Security Alliance group, as one of our research and development management members sits on various committees of that group and has been involved in design recommendations for important U.S. documents. This group of security industry specialists was formed by the U.S. Secret Service to evaluate and recommend security solutions to the federal government for the protection of credentials and vital records.

Our patent monetization business is also faced with potential government regulations. If new legislation, regulations or rules are implemented either by Congress, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (the "USPTO"), or the courts that impact the patent application process, the patent enforcement process or the rights of patent holders, these changes could negatively affect our patent monetization efforts and, in turn, our assets, expenses and revenue. United States patent laws have been amended by the Leahy-Smith America Invents Act. The America Invents Act includes several significant changes to U.S. patent law. In general, the legislation attempts to address issues surrounding the enforceability of patents and the increase in patent litigation by, among other things, establishing new procedures for patent litigation. For example, the America Invents Act changes the way that parties may be joined in patent infringement actions, increasing the likelihood that such actions will need to be brought against individual parties allegedly infringing by their respective individual actions or activities. In addition, the U.S. Department of Justice ("DOJ") has conducted reviews of the patent system to evaluate the impact of patent assertion entities, such as our Company, on industries in which those patents relate. It is possible that the findings and recommendations of the DOJ could adversely impact our ability to effectively license and enforce standards-essential patents and could increase the uncertainties and costs surrounding the enforcement of any such patented technologies.

Moreover, new rules regarding the burden of proof in patent enforcement actions could significantly increase the cost of our enforcement actions, and new standards or limitations on liability for patent infringement could negatively impact our revenue derived from such enforcement actions.

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Corporate History

The Company was incorporated in 1984 and changed its name to Document Security Systems, Inc. in 2002. See, the "Overview" section above for further details about our acquisitions.

Employees

As of March 26, 2021, all of the Company's 93 employees were full time. It is important that we continue to retain and attract qualified management and technical personnel. Our employees are not covered by any collective bargaining agreement, and we believe that our relations with our employees are generally good.

Available information

Our website address is <u>www.dsssecure.com</u>. Information on our website is not incorporated herein by reference. We make available free of charge through our website our press releases, Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and all amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

ITEM 1A - RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock involves risk. Before deciding whether to invest in our common stock, you should consider carefully the risks and uncertainties described below. There may be other unknown or unpredictable economic, business, competitive, regulatory or other factors that could have material adverse effects on our future results. If any of these risks actually occur, our business, business prospects, financial condition or results of operations could be seriously harmed. This could cause the trading price of our common stock to decline, resulting in a loss of all or part of your investment. Please also read carefully the section contained in Part II, Item 7, below, entitled "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

We have identified the following risks and uncertainties that may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations in the future. Additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently believe are immaterial may also significantly impair our business operations. If any of these risks occur, our business, results of operations or financial condition could suffer, the market price of our common stock could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment in our common stock.

Financial Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic.

The COVID-19 pandemic has created global economic turmoil and has potentially permanently impacted how many businesses operate and how individuals will socialize and shop in the future. The Company continues to feel the effect of the COVID-19 business shutdowns and consumer stay-at-home protections. But the effect of the economic shutdown has impacted our business lines differently, some more severely than others. In most cases we believe the negative economic trends and reduced sales will recover over time. However, management determined that one of its business lines, DSS Plastics, had been more severely impacted by the pandemic than our other divisions and we did not believe this was a short-term phenomenon. As a result, management decided to fully impair its goodwill related to DSS Plastics. The impact to DSS's 2020 first quarter earnings of this impairment was approximately \$685,000.

The value of our intangible assets and investments may not be equal to their carrying values .

As of December 31, 2020, we had approximately \$23.4 million of net intangible assets. Approximately \$22.3 million is associated with the acquisition of Impact Biomedical, Inc. The Company has completed valuations for certain developed technology assets acquired in the transaction as well the non-controlling interest portion of Impact BioMedical, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Approximately \$267,000 of this amount are intangible assets which derive their value from patents or patent rights. If licensing efforts and litigation are not successful, the values of these assets could be reduced. We are required to evaluate the carrying value of such intangibles and goodwill and the fair value of investments whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an intangible asset, including goodwill, and investment may not be recoverable. If any of our intangible assets, goodwill or investments are deemed to be impaired then it will result in a significant reduction of the operating results in such period. As noted above, management has determined that the goodwill of DSS Plastics has been permanently and materially impaired due to the global pandemic and other market factors.

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We have secured indebtedness, and a potential risk exists that we may be unable to satisfy our obligations to pay interest and principal thereon when due or negotiate acceptable extensions or settlements.

We have outstanding indebtedness (described below), most of which is secured by assets of various DSS subsidiaries and guaranteed by the Company. Given our history of operating losses and our cash position, there is a risk that we may not be able to repay indebtedness when due. If we were to default on any of our other indebtedness that require payments of cash to settle such default and we do not receive an extension or a waiver from the creditor were to foreclose on the secured assets, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

As of December 31, 2020, we had the following significant amounts of outstanding indebtedness:

- \$1,100,000 due under a promissory note with Citizens Bank used to purchase our packaging division facility. We are required to pay monthly
 instalments of \$7,000 with interest fixed at 4.22% until June 2029, at which time a balloon payment of the remaining principal balance will be
 due. The promissory note is secured by a first mortgage on our packaging division facility.
- \$900,000 in a term note non-revolving line of credit with Citizens Bank used by Premier Packaging Corporation to purchase equipment. Effective on the Conversion Date, the interest shall be adjusted to a fixed rate equal to 2% above the bank's cost of funds, as determined by Citizens. The note had no borrowings against it as of December 31, 2020.
- \$771,000 in a term note non-revolving line of credit with Citizens Bank used by Premier Packaging Corporation to purchase equipment. The note is amortized over a 48-month period and payable in monthly instalments of \$13,000. Interest accrues at 1 Month LIBOR plus 2.00%.
- \$800,000 revolving credit line with Citizens Bank by Premier Packaging payable in monthly instalments of interest only. The revolving credit line bears interest at 1 Month LIBOR plus 2.0% and had no borrowings against it at as of December 31, 2020.
- \$200,000 unsecured promissory note between AMRE and LiquidValue Asset Management Pte Ltd. The note calls for interest to be paid annually on March 2 with interest fixed at 8.0% and matures on March 2, 2022. The holder is a related party owned by the Chairman of the Company's board of directors.
- \$115,000 under the Paycheck Protection Program, which was established as part of CARES Act, and provides for loans to qualifying businesses for amounts up to 2.5 times of the average monthly payroll expenses of the qualifying business. As of December 31, 2020, pursuant to the terms of the SBA PPP program, the Company submitted an application for AAMI for a requested 100% loan forgiveness. In January 2021, AAMI received notification that the loan was forgiven under the guidelines of the CARES Act.

The Citizens credit facilities for the Company's subsidiary, Premier Packaging, contain various covenants including fixed charge coverage ratio, tangible net worth and current ratio covenants which are tested annually as of December 31. For the year ended December 31, 2020, Premier Packaging was in compliance with the annual covenants.

A significant amount of our revenue is derived by two customers.

During 2020, two customers accounted for approximately 38% of our consolidated revenue. As of December 31, 2020, these two customers accounted for 60% of our trade accounts receivable balance. During 2019, these two customers accounted for approximately 45% of our consolidated revenue. As of December 31, 2019, these two customers accounted for 49% of our trade accounts receivable balance. If we were to lose these customers or if the amount of business we do with these two customers declines significantly, our business would be adversely affected.

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We may face intellectual property infringement or other claims against us, our customers or our intellectual property that could be costly to defend and result in our loss of significant rights.

Although we have received patents with respect to certain of our core business technologies, there can be no assurance that these patents will afford us any meaningful protection. Although we believe that our use of the technology and products we have developed, and other trade secrets used in our operations do not infringe upon the rights of others, our use of the technology and trade secrets we developed may infringe upon the patents or intellectual property rights of others. In the event of infringement, we could, under certain circumstances, be required to obtain a license or modify aspects of the technology and trade secrets we developed or refrain from using the same. We may not be able to successfully terminate any infringement in a timely manner, upon acceptable terms and conditions or at all. Failure to do any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our operations and our financial condition. Moreover, if the patents, technology or trade secrets we developed or use in our business are deemed to infringe upon the rights of others, we could, under certain circumstances, become liable for damages, which could have a material adverse effect on our operations and our financial condition. As we continue to market our products, we could encounter patent barriers that are not known today. A patent search may not disclose all related applications that are currently pending in the United States Patent Office, and there may be one or more such pending applications that would take precedence over any or all of our applications.

Furthermore, third parties may assert that our intellectual property rights are invalid, which could result in significant expenditures by us to refute such assertions. If we become involved in litigation, we could lose our proprietary rights, be subject to damages and incur substantial unexpected operating expenses. Intellectual property litigation is expensive and time-consuming, even if the claims are subsequently proven unfounded, and could divert management's attention from our business. If there is a successful claim of infringement, we may not be able to develop non-infringing technology or enter into royalty or license agreements on acceptable terms, if at all. If we are unsuccessful in defending claims that our intellectual property rights are invalid, we may not be able to enter into royalty or license agreements on acceptable terms, if at all. Moreover, if we are unsuccessful in our pending patent infringement litigation, we could lose certain patents that have been collateralized by third party funding partners. This could prohibit us from providing our products and services to customers, which could have a material adverse effect on our operations and our financial condition.

Certain of our recently developed products are not yet commercially accepted and there can be no assurance that those products will be accepted, which would adversely affect our financial results.

Over the past several years, we have spent significant funds and time to create or acquire new products by applying our technologies onto media other than paper, including plastic and cardboard packaging, and delivery of our technologies digitally. We've also acquired several patents in the bio-health field through our acquisition if Impact Biomedical, Inc. Our business plan includes plans to incur significant marketing, intellectual property development and sales costs for these newer products, particularly the bio-health related products. If we are not able to develop and sell these new products, our financial results will be adversely affected.

The results of our research and development efforts are uncertain and there can be no assurance of the commercial success of our products.

We believe that we will need to continue to incur research and development expenditures to remain competitive. The products we are currently developing or may develop in the future may not be technologically successful. In addition, the length of our product development cycle may be greater than we originally expected, and we may experience delays in future product development. If our resulting products are not technologically successful, they may not achieve market acceptance or compete effectively with our competitors' products.

Changes in document security technology and standards could render our applications and services obsolete.

The market for document security products, applications, and services is fast moving and evolving. Identification and authentication technology is constantly changing as we and our competitors introduce new products, applications, and services, and retire old ones as customer requirements quickly develop and change. In addition, the standards for document security are continuing to evolve. If any segments of our market adopt technologies or standards that are inconsistent with our applications and technology, sales to that market segments could decline, which could have a material adverse effect on our operations and our financial condition.

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The markets in which we operate is highly competitive, and we may not be able to compete effectively, especially against established industry competitors with greater market presence and financial resources.

Our markets are highly competitive and characterized by rapid technological change and product innovations. Our competitors may have advantages over us because of their longer operating histories, more established products, greater name recognition, larger customer bases, and greater financial, technical and marketing resources. As a result, they may be able to adapt more quickly to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements and devote greater resources to the promotion and sale of their products. Competition may also force us to decrease the price of our products and services. We cannot assure you that we will be successful in developing and introducing new technology on a timely basis, new products with enhanced features, or that these products, if introduced, will enable us to establish selling prices and gross margins at profitable levels.

If we are unable to respond to regulatory or industry standards effectively, our growth and development could be delayed or limited.

Our future success will depend in part on our ability to enhance and improve the functionality and features of our products and services in accordance with regulatory or industry standards. Our ability to compete effectively will depend in part on our ability to influence and respond to emerging industry governmental standards in a timely and cost-effective manner. If we are unable to influence these or other standards or respond to these or other standards effectively, our growth and development of various products and services could be delayed or limited.

Breaches in security, whether cyber or physical, and other disruptions and/or our inability to prevent or respond to such breeches, could diminish our ability to generate revenues or contain costs, compromise our assets, and negatively impact our business in other ways.

We face certain security threats, including threats to our information technology infrastructure, attempts to gain access to our proprietary or classified information, and threats to physical and cyber security. Our information technology networks and related systems are critical to the operation of our business and essential to our ability to successfully perform day-to-day operations. The risks of a security breach, cyber-attack, cyber intrusion, or disruption, particularly through actions taken by computer hackers, foreign governments and cyber terrorists, have increased as the number, intensity and sophistication of attempted attacks and intrusions from around the world have increased. Although we have acquired and developed systems and processes designed to protect our proprietary and/or classified information, they may not be sufficient and the failure to prevent these types of events could disrupt our operations, require significant management attention and resources, and could negatively impact our reputation among our customers and the public, which could have a negative impact on our financial condition, and weaken our results of operations and liquidity.

Our operations in Asia are subject to unique risks and uncertainties, including tariffs and trade restrictions.

Our operating facility in Asia, in addition to our investment in Alset International Limited, presents risks including, but not limited to, changes in share price of investments, changes in local regulatory requirements, changes in labor laws, local wage laws, environmental regulations, taxes and operating licenses, compliance with U.S. regulatory requirements, including the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, uncertainties as to application and interpretation of local laws and enforcement of contract and intellectual property rights, currency restrictions, currency exchange controls, fluctuations of currency, and currency revaluations, eminent domain claims, civil unrest, power outages, water shortages, labor shortages, labor disputes, increase in labor costs, rapid changes in government, economic and political policies, political or civil unrest, acts of terrorism, or the threat of boycotts, other civil disturbances and the possible impact of the imposition of tariffs as a result of the tariff dispute between the U.S. and China as well as any retaliating trade policies or restrictions. Any such disruptions could depress our earnings and have other material adverse effects on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

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Future growth in our business could make it difficult to manage our resources.

Future business expansion could place a significant strain on our management, administrative and financial resources. Significant growth in our business may require us to implement additional operating, product development and financial controls, improve coordination among marketing, product development and finance functions, increase capital expenditures and hire additional personnel. There can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully manage any substantial expansion of our business, including attracting and retaining qualified personnel. Any failure to properly manage our future growth could negatively

impact our business and operating results.

If we fail to retain certain of our key personnel and attract and retain additional qualified personnel, we might not be able to remain competitive, continue to expand our technology or pursue growth.

Our future success depends upon the continued service of certain of our executive officers and other key sales and research personnel who possess longstanding industry relationships and technical knowledge of our products and operations. Although we believe that our relationship with these individuals is positive, there can be no assurance that the services of these individuals will continue to be available to us in the future. There can be no assurance that these persons will agree to continue to be employed by us after the expiration dates of their current contracts.

We have identified weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting structure; any material weaknesses may cause errors in our financial statements that could require restatements of our financial statements and investors may lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could lead to a decline in our stock price.

Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires us to evaluate the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of the end of each year, and to include a management report assessing the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting in each Annual Report on Form 10-K. We have had previously identified weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting following management's annual assessment of internal controls over financial reporting and, as a result of that assessment, management had concluded our controls associated may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

We do not intend to pay cash dividends.

We do not intend to declare or pay cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. We anticipate that we will retain any earnings and other cash resources for investment in our business. The payment of dividends on our common stock is subject to the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our operations, financial position, financial requirements, general business conditions, restrictions imposed by financing arrangements, if any, legal restrictions on the payment of dividends and other factors that our board of directors deems relevant.

We may seek to develop additional new inventions and intellectual property, which would take time and would be costly. Moreover, the failure to obtain or maintain intellectual property rights for such inventions would lead to the loss of our investments in such activities.

Part of our business may include the development of new inventions and intellectual property that we would seek to monetize. However, this aspect of our business would likely require significant capital and would take time to achieve. Such activities could also distract our management team from our present business initiatives, which could have a material and adverse effect on our business. There is also the risk that these initiatives would not yield any viable new inventions or technology, which would lead to a loss our investments in time and resources in such activities.

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In addition, even if we are able to develop new inventions, in order for those inventions to be viable and to compete effectively, we would need to develop and maintain, and we would heavily rely on, a proprietary position with respect to such inventions and intellectual property. However, there are significant risks associated with any such intellectual property we may develop principally including the following:

- · patent applications we may file may not result in issued patents or may take longer than we expect to result in issued patents;
- · we may be subject to interference proceedings;
- · we may be subject to opposition proceedings in the U.S. or foreign countries;
- any patents that are issued to us may not provide meaningful protection;
- we may not be able to develop additional proprietary technologies that are patentable;
- · other companies may challenge patents issued to us;
- other companies may design around technologies we have developed; and
- enforcement of our patents may be complex, uncertain and very expensive.

We cannot be certain that patents will be issued as a result of any future applications, or that any of our patents, once issued, will provide us with adequate protection from competing products. For example, issued patents may be circumvented or challenged, declared invalid or unenforceable, or narrowed in scope. In addition, since publication of discoveries in scientific or patent literature often lags behind actual discoveries, we cannot be certain that it will be the first to make our additional new inventions or to file patent applications covering those inventions. It is also possible that others may have or may obtain issued patents that could prevent us from commercializing our products or require us to obtain licenses requiring the payment of significant fees or royalties in order to enable us to conduct our business. As to those patents that we may license or otherwise monetize, our rights will depend on maintaining our obligations to the licensor under the applicable license agreement, and we may be unable to do so. Our failure to obtain or maintain intellectual property rights for our inventions would lead to the loss of our investments in such activities, which would have a material and adverse effect on our business.

Moreover, patent application delays could cause delays in recognizing revenue from our internally generated patents and could cause us to miss opportunities to license patents before other competing technologies are developed or introduced into the market.

Changes in the laws and regulations to which we are subject may increase our costs.

We are subject to numerous laws and regulations, including, but not limited to, environmental and health and welfare benefit regulations, as well as those associated with being a public company. These rules and regulations may be changed by local, state, provincial, national or foreign governments or agencies.

Such changes may result in significant increases in our compliance costs. Compliance with changes in rules and regulations could require increases to our workforce, and could result in increased costs for services, compensation and benefits, and investment in new or upgraded equipment.

Declines in general economic conditions or acts of war and terrorism may adversely impact our business.

Demand for printing services is typically correlated with general economic conditions. The prolonged decline in United States economic conditions associated with the great recession adversely impacted our business and results of operations and may do so again. The overall business climate of our industry may also be impacted by domestic and foreign wars or acts of terrorism, which events may have sudden and unpredictable adverse impacts on demand for our products and services.

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If we fail to comply with the continued listing standards of the NYSE American LLC Exchange, it may result in a delisting of our common stock from the exchange.

Our common stock is currently listed for trading on the NYSE American LLC Exchange ("NYSE American"), and the continued listing of our common stock on the NYSE American is subject to our compliance with a number of listing standards.

If our common stock were no longer listed on the NYSE American, investors might only be able to trade our shares on the OTC Bulletin Board ® or in the Pink Sheets ® (a quotation medium operated by Pink Sheets LLC). This would impair the liquidity of our common stock not only in the number of shares that could be bought and sold at a given price, which might be depressed by the relative illiquidity, but also through delays in the timing of transactions and reduction in media coverage.

If we are delisted from the NYSE American, your ability to sell your shares of our common stock may be limited by the penny stock restrictions, which could further limit the marketability of your shares.

If our common stock is delisted from the NYSE American, it could come within the definition of a "penny stock" as defined in the Exchange Act and could be covered by Rule 15g-9 of the Exchange Act. That rule imposes additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors. For transactions covered by Rule 15g-9, the broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to the transaction prior to the sale. Consequently, Rule 15g-9, if it were to become applicable, would affect the ability or willingness of broker-dealers to sell our securities, and accordingly would affect the ability of stockholders to sell their securities in the public market. These additional procedures could also limit our ability to raise additional capital in the future.

If our common stock is not listed on a national securities exchange, compliance with applicable state securities laws may be required for certain offers, transfers and sales of the shares of our common stock.

Because our common stock is listed on the NYSE American, we are not required to register or qualify in any state the offer, transfer or sale of the common stock. If our common stock is delisted from the NYSE American and is not eligible to be listed on another national securities exchange, sales of stock pursuant to the exercise of warrants and transfers of the shares of our common stock sold by us in private placements to U.S. holders may not be exempt from state securities laws. In such event, it will be the responsibility of us in the case of warrant exercises or the holder of privately placed shares to register or qualify the shares for any offer, transfer or sale in the United States or to determine that any such offer, transfer or sale is exempt under applicable state securities laws.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, or if they change their recommendations regarding our stock adversely, our stock price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our common stock will be influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts publish about us or our business. Our research coverage by industry and financial analysts is currently limited. Even if our analyst coverage increases, if one or more of the analysts who cover us downgrade our stock, our stock price would likely decline. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of our company or fail to regularly publish reports on us, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which in turn could cause our stock price or trading volume to decline.

Because certain of our stockholders control a significant number of shares of our common stock, they may have effective control over actions requiring stockholder approval.

As of March 16, 2021, our directors, executive officers and principal stockholders (those beneficially owning in excess of 5%), and their respective affiliates, beneficially own approximately 32.2% of our outstanding shares of common stock. As a result, these stockholders, acting together, could have the ability to control the outcome of matters submitted to our stockholders for approval, including the election of directors and any merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of our assets. As such, these stockholders, acting together, could have the ability to exert influence over the management and affairs of our company. Accordingly, this concentration of ownership might harm the market price of our common stock by: • delaying, deferring or preventing a change in corporate control; • impeding a merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination involving us; or • discouraging a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us.

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Additional financing or future equity issuances may result in future dilution to our shareholders.

We expect that we will need to raise additional funds in the future to finance our internal growth, our merger and acquisition plans, investment activities, continued research and product development, and for other reasons. Any required additional financing may not be available on terms acceptable to us, or at all. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, you may experience significant dilution of your ownership interest and the newly issued securities may have rights senior to those of the holders of our common stock. The price per share at which we sell additional securities in future transactions may be higher or lower than the price per share in this offering. Alternatively, if we raise additional funds by obtaining loans from third parties, the terms of those financing arrangements may include negative covenants or other restrictions on our business that could impair our operational flexibility and would also require us to fund additional interest expense. If adequate additional financing is not available when required or is not available on acceptable terms, we may be unable to successfully execute our business plan.

ITEM 1B - UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2 - PROPERTIES

Our corporate group and digital division together occupy approximately 2,500 square feet of commercial office space located at 200 Canal View Boulevard, Rochester, New York under a lease that is on a month-to-month basis, at a rental rate of approximately \$2,900 per month. Our DSS Asia division leases commercial office space in Hong Kong under a lease that expires September 30, 2021 for approximately \$2,834 per month. Our Multilevel Marketing or Direct Selling division leases commercial office space in Irving, Texas under a lease that expires January 1, 2022 for approximately \$12,000 per month. In addition, the Company owns a 40,000 square foot packaging and printing plant in Victor, New York, a suburb of Rochester, New York. We believe that our facilities are adequate for our current operations. We also lease approximately 15,000 square feet of production space in Brisbane, CA under a lease that expires January 31, 2024 for approximately \$19,422 per month. In March 2021, the Company leased approximately 1,848 sq. ft. in Houston, Texas at 1400 Broadfield Blvd., Suite 100, for corporate offices and subsidiary expansion.

ITEM 3 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As disclosed in Note 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company is engaged in certain legal matters, and the disclosure set forth in Note 15 relating to certain legal matters is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 4 - MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

Part II

ITEM 5 - MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market Information

Our common stock is listed on the NYSE American LLC Exchange, where it trades under the symbol "DSS".

Holders of Record

As of March 16, 2021, we had 252 record holders of our common stock. This number does not include the number of persons whose shares are in nominee or in "street name" accounts through brokers.

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Dividends

We did not pay dividends during 2020 or 2019. We anticipate that we will retain any earnings and other cash resources for investment in our business. The payment of dividends on our common stock is subject to the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our operations, financial position, financial requirements, general business conditions, restrictions imposed by financing arrangements, if any, legal restrictions on the payment of dividends and other factors that our board of directors deems relevant.

However, the Company has announced its decision to issue shares of Impact BioMedical, Inc. to its shareholders of record at a to be determined record date that will correspond with the registration of Impact BioMedical's common stock. The Company announced that it intended to issue four (4) shares of Impact BioMedical stock for each share of DSS common stock held by DSS shareholders (with the exception of shares beneficially held by Alset International Ltd).

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

As of December 31, 2020, securities issued and securities available for future issuance under both our 2013 and 2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plans") is as follows:

	Restricted stock to be issued upon vesting	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	exer or optic	phted average rcise price of utstanding ons, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance (under equity compensation Plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a & b))
Plan Category	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders					
2013 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity					
Incentive Plan - options	-	19,261	\$	150.44	-
0010 Feedless - Disease and Oseas Heat Feetles					
2013 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan - warrants	_	36,514	\$	33.92	-
2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity		00,011	Ψ	00.02	
Incentive Plan	-	-	\$	-	191,314

Total - 55,775 \$ 74.16 191,314

The warrants listed in the table above were issued to third party service providers in partial or full payment for services rendered and in conjunction with third party funding agreements.

Recent Issuances of Unregistered Securities

Information regarding any equity securities we have sold during the period covered by this Report that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and was not included in a quarterly report on Form 10-Q or in a current report on Form 8-K, is set forth below. Each such transaction was exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act by virtue of Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated by the SEC, unless otherwise noted. Unless stated otherwise: (i) the securities were offered and sold only to accredited investors; (ii) there was no general solicitation or general advertising related to the offerings; (iii) each of the persons who received these unregistered securities had knowledge and experience in financial and business matters which allowed them to evaluate the merits and risk of the receipt of these securities, and that they were knowledgeable about our operations and financial condition; (iv) no underwriter participated in, nor did we pay any commissions or fees to any underwriter in connection with the transactions; and, (v) each certificate issued for these unregistered securities contained a legend stating that the securities have not been registered under the Securities Act and setting forth the restrictions on the transferability and the sale of the securities.

Shares Repurchased by the Registrant

We did not purchase or repurchase any of our securities in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, including the fourth quarter.

ITEM 6 - SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Not applicable.

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ITEM 7 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

The SEC encourages companies to disclose forward-looking information so that investors can better understand a company's future prospects and make informed investment decisions.

Forward-looking statements that may appear in this Annual Report, including without limitation, statements related to the Company's plans, strategies, objectives, expectations, intentions, and adequacy of resources, are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act and contain the words "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "plans," "intends" and similar words and phrases. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results projected in any forward-looking statement. The forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this Annual Report, and we assume no obligation to update the forward-looking statements, or to update the reasons why actual results could differ from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Investors should consult all the information set forth in this Annual Report and the other information set forth from time to time in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including our reports on Forms 10-Q and 8-K.

The following discussion and analysis provides information that our management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of our results of operations and financial condition. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and footnotes included in Item 8 of this Annual Report.

Overview

Document Security Systems, Inc. (together with its consolidated subsidiaries (unless the context otherwise requires), referred to herein as "Document Security Systems," "DSS," "we," "us," "our" or the "Company") was formed in New York in 1984 and, in 2002, chose to strategically focus on becoming a developer and marketer of secure document and product technologies. At the time, we specialize in creating dynamic solutions that protect against fraud and ensure the well-being of consumers worldwide. Our mission was to make and deliver world-class authentication, counterfeit prevention and consumer engagement technology attainable and integrated into every product we offerred. The Company holds numerous patents for optical deterrent and authentication technologies that provide protection of printed information from unauthorized alterations, scanning and copying. We also license our anti-counterfeiting technologies to printers and brand-owners. In addition, through our digital division, we provide cloud computing services for our customers, including disaster recovery, back-up and data security services.

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Prior to 2006, our primary revenue source in our document security division was derived from the licensing of our technology. In 2006, we began a series of acquisitions designed to expand our ability to produce products for end-user customers. In 2006, we acquired Plastic Printing Professionals, Inc., a privately held plastic cards manufacturer located in the San Francisco, California, area (referred to herein as the "DSS Plastics Group"). This was sold in August 2020. In 2008, we acquired DPI of Rochester, LLC, a privately held commercial printer located in Rochester, New York. In 2010, we acquired Premier Packaging Corporation, a privately held packaging company located in Victor, New York (referred to herein as the "DSS Packaging and Printing Group"). In May 2011, we acquired ExtraDev, Inc., a privately held information technology and cloud computing company located in Rochester, New York. In 2016, ExtraDev, Inc. changed its name to DSS Digital Inc. DSS Digital Inc. is also referred to herein as the "DSS Digital Group."

In July 2013, the Company expanded its business focus by acquiring Lexington Technology Group, Inc. ("Lexington"), a private intellectual property monetization company. Lexington's business was primarily to acquire intellectual property assets for the purpose or monetizing these assets through a variety of value-enhancing initiatives, including, but not limited to, investments in the development and commercialization of patented technologies, licensing, strategic partnerships and litigation. DSS Technology Management, Inc., which is also referred to herein as "DSS Technology Management," was established as a DSS subsidiary to house, account for and further develop this line of business. While similar to Lexington's business model, DSS Technology Management focuses on extracting the economic benefits of intellectual property assets through acquiring or internally developing patents or other intellectual property assets (or

interests therein) and then monetizing such assets through a variety of value enhancing initiatives. However, the Company, as we elaborate below, has determined that it is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders to wind down our intellectual property monetization business and refocus our efforts on our other existing businesses as well as explore potential new business lines

In January 2018, we commenced international operations for our Digital Group with its wholly owned subsidiary, DSS Asia Limited, in our office in Hong Kong. In December 2018, this division acquired a license from Guangzhou Hotapps Technology Ltd, a Chinese company enabling us to do business in China.

In 2019, the Company's Board of Directors decided to restructure and reorganize the Company. At that time, the Company operated four (4) business lines: IP Technology, Premier Packaging, DSS Plastics, and Digital. But due in part to the declining revenue and historic business losses of the Company, the Board set forth a new vision for the Company and instructed management to develop new business models and business lines that would create long term shareholder value through asset growth and revenue growth. The Board was no longer content to wait for results of IP monetization litigation to determine the financial fate of the Company; it sought immediate change. It mandated that a new business model be designed for the Company in which the Company could directly control and manage its outcome daily. The Board insisted upon a three-year business plan to turn to Company profitable. Toward that vision and goal, the Board selected and appointed a new management team, and the management team set about restructuring the Company's businesses, business models and defining long-term business goals.

In November 2019, the new executive management announced that the Company's 2019-2020 strategic business plan to carry out the Board's directive. The business plan provided five (5) fundamental building blocks to revitalize the company by (i) strengthening the organization by exiting unprofitable business lines, (ii) investing in and reviving the Company's core businesses, (iii) improving top line revenues and net margins, (iv) controlling costs and (v) creating or acquiring new long-term scalable, recurring revenue streams. As part of the implementation of that plan, management discontinue operations of unprofitable business lines and reducing capital and cash burn. But in addition, the Company identified six (6) new business lines that it wanted to advance. In addition to the existing Premier Packaging group, Digital Group and IP Technology, the Company created the following new business lines:

- 1. Direct Marketing/Online Sales Group,
- 2. BioHealth Group,
- 3. Securities and Fintech Group,
- 4. Energy Division,
- 5. Secure Living, and
- 6. Blockchain Technology.

As a result of this 2019 Board directive, the Company was reborn in 2020. The Company now has nine (9) active divisions, and it has actively taken steps to acquire assets and resources for each of these divisions in 2020 (and as reported for the 1st quarter of 2021). Over the past 12 months, the Company has performed a substantial business turnaround. Significant and material assets have been acquired or developed for almost every new division. For the other divisions and the existing divisions, the Company is engaged in obtaining significant additions or acquisitions for these divisions over the coming 2021 year. Each of these new business lines are intended to eventually generate top line reoccurring scalable income. Each of the divisions are on a different growth path with some designed to start generating revenue in 2021, while others are programmed to deliver revenue and growth in 2022, and 2023.

The success of the ongoing turnaround of the Company is reflected in its 2020 financials as set forth herein. For 2020, Company assets grew from \$20,146,000 for the period ending 12/31/2019 to \$91,919,000 for the period ending 12/31/2020. Stockholder's Equity rose from the period ending 12/31/2019 of \$12,303,000 to \$76,545,000 for the period ending 12/31/2020. Net Income attributable to stockholders for the 12-month period ending 12/31/2020 was \$1,899,000 compared to a \$2,889,000 loss for the 12-month period ended 12/31/2019.

Impact of COVID-19 Outbreak

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, and quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical area in which the Company operates. While the closures and limitations on movement, domestically and internationally, are expected to be temporary, if the outbreak continues on its current trajectory the duration of the supply chain disruption could reduce the availability, or result in delays, of materials or supplies to and from the Company, which in turn could materially interrupt the Company's business operations. Given the speed and frequency of the continuously evolving developments with respect to this pandemic, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the magnitude of the impact to its consolidated results of operations. The Company's manufacturing facilities in both California and New York support business that have been deemed essential by their respective state governments and remain operational. We have taken every precaution possible to ensure the safety of our employees.

It is reasonably possible that estimates made in the financial statements have been, or will be, materially and adversely impacted in the near term as a result of these conditions, including losses on inventory; impairment losses related to goodwill and other long-lived assets and current obligations.

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Additionally, management had determined that one of its business lines, DSS Plastics, has been more severely impacted by the pandemic than our other divisions and we do not believe this is a short-term phenomenon. As a result, management has decided to fully impair its goodwill related to DSS Plastics. The impact to DSS's first quarter earnings of this impairment was approximately \$685,000.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

Revenue

	 ded December 31, 2020	Year	ended December 31, 2019	% Change
Revenue				
Printed products	\$ 13,000,000	\$	13,230,000	-2%
Technology sales, services and licensing	2,085,000		2,148,000	-3%
Direct marketing	2,326,000		172,000	1252%
Total Revenue	\$ 17,411,000	\$	15,550,000	12%

Revenue - For the year ended December 31, 2020, revenue increased 12% to approximately \$17.4 million as compared to revenues of \$15.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. Printed products sales, which include sales of packaging and printing products, decreased 2% in 2020 as compared to 2019. The Company's technology sales, services and licensing revenues decreased 3% in 2020, as compared to 2019. Both decreases in sales were due primarily to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic as key customers saw a decline in business. A significant part of this decline however was offset by onboarding several new customers throughout the year. The Company's direct marketing revenues increased 1252% in 2020 as compared to 2019. This is primarily due to the division starting during the fourth quarter 2019.

Costs and Expenses

		nded December 31, 2020	Year	ended December 31, 2019	% Change
Costs and expenses					
Costs of revenue, exclusive of depreciation and amortization	\$	11,207,000	\$	10,342,000	8%
Sales, general and administrative compensation		7,873,000		3,450,000	128%
Depreciation and amortization		1,084,000		1,151,000	-6%
Professional fees		3,345,000		1,974,000	69%
Stock based compensation		188,000		422,000	-55%
Sales and marketing		2,838,000		557,000	410%
Rent and utilities		359,000		491,000	-27%
Research and development		210,000		(12,000)	1850%
Other operating expenses		1,054,000		(208,000)	-607%
				·	
Total costs and expenses	\$	28,158,000	\$	18,167,000	55%
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Costs of revenue, exclusive of depreciation and amortization includes all direct costs of the Company's printed products, including its packaging and printing sales and its direct marketing sales, materials, direct labor, transportation, and manufacturing facility costs. In addition, this category includes all direct costs associated with the Company's technology sales, services and licensing including hardware and software that are resold, third-party fees, and fees paid to inventors or others as a result of technology licenses or settlements, if any. Costs of revenue increased 8% in 2020 as compared to 2019, primarily due the increase price of paper as well as cost associated with direct marketing product manufacturing and procurement.

<u>Sales, general and administrative compensation</u> costs, increased 128% in 2020 as compared to 2019, primarily due a bonus of approximately \$4.3 million accrued for Mr. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, an executive of the Company's DSS Cyber Security Pte. Ltd subsidiary in accordance with the terms of his employment contract as compared to \$62,000 accrued in 2019.

<u>Depreciation and amortization</u> include the depreciation of machinery and equipment used for production, depreciation of office equipment and building and leasehold improvements, amortization of software, and amortization of acquired intangible assets such as customer lists, trademarks, non-competition agreements and patents, and internally developed patent assets. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by 6% during 2020, as compared to 2019, primarily due the expiration of the non-compete agreement with a former executive, as well as a large 10-year asset becoming fully depreciated.

<u>Professional fees</u> increased 69% in 2020 as compared to 2019, primarily due to an increase in legal fees associated with the direct marketing division, due diligence fees, as well as costs associated with acquisitions.

Stock based compensation includes expense charges for all stock-based awards to employees, directors, and consultants. Such awards include option grants, warrant grants, and restricted stock awards. Stock-based compensation costs decreased 55% in 2020 as compared to 2019 due to one-time stock grants that took place in 2019 to directors and certain officers with no similar offerings or grants in 2020.

<u>Sales and marketing</u> costs, which includes internet and trade publication advertising, travel and entertainment costs, sales-broker commissions, and trade show participation expenses, increased 410% during 2020 as compared to 2019, primarily due to direct marketing distributor commissions.

Rent and utilities decreased 27% during 2020 as compared to 2019 due to the relocation of DSS Digital to smaller office space, and the inclusion of our Plastic groups 2019 rent and utilities expense of approximately \$325,000 now included in Loss from discontinued operations.

Research and development costs consist primarily of third-party research costs and consulting costs. During the year ended December 31, 2020, Research and development costs increased 1850% as compared to the same period in 2019 primarily due to acquisition of Impact Biomedical Inc and their related research costs.

Other operating expenses consist primarily of equipment maintenance and repairs, office supplies, IT support, bad debt expense, insurance costs, and corporate travel. Other operating expenses increased 607% in 2020 compared to 2019 which is primarily due to a software setup expense for MLM division and D&O insurance increase year over year, as well as amortizing on a pro-rata basis over the expected remaining life of the monetization period of the LED Patent Portfolio through November 30, 2019 of approximately \$86,000 per month.

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Other Income and Expense

	 ed December , 2020	 nded December 31, 2019	% Change	
Other Income (Expense)				
Interest Income	\$ 69,000	\$ 25,000	176	%
Interest Expense	(185,000)	(125,000)	48	}%
Other income	1,000	-	N/A	
Unrealized gains	10,609,000	-	N/A	

Income from equity method investment	604,000		-	N/A
Gain on extinguishment of debt	969,000		-	N/A
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount	(8,000)		(3,000)	167%
	 	_		
Total other income	\$ 12,059,000	\$	(103,000)	11808%

Interest income increased 176%, during the year ended December 31, 2020, as compared to the same period in 2019, due to interest recognized on the Company's money market account and notes receivable.

Interest expense increased 48%, during the year ended December 31, 2020, as compared to the same period in 2019, due to the interest expense incurred on notes payable, in particular, twelve months of interest associated with the utilization of Premier Packaging equipment line of credit in 2020 versus three months in 2019.

Amortized debt discount increased 167% during the year ended December 31, 2020, as compared to the same period in 2019, due to a balance of debt issue costs expensed in 2020.

<u>Unrealized gains</u> is recognized on the change in fair market value on our common stock investment in Sharing Services Global Corp \$7.1 million and related warrants, Alset International Limited. \$3.4 million and other marketable securities \$0.1 million for the year 2020.

<u>Income from equity method investment</u> represents the Company's prorated portion of Sharing Services Global Corp's earnings for the three-months ended October 31, 2020. See Note 6.

Gain on extinguishment of debt in April and May 2020 respectively, the Packaging and Digital divisions of the Company received funds from the SBA Paycheck Protection Program of \$619,000 and \$344,000. As of August 4, 2020, pursuant to the terms of the SBA PPP program, the Company submitted applications for Premier Packaging and DSS Digital for a requested 100% loan forgiveness. During the fourth quarter 2020, both these notes were forgiven in full.

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During 2020, the Company had net income of \$1.4 million as compared to a net loss of \$2.9 million in 2019, representing a 149% increase. This achievement of net income in 2020 is primarily due to the impact of a one-time net gain from extinguishment of debt of approximately \$1 million, which occurred during the fourth quarter of 2020 and unrealized gains

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company has historically met its liquidity and capital requirements primarily through the sale of its equity securities and debt financings. As of December 31, 2020, the Company had cash of approximately \$5.2 million. As of December 31, 2020, the Company believes that it has sufficient cash to meet its cash requirements for at least the next 12 months from the filing date of this Annual Report. In addition, the Company believes that it will have access to sources of capital from the sale of its equity securities and debt financings.

Operating Cash Flow - During 2020, the Company expended approximately \$5.7 million for operations, which generally reflected by fluctuations in accounts receivable, inventory, and prepaid and other current assets, accrued expenses and other liabilities.

Investing Cash Flow - During 2020, the Company expended approximately \$10.7 million in investing activities. This includes \$0.3 million on equipment for its packaging and direct marketing operations for various pieces of machinery, equipment, and software. In addition, the Company expended approximately \$9.8 million on purchases of investments.

Financing Cash Flows - During 2020, the Company generated \$20.7 million from financing activities, which includes \$20.2 million from new issuances of common stock and \$1.3 million from the borrowings of long-term debt. This is offset by principal payments on long-term debt of approximately \$0.3 million, and payments on its revolving line of credit of \$0.5 million.

Continuing Operations and Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. This basis of accounting contemplates the recovery of our assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the specific amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities, which might be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern. While the Company has approximately \$5.2 million in cash, and a positive working capital position of approximately \$3.6 million as of December 31, 2020, the Company has incurred operating losses as well as negative cash flows from operating and investing activities over the past two years.

To continue as a going concern, during the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, the Company through multiple underwriting agreements with Aegis Capital Corp. ("Aegis"), acting as representative of the several underwriters, provided the issuance and sale by the Company in an underwritten public offering shares of the Company's common stock. The net offering proceeds to the Company approximated \$20.2 million. Also, through two separate public offerings underwritten by Aegis during the first quarter of 2021, the Company received net proceeds of approximately \$61.0 million.

The Company's management intends to take actions necessary to continue as a going concern. Management's plans concerning these matters includes, among other things, continued growth among our operating segments, and tightly controlling operating costs and reducing spending growth rates wherever possible to return to profitability. In addition, the Company has taken steps, and will continue to take measures, to materially reduce the expenses and cash burn at all corporate and business line levels. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, steps were taken to materially reduce or eliminate cash burns in the IP Monetization program, the DSS Digital Group and the DSS Plastics group.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, an effect on our financial condition, financial statements, revenues or expenses.

Inflation

Although our operations are influenced by general economic conditions, we do not believe that inflation had a material effect on our results of operations during 2020 or 2019 as we are generally able to pass the increase in our material and labor costs to our customers or absorb them as we improve the efficiency of our operations.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make judgments, assumptions and estimates that affect the amounts reported in our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 describe the significant accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Fair Value Measurement Topic of the FASB ASC establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). These tiers include:

- Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and
- Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions, such as valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaids, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate fair value because of the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. Marketable securities classify as a Level 1 fair value financial instrument. The fair value of notes receivable approximates their carrying value as the stated or discounted rates of the notes do not reflect recent market conditions. The fair value of revolving credit lines notes payable and long-term debt approximates their carrying value as the stated or discounted rates of the debt reflect recent market conditions. The fair value of investments carried at cost less impairment; however, the fair value is not considered readily determinable based on the lack of liquidity for the shares owned.

Investments – Investments in equity securities with a readily determinable fair value, not accounted for under the equity method, are recorded at that value with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings. For equity securities without a readily determinable fair value, the investment is recorded at cost, less any impairment, plus or minus adjustments related to observable transactions for the same or similar securities, with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings.

For equity method investments, the Company regularly reviews its investments to determine whether there is a decline in fair value below book value. If there is a decline that is other-than-temporary, the investment is written down to fair value. See Note 6 for further discussion on investments.

Related Party Liabilities - The Company's HWH World, Inc subsidiary has a service agreement pending with HWH Korea, a subsidiary of Alset International Limited (formally Singapore eDevelopment Limited), and thus a related party. This service agreement will allow HWH Korea to utilize the Company's merchant account in connection with their direct marketing network with periodic remittance of the cash collected to them. As of December 31, 2020, the Company has collected approximately \$1,100,000 on behalf of HWH Korea did remit amounts during the first quarter of 2021. The related party liability is included in "Other current liabilities" on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Revenue - The Company recognizes its products and services revenue based on when the title passes to the customer or when the service is completed and accepted by the customer. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for shipped product or service provided. Sales and other taxes billed and collected from customers are excluded from revenue. The Company also derives revenue from royalties from third parties which are typically based on licensees' net sales of products that utilize the Company's technology, or on a per item usage of the technology on the customers' printed products. The Company recognizes license revenue at the time it is reported by the licensee. From time to time, the Company generates license revenues through litigation settlements. For these, the Company recognizes revenue upon the execution of the agreement, when collectability is reasonably assured, or upon receipt of the minimum upfront fee for term agreement renewals, and when all other revenue recognition criteria have been met. The Company generates revenue from its direct marketing line of business primarily through internet sales and recognizes revenue as items are shipped.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had no unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected duration of greater than one year. Pursuant to Topic 606, the Company has applied the practical expedient with respect to disclosure of the deferral and future expected timing of revenue recognition for transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations. The Company elected the practical expedient allowing it to not recognize as a contract asset the commission paid to its salesforce on the sale of its products as an incremental cost of obtaining a contract with a customer but rather recognize such commission as expense when incurred as the amortization period of the asset that the Company would have otherwise recognized is one year or less.

Business Combinations - Business combinations and non-controlling interests are recorded in accordance with FASB ASC 805 Business Combinations. Under the guidance, the assets and liabilities of the acquired business are recorded at their fair values at the date of acquisition and all acquisition costs are expensed as incurred. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values is recorded as goodwill. If the fair value of the assets acquired exceeds the purchase price and the liabilities assumed, then a gain on acquisition is recorded. The application of business combination accounting requires the use of significant estimates and assumptions. See Note 7 regarding the acquisitions in 2020.

Discontinued Operations – On April 20, 2020, the Company executed a nonbinding letter of intent with a perspective buyer for the sale of certain assets of its plastic printing business line, which it operated under Plastic Printing Professionals, Inc. ("DSS Plastics"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. That sale was consummated and closed on August 14, 2020. The remaining assets of DSS Plastics were either sold, separately disposed, or retained by other

existing DSS businesses lines. Accordingly, the operations of DSS Plastics have been discontinued. Based on the magnitude of DSS Plastics' historical revenue to the Company and because the Company has exited the production of laminated and surface printed cards, this sale represented a significant strategic shift that has a material effect on the Company's operations and financial results. Accordingly, the Company has applied discontinued operations treatment for this sale as required by Accounting Standards Codification 210-05—Discontinued Operations. The major classes of assets and liabilities of DSS Plastics are classified as Held For Sale – Discontinued Operations on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the operating results of the discontinued operations is reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) as Loss from Discontinued Operations. See Note 16.

ITEM 7A - QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

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ITEM 8 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Financial Statements

DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Document Security Systems, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Document Security Systems, Inc and Subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements (collectively, the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial

statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matters or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate.

Accounting for Business Combinations - Impact BioMedical, Inc.

As described in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company completed its acquisition of Impact BioMedical, Inc. from a related party during the year ended December 31, 2020 for consideration of approximately \$38 million. In connection with this transaction, the Company evaluated whether this transaction qualified as a business combination, evaluated the classification of the preferred shares as either a liability or equity, determined the fair value of the consideration paid, determined the fair value of the separately identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed and reflected the excess of the consideration paid over net assets acquired as goodwill. In connection with this transaction a deferred tax liability was recorded resulting in the release of a previously recorded valuation allowance. The operations of this acquisition are considered to be a single reporting unit.

The evaluation of the classification of the transaction as a business combination and the preferred shares issued as permanent equity is complex. Further, based on the stage of development of the business and the related party nature of the transaction, the valuation of the consideration paid, assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and related non-controlling interest is complex and judgmental. The valuation models used by management when determining their estimated fair value require subjective assumptions. In particular, the fair value estimates are sensitive to changes in assumptions for revenue growth, gross margin, and operating expenses as well as weighted average cost of capital, illiquidity discounts relating to the consideration paid, and lack of control discounts for the non-controlling interest. Additionally, the accounting for the transaction and income tax accounting related to the opening balance sheet was complex. Due to the complexity of the transactions and subjectivity involved with the assumptions used, we identified the business combination as a critical audit matter, which required a high degree of auditor judgement.

Addressing the matter involved performing subjective procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the financial statements. The primary procedures we performed included: (i) Obtaining an understanding and evaluating of the design of controls over accounting for and reporting of the transaction, (ii) auditing the appropriateness of management's conclusions surrounding the classification of this transaction as a business combination and the preferred share consideration as permanent equity, (iii) auditing management's assessment of the identification of assets to be acquired and valued, (iv) auditing management's development of the assumptions used in the valuation models applied and the reasonableness of those assumptions, and auditing the disclosures over this transaction, and (v) auditing the calculation of the deferred tax liability recorded related to the transaction. Professionals with specialized skills and knowledge were used to assist in evaluating certain methodologies and assumptions used in determining fair values.

Valuation of Investments in Related Parties - Alset International, Inc. and Sharing Services Global Corp

As described in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has an equity investment in Alset International, Inc. ("Alset"), a related party, of approximately \$6.8 million as of December 31, 2020, recorded as a marketable security with a readily determinable fair value. This investment was previously recorded at cost, less impairment. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company recorded unrealized gains associated with this investment of approximately \$3.4 million. The Company also has an equity investment in Sharing Services Global Corp ("SHRG"), a related party, of approximately \$12.2 million as of December 31, 2020, recorded as an equity method investment, as the Company has significant influence of SHRG. Prior to obtaining significant influence, the investment was accounted for as a marketable security with a readily determinable fair value. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company recorded unrealized gains associated with this investment of approximately \$6.8 million, prior to gaining significant influence, and income of approximately \$600,000 associated with the Company's share of equity in SHRG. Further, the Company holds a warrant to purchase additional shares of SHRG amounting to approximately \$1.1 million, which is accounted for as an investment in an equity instrument and recorded at fair value, resulting in approximately \$350,000 of unrealized gains.

The evaluation of the related party relationships and proper accounting treatment is complex and involves a high degree of subjectivity and effort in performing procedures surrounding the classification and calculations related to the investments. Due to the complexity of the transactions and subjectivity involved with the assumptions used, we identified the accounting for these related party investments as a critical audit matter, which required a high degree of auditor judgement.

Addressing the matter involved performing subjective procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the financial statements. The primary procedures we performed included: (i) Obtaining an understanding and evaluating of the design of controls over the determination the investments, (ii) evaluating the related party nature of the investment and whether the investment was classified and recorded utilizing the appropriate accounting guidance, (iii) recalculating the respective investment values and gains associated with those investments, and (iv) auditing the reasonableness of the presentation and disclosure of the investments.

/s/ Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2004.

Rochester, New York March 31, 2021

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DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets As of December 31,

	 2020		2019
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,226,000	\$	1,096,000
Accounts receivable, net	3,910,000		4,212,000
Inventory	1,955,000		1,366,000
Assets held for sale - discontinued operations	-		342,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,359,000		460,000
Total current assets	12,450,000		7,476,000

	4,146,000		4,328,000
			2,154,000
			-
	9,136,000		-
	537,000		793,000
	744,000		1,812,000
	384,000		50,000
	182,000		144,000
	26,862,000		2,454,000
	23,456,000		935,000
\$	91,919,000	\$	20,146,000
\$	1,482,000	\$	1,492,000
	5,270,000		936,000
	1,435,000		390,000
	240,000		274,000
	-		500,000
	167,000		123,000
	278,000		441,000
	8,872,000		4,156,000
	1 976 000		2,310,000
			19,000
			807,000
			507,000
	3,499,000		44,000
	1.000		_
	116,000		24,000
	174,380,000		115,560,000
	3,430,000		-
	(101,382,000)		(103,281,000)
	76,545,000		12,303,000
\$	91,919,000	\$	20,146,000
Ψ	31,313,000	Ψ	20,140,000
		1,788,000 12,234,000 9,136,000 537,000 744,000 384,000 182,000 26,862,000 23,456,000 \$ 91,919,000 \$ 1,435,000 240,000 167,000 278,000 15,000 505,000 507,000 3,499,000 116,000 174,380,000 3,430,000 (101,382,000) 76,545,000	1,788,000 12,234,000 9,136,000 537,000 744,000 384,000 182,000 26,862,000 23,456,000 \$ 91,919,000 \$ 5,270,000 1,435,000 240,000 15,000 505,000 505,000 507,000 3,499,000 116,000 174,380,000 3,430,000 (101,382,000) 76,545,000

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DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the Years Ended December 31,

	2020		2019	
Revenue:				
Printed products	\$	13,000,000	\$	13,230,000
Technology sales, services and licensing		2,085,000		2,148,000
Direct marketing		2,326,000		172,000
Total revenue		17,411,000		15,550,000
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of revenue, exclusive of depreciation and amortization		11,207,000		10,342,000
Selling, general and administrative (including stock based compensation)		15,867,000		6,674,000
Depreciation and amortization		1,084,000		1,151,000
Total costs and expenses		28,158,000		18,167,000
Operating loss		(10,747,000)		(2,617,000)
Other income (expense):				
Interest income		69,000		25,000
Other income		1,000		-
Interest expense		(185,000)		(125,000)
Gain on extinguishment of debt		969,000		-
Income from equity method investment		604,000		-
Unrealized gains		10,609,000		-
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount		(8,000)		(3,000)

Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		1,312,000	(2,720,000)
Income tax benefit		(1,774,000)	(125,000)
Income (loss) from continuing operations		3,086,000	(2,595,000)
Loss from discontinued operations		(1,668,000)	(294,000)
Net income (loss)		1,418,000	 (2,889,000)
Loss from continuing operations attributed to noncontrolling interest		481,000	 <u>-</u>
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	<u> </u>	1,899,000	(2,889,000)
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Interest rate swap loss		-	(15,000)
Settlement of interest rate swap			22,000
Comprehensive income (loss):		1,418,000	(2,882,000)
Earnings (loss) per common share - continuing operations:			
Basic	\$	1.01	\$ (3.05)
Diluted	\$	0.59	\$ (3.05)
Loss per common share - discontinued operations:			
Basic	\$	(0.47)	\$ (0.35)
Diluted	\$	(0.28)	\$ (0.35)
Shares used in computing earnings (loss) per common share:			
Basic		3,548,421	850,180
Diluted		6,019,207	850,180
See accompanying	a notes.		

See accompanying notes.

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DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31,

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 3,086,000	\$ (2,595,000)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) from continuing operations to net cash used by		
operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,084,000	1,151,000
Stock based compensation	188,000	422,000
Income from equity investment	(604,000)	-
Unrealized gains	(10,609,000)	-
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(969,000)	-
Deferred tax benefit	(1,774,000)	(125,000)
Amortization of deferred financing cost and debt discounts	-	2,000
Decrease (increase) in assets:		
Accounts receivable	(309,000)	(1,659,000)
Inventory	(705,000)	(848,000)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(499,000)	(154,000)
Other assets	355,000	-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	(201,000)	392,000
Accrued expenses	4,230,000	(307,000)
Deferred revenue and customer deposits	-	21,000
Other liabilities	1,044,000	(1,750,000)
Net cash used by operating activities	(5,683,000)	(5,450,000)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(325,000)	(947,000)
Purchase of investments	(9,791,000)	(1,829,000)
Note receivable investment	(574,000)	(793,000)
Purchase of intangible assets	-	(370,000)
Net cash used by investing activities	(10,690,000)	(3,939,000)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments of long-term debt	(304,000)	(167,000)
Borrowings of long-term debt	1,278,000	, ,
Borrowings from lines of credit, net	-	588,000
Payments of revolving lines of credit, net	(500,000)	500,000

Borrowings from convertible of note		-	500,000
Issuances of common stock, net of issuance costs	20,195,00	0	6,659,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	20,669,00	0	8,080,000
Cash flows from discontinued operations:			
Cash (used) provided by operations	(469,00	(O)	106,000
Cash provided (used) by investing activities	880,00	0	(42,000)
Cash used by financing activities	(577,00	(0)	(107,000)
Net cash used by discontinued operations	(166,00	0)	(43,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,130,00	0	(1,352,000)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,096,00	10	2,448,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 5,226,00	90 \$	1,096,000

See accompanying notes.

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DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

Accumulated

Non-

	Commo	n Stock Amount	Preferre Shares	ed Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital		Other mprehensive Loss	Non- controlling Interest in Subsidiary	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31, 2019	1,206,000	\$ 24,000	-	-	\$115,560,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$(103,281,000)	\$12,303,000
Issuance of common stock, net	3,434,000	68,000	-	-	20,127,000		-	-	-	20,195,000
Conversion of preferred stock	663,000	13,000	(4,000)	-	(13,000)		-	-	-	-
Stock based payments, net of tax effect Acquisition of Impact	50,000	1,000	-	-	397,000		-	-	-	398,000
BioMedical, Inc. Net income	483,000	10,000	47,000 -	1,000	38,309,000		- -	3,911,000 (481,000)	1,899,000	42,231,000 1,418,000
Balance, December 31, 2020	5,836,000	\$116,000	43,000	\$ 1,000	\$174,380,000	\$		\$ 3,430,000	\$(101,382,000)	\$76,545,000
Balance, December 31, 2018	581,000	\$ 12,000	-	-	\$107,962,000	\$	(7,000)	-	\$(100,392,000)	\$ 7,575,000
Issuance of common stock, net	610,000	12,000	-	-	7,292,000		-	-	-	7,304,000
Stock based payments, net of tax effect Other comprehensive	15,000	-	-	-	306,000		-	-	-	306,000
loss Net loss Balance, December 31,	<u>-</u>					_	7,000		(2,889,000)	7,000 (2,889,000)
2019	1,206,000	\$ 24,000			\$115,560,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$(103,281,000)	\$12,303,000

See accompanying notes.

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DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Document Security Systems, Inc. (the "Company of DSS") operates eight (8) business lines through eight (8) DSS subsidiaries located around the globe.

Of the eight subsidiaries, three of those have historically been the core subsidiaries of the Company: (1) Premier Packaging Corporation ("Premier Packaging"), (2) DSS Digital Inc., and its subsidiaries ("Digital Group"), and (3) DSS Technology Management, Inc. ("IP Technology"). Premier Packaging operates in the paper board folding carton, smart packaging, and document security printing markets. It markets, manufactures, and sells mailers, photo sleeves,

sophisticated custom folding cartons, and complex 3-dimensional direct mail solutions designed to provide functionality, marketability, and sustainability to product packaging while providing counterfeit protection and consumer engagement platform. Digital Group researches, develops, markets, and sells the Company's digital products worldwide. As an industry leader in brand authentication services, our solutions leverage functional anti-counterfeiting features and cutting-edge technologies to satisfy commercial and consumer product needs for branding, intelligent packaging, and marketing. Digital's primary product is AuthentiGuard®, which is a brand authentication application that integrates the Company's counterfeit deterrent technologies with proprietary digital data security-based solutions. IP Technology Management Inc., manages, licenses, and acquires intellectual property assets for the purpose of monetizing these assets through a variety of value-enhancing initiatives, including, but not limited to, investments in the development and commercialization of patented technologies, licensing, strategic partnerships, and commercial litigation. In 2020, under its (4) Decentralize Sharing Systems, Inc. subsidiary, created a fourth business segment, Direct Marketing/Online Sales Group. This group provides services to assist companies in the emerging growth gig business model of peer-to-peer decentralized sharing marketing strategy as a form of direct marketing.

In addition to the four subsidiaries listed above, in 2019 and early 2020, DSS has created four new, wholly owned subsidiaries. (5) DSS Blockchain Security, Inc., a Nevada corporation, specializes in the development of blockchain security technologies for tracking and tracing solutions for supply chain logistics and cyber securities across global markets. (6) DSS Securities, Inc., a Nevada corporation, has been established to develop or to acquire assets in the securities trading or management arena, and to pursue two parallel streams of digital asset exchanges in multiple jurisdictions: (i) securitized token exchanges, focusing on digitized assets from different vertical industries and (ii) utilities token exchanges, focusing on "blue-chip" utility tokens from solid businesses. (7) DSS BioHealth Security, Inc., a Nevada corporation, is our business line which we will intend to invest in or to acquire companies related to the bio-health and biomedical field, including businesses focused on the research to advance drug discovery and development for the prevention, inhibition, and treatment of neurological, oncology and immuno-related diseases. This new division will place special focus on open-air defense initiatives, which curb transmission of air-borne infectious diseases such as tuberculosis and influenza, among others. (8) DSS Secure Living, Inc., a Nevada Corporation, develops top of the line advanced technology, energy efficiency, quality of life living environments and home security for everyone for new construction and renovations of residential single and multifamily living facilities. Aside from Decentralized Sharing Systems, Inc. the activity in the these newly created subsidiaries have been minimal or in various start-up or organizational phases.

On March 3, 2020, the Company, via its subsidiary DSS Securities, entered into a share subscription agreement and loan arrangement with LiquidValue Asset Management Pte Ltd., AMRE Asset Management, Inc. and American Medical REIT Inc. under which it acquired a 52.5% controlling ownership interest in AMRE Asset Management Inc. ("AAMI") which currently has a 93% equity interest in American Medical REIT Inc. ("AMRE") (see Note 7). AAMI is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") management company that sets the strategic vision and formulate investment strategy for AMRE. It manages the REIT's assets and liabilities and provides recommendations to AMRE on acquisition and divestments in accordance with the investment strategies. AMRE is a Maryland corporation, organized for the purposes of acquiring hospitals and other acute or post-acute care centers from leading clinical operators with dominant market share in secondary and tertiary markets, and leasing each property to a single operator under a triple-net lease. AMRE was formed to originate, acquire, and lease a credit-centric portfolio of licensed medical real estate. AMRE is planned to qualify as a Real Estate Investment Trust for federal income tax purposes, which will provide. AMRE's investors the opportunity for direct ownership of Class A licensed medical real estate. As of December 31, 2020, AAMI has yet to generate any revenue.

On August 21, 2020, the Company, completed its acquisition of Impact BioMedical, Inc. ("Impact BioMedical"), pursuant to a Share Exchange Agreement by and among the Company, DSS BioHealth Security, Inc. ("DSS BioHealth"), Alset International Limited (formally Singapore eDevelopment Ltd.), and Global Biomedical Pte Ltd. ("GBM"), which was previously approved by the Company's shareholders (the "Share Exchange"). Under the terms of the Share Exchange, the Company issued 483,334 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.02 per share, nominally valued at \$6.48 per share, and 46,868 newly issued shares of the Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock"). As a result of the Share Exchange, Impact BioMedical is now a wholly owned subsidiary of DSS BioHealth, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary (see Note 7).

Impact BioMedical strives to leverage its scientific know-how and intellectual property rights to provide solutions that have been plaguing the biomedical field for decades. By tapping into the scientific expertise of its partners, Impact BioMedical has undertook a concerted effort in the research and development (R&D), drug discovery and development for the prevention, inhibition, and treatment of neurological, oncological and immune related diseases.

In August 2020, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, DSS Securities, Inc. entered into a corporate venture to form and operate a real estate title agency, under the name and flagging of Alset Title Company, Inc, a Texas corporation ("ATC"). DSS Securities, Inc. shall own 70% of this venture with the other two shareholders being attorneys necessary to the state application and permitting process.

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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation - The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Document Security System and its wholly owned and its majority owned or subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to the accounts and notes receivable, inventory, fair values of investments, recoverability of long-lived assets and goodwill, useful lives of intangible assets and property and equipment, contingencies fair values of options and warrants to purchase the Company's common stock, deferred revenue and income taxes, substantial doubt about ability to continue as a going concern among others. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities.

Reclassifications - Certain amounts on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets for the year ended December 31, 2019 have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

Cash Equivalents - All highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase are classified as cash equivalents. Amounts included in cash equivalents in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets are money market funds whose adjusted costs approximate fair value.

Accounts Receivable - The Company extends credit to its customers in the normal course of business. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations and generally do not require collateral. Payment terms are generally 30 days but up to net 105 for certain customers. The Company carries its trade accounts receivable at invoice amount less an allowance for doubtful accounts. On a periodic basis, the Company evaluates its accounts receivable and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon management's estimates that include a review of the history of past write-offs and collections and an analysis of current credit conditions. As of December 31, 2020, the Company established a reserve for doubtful accounts of approximately \$25,000 (\$41,000 –

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Fair Value Measurement Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). These tiers include:

- Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and
- Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions, such as valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaids, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate fair value because of the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. Marketable securities classify as a Level 1 fair value financial instrument. The fair value of notes receivable approximates their carrying value as the stated or discounted rates of the notes do not reflect recent market conditions. The fair value of revolving credit lines notes payable and long-term debt approximates their carrying value as the stated or discounted rates of the debt reflect recent market conditions. The fair value of investments where the fair value is not considered readily determinable, are carried at cost.

Inventory - Inventories consist primarily of paper, pre-printed security paper, paperboard, fully prepared packaging, and health and beauty products which and are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value on the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. Packaging work-in-process and finished goods included the cost of materials, direct labor and overhead. At the closing of each reporting period, the Company evaluates its inventory in order to adjust the inventory balance for obsolete and slow-moving items. No reserve was recorded as of December 31, 2020 or 2019. Write-downs and write-offs are charged to cost of revenue.

Investments – Investments in equity securities with a readily determinable fair value, not accounted for under the equity method, are recorded at fair value with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings. For equity securities without a readily determinable fair value, the investment is recorded at cost, less any impairment, plus or minus adjustments related to observable transactions for the same or similar securities, with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings.

For equity method investments, the Company regularly reviews its investments to determine whether there is a decline in fair value below book value. If there is a decline that is other-than-temporary, the investment is written down to fair value. See Note 6 for further discussion on investments.

Property, Plant and Equipment - Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives or lease period of the assets whichever is shorter. Expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized. Expenditures for minor items, repairs and maintenance are charged to operations as incurred. Any gain or loss upon sale or retirement due to obsolescence is reflected in the operating results in the period the event takes place. Depreciation expense in 2020 was approximately \$710,000 (\$690,000 - 2019).

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Goodwill - Goodwill is the excess of cost of an acquired entity over the fair value of amounts assigned to assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. Goodwill is subject to impairment testing at least annually and will be tested for impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would indicate the carrying amount may be impaired. FASB ASC Topic 350 provides an entity with the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If, after completing the assessment, it is determined that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, the Company will proceed to a quantitative test. The Company may also elect to perform a quantitative test instead of a qualitative test for any or all of our reporting units. The test compares the fair value of an entity's reporting units to the carrying value of those reporting units. This quantitative test requires various judgments and estimates. The Company estimates the fair value of the reporting unit using a market approach in combination with a discounted operating cash flow approach. Impairment of goodwill is measured as the excess of the carrying amount of goodwill over the fair values of recognized and unrecognized assets and liabilities of the reporting unit. The Company performed its annual goodwill impairment test as of December 31, 2020, and no impairment was deemed necessary for the goodwill associated with Premier Packaging Company of approximately \$1,768,600. Consistent with this accounting impairment analysis, the Company determined that due to many factors, including the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak and the related closing of the operations of the Plastic Group, the Company has quantitatively tested the carrying value of its goodwill associated with the DSS Plastics Group and determined that an impairment of the DSS Plastics' goodwill had occurred and the Company recorded a full goodwill impairment of \$685,000 during the twelve-months ended December 31, 2020. This impairment has been included in the calculation of the discontinued operations of DSS Plastics group. There was no goodwill impairment recorded during the year ended December 31, 2019.

Intangible Assets - The estimated fair values of acquired intangibles are generally determined based upon future economic benefits such as earnings and cash flows. Acquired identifiable intangible assets are recorded at fair value and are amortized over their estimated useful lives. Acquired intangible assets with an indefinite life are not amortized but are reviewed for impairment at least annually or more frequently whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of those assets are below their estimated fair values. Impairment is tested under ASC 350.

Long-Lived Assets - The Company monitors the carrying value of long-lived assets for potential impairment and tests the recoverability of such assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If a change in circumstance occurs, the Company performs a test of recoverability by comparing the carrying value of the asset or asset group to its undiscounted expected future cash flows. If cash flows cannot be separately and independently identified for a single asset, the Company will determine whether impairment has occurred for the group of assets for which the Company can identify the projected cash flows. If the carrying values are in excess of undiscounted expected future cash flows, the Company measures any impairment by comparing the fair value of the asset or asset group to its carrying value.

Limited ("Alset Intl.") (formally Singapore eDevelopment Limited). The Chairman of the Company, Mr. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, is the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of Alset Intl. Mr. Chan is also the majority shareholder of Alset Intl as well as the largest shareholder of the Company. The Company also owns approximately 127,179,000 shares of Alset International, a company publicly listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited. This service agreement will allow HWH Korea to utilize the Company's merchant account in connection with their direct marketing network with periodic remittance of the cash collected to them for a fee of 2.5% of amounts collected. As of December 31, 2020, the Company has collected approximately \$1,100,000 on behalf of HWH Korea. This amount was remitted to HWH Korea, net of fees and other expenses, in the first quarter of 2021. The related party liability is included in "Other current liabilities" on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. There were no amounts outstanding to this related party at December 31, 2019.

Reverse Stock Split - On May 4, 2020, Document Security Systems, Inc. held a Special Meeting of Stockholders at which the Company's stockholders approved amendment to the Company's certificate of incorporation to effect a reverse split of common stock of the Company by a ratio of 1-for-30 with the effectiveness of such amendment to be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company The form of the certificate of amendment to effect the Reverse Split was subsequently approved by the Board on May 4, 2020. On May 7, 2020, the Company filed a Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of New York to effect a 1-for-30 reverse stock split of the Company's outstanding common stock. The Amendment was effective at 5:01 p.m. Eastern Time on May 7, 2020. The reverse stock split has been retroactively applied to all financial statements presented.

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Revenue - The Company recognizes its products and services revenue based on when the title passes to the customer or when the service is completed and accepted by the customer. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for shipped product or service provided. Sales and other taxes billed and collected from customers are excluded from revenue. The Company also derives revenue from royalties from third parties which are typically based on licensees' net sales of products that utilize the Company's technology, or on a per item usage of the technology on the customers' printed products. The Company recognizes license revenue at the time it is reported by the licensee. From time to time, the Company generates license revenues through litigation settlements. For these, the Company recognizes revenue upon the execution of the agreement, when collectability is reasonably assured, or upon receipt of the minimum upfront fee for term agreement renewals, and when all other revenue recognition criteria have been met. The Company generates revenue from its direct marketing line of business primarily through internet sales and recognizes revenue as items are shipped.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had no unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected duration of greater than one year. Pursuant to Topic 606, the Company has applied the practical expedient with respect to disclosure of the deferral and future expected timing of revenue recognition for transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations. The Company elected the practical expedient allowing it to not recognize as a contract asset the commission paid to its salesforce on the sale of its products as an incremental cost of obtaining a contract with a customer but rather recognize such commission as expense when incurred as the amortization period of the asset that the Company would have otherwise recognized is one year or less.

Costs of revenue - Costs of revenue includes all direct cost of the Company's packaging, commercial and security printing sales, primarily, paper, inks, dies, and other consumables, and direct labor, transportation and manufacturing facility costs. In addition, this category includes all direct costs associated with the manufacturing and procurement of the products sold in the Company's Direct Marketing line of business as well as with the Company's technology sales, services and licensing including hardware and software that is resold, third-party fees, and fees paid to inventors or others as a result of technology licenses or settlements, if any. Amortization of patent costs and acquired technology are included in depreciation and amortization on the consolidated statement of operations. Costs of revenue do not include expenses related to product development, integration, and support. These costs are included in research and development, which is a component of selling, general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statement of operations. Legal costs are included in selling, general and administrative.

Shipping and Handling Costs - Costs incurred by the Company related to shipping and handling are included in cost of revenue. Amounts charged to customers pertaining to these costs are reflected as revenue.

Share-Based Payments - Compensation cost for stock awards are measured at fair value and the Company recognizes compensation expense over the service period for which awards are expected to vest. The Company uses the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model for determining the estimated fair value for stock-based awards. The Black-Scholes-Merton model requires the use of subjective assumptions which determine the fair value of stock-based awards, including the option's expected term and the price volatility of the underlying stock. For equity instruments issued to consultants and vendors in exchange for goods and services the Company determines the measurement date for the fair value of the equity instruments issued at the earlier of (i) the date at which a commitment for performance by the consultant or vendor is reached or (ii) the date at which the consultant or vendor's performance is complete. In the case of equity instruments issued to consultants, the fair value of the equity instrument is recognized over the term of the consulting agreement.

Sales Commissions - Sales commissions are expensed as incurred for contracts with an expected duration of one year or less. A significant portion of the Company's sales commissions expense is generated from its direct marketing line of business. These commissions are based on current month shipments and are paid one month in arrears. There were no sales commissions capitalized as of December 31, 2020.

Contingent Legal Expenses - Contingent legal fees are expensed in the consolidated statements of operations in the period that the related revenues are recognized. In instances where there are no recoveries from potential infringers, no contingent legal fees are paid; however, the Company may be liable for certain out of pocket legal costs incurred pursuant to the underlying legal services agreement that will be paid out from the proceeds from settlements or licenses that arise pursuant to an enforcement action, which will be expensed as legal fees in the period in which the payment of such fees is probable. Any unamortized patent acquisition costs will be expensed in the period a conclusion is reached in an enforcement action that does not yield future royalties potential.

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Research and Development - Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Research and development costs consist primarily of third-party research costs and consulting costs. The Company recognized costs of approximately \$210,000 in 2020, and a credit in 2019 of approximately \$12,000 primarily due to receipt of the anticipated \$33,000 refund on development costs for the development of proprietary blockchain solutions for the Company's AuthentiGuard product line.

Income Taxes - The Company recognizes estimated income taxes payable or refundable on income tax returns for the current year and for the estimated future tax effect attributable to temporary differences and carry-forwards. Measurement of deferred income items is based on enacted tax laws including tax rates, with the measurement of deferred income tax assets being reduced by available tax benefits not expected to be realized. We recognize penalties and accrued interest related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense.

Comprehensive Income (Loss) - Comprehensive income (loss) is defined as the change in equity of the Company during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. It consists of net income (loss) and other income and losses affecting stockholders' equity that, under U.S. GAAP, are excluded from net income (loss). The change in fair value of interest rate swaps was the only item impacting accumulated other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Earnings Per Common Share - The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share. Basic earnings per share reflect the actual weighted average of shares issued and outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share are computed including the number of additional shares from outstanding warrants, stock options and preferred stock that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential shares had been issued and is calculated utilizing the treasury stock method. In a loss period, the calculation for basic and diluted earnings per share is the same, as the impact of potential common shares is anti-dilutive. Weighted average shares outstanding used for diluted earnings per share includes the assumed conversion of the 47,000 preferred shares, convertible into 7,233,000 common shares, for the period they were outstanding resulting in an additional 2,471,000 shares for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk as a result of any non-performance by the financial institutions.

During 2020, two customers accounted for 38% of our consolidated revenue. As of December 31, 2020, these two customers accounted for 60% of our consolidated trade accounts receivable balance. As of December 31, 2019, these two customers accounted for 45% of our consolidated revenue and 48% of our consolidated trade accounts receivable balance.

Business Combinations - Business combinations and non-controlling interests are recorded in accordance with FASB ASC 805 Business Combinations. Although Impact BioMedical historically, and to date has not generated any revenues, the acquisition of Impact BioMedical meets the definition of a business with inputs, processes, and outputs, and therefore, the Company has concluded to account for this transaction in accordance with the acquisition method of accounting under Topic 805. Under the guidance, we determine the fair value of consideration paid and the assets and liabilities of the acquired business are recorded at their fair values at the date of acquisition and all acquisition costs are expensed as incurred. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values is recorded as goodwill. If the fair value of the assets acquired exceeds the purchase price and the liabilities assumed, then a gain on acquisition is recorded. The application of business combination accounting requires the use of significant estimates and assumptions. See Note 7 regarding the acquisitions in 2020.

Discontinued Operations – On April 20, 2020, the Company executed a nonbinding letter of intent with a perspective buyer for the sale of certain assets of its plastic printing business line, which it operated under Plastic Printing Professionals, Inc. ("DSS Plastics"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. That sale was consummated and closed on August 14, 2020. The remaining assets of DSS Plastics were either sold, separately disposed, or retained by other existing DSS businesses lines. Accordingly, the operations of DSS Plastics have been discontinued. Based on the magnitude of DSS Plastics' historical revenue to the Company and because the Company has exited the production of laminated and surface printed cards, this sale represented a significant strategic shift that has a material effect on the Company's operations and financial results. Accordingly, the Company has applied discontinued operations treatment for this sale as required by Accounting Standards Codification 205—Discontinued Operations. The major classes of assets and liabilities of DSS Plastics are classified as Held for Sale – Discontinued Operations on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the operating results of the discontinued operations is reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) as Loss from Discontinued Operations. See Note 16.

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Newly Adopted and Recent Accounting Pronouncements - In June 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-13, "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326)", which requires entities to measure all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. This replaces the existing incurred loss model and is applicable to the measurement of credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost. This guidance is effective for the Company for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2022. The Company is currently assessing the impact that adopting this new accounting standard will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350) – Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment", which eliminates the two-step process that required identification of potential impairment and a separate measure of the actual impairment. The annual assessment of goodwill impairment will be determined by using the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of the reporting unit. The standards update is effective for goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 and has been adopted by the Company effective January 1, 2020.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02 and its related amendments which introduced Leases (Topic 842, or "ASC 842"), a new comprehensive lease accounting model that supersedes the current lease guidance under Leases (Topic 840). The new accounting standard requires lessees to recognize right-of-use ("ROU") assets and corresponding lease liabilities for all leases with lease terms of greater than 12 months. It also changes the definition of a lease and expands the disclosure requirements of lease arrangements. In July 2018, the FASB added a transition option for implementation that allows companies to continue to use the legacy guidance in ASC 840, Leases, including its disclosure requirements, in the comparative periods presented in the year of adoption. The Company adopted the guidance effective January 1, 2019. The Company elected the transition package of three practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance and elected the optional transition method that allows for a cumulative-effect adjustment in the period of adoption, without a restatement of prior periods. Further, the Company elected a short-term lease exception policy, permitting the Company to not apply the recognition requirements of this standard to short-term leases (i.e. leases with terms of 12 months or less). As a result of the adoption, the Company adjusted its beginning balance as of January 1, 2019 by recording operating lease ROU asset and liabilities through a cumulative-effect adjustment. The adoption impacted the accompanying consolidated balance sheet but did not have an impact on the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

At the inception of a contractual arrangement, the Company determines whether the contract contains a lease by assessing whether there is an identified asset and whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of the identified asset in exchange for consideration over a period of time. If both criteria are met, the Company calculates the associated lease liability and corresponding ROU assets upon lease commencement using a discount rate based on a credit adjusted secured borrowing rate commensurate with the term of the lease. The Company records lease liabilities within current or noncurrent liabilities based upon the length of time associated with the lease payments. The operating lease ROU assets includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives and initial direct costs incurred, if any, and are recorded as noncurrent assets. Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. Lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The impact of the adoption of ASC 842 on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of January 1, 2019 was a right-of-use asset and a lease liability of approximately \$1,443,800.

Impact of COVID-19 Outbreak - The COVID-19 pandemic has created global economic turmoil and has potentially permanently impacted how many businesses operate and how individuals will socialize and shop in the future. We continue to feel the effect of the COVID-19 business shutdowns and consumer stay-at-home protections. But the effect of the economic shutdown has impacted our business lines differently, some more severely than others. In most cases, we believe the negative economic trends and reduced sales will recover over time. However, management determined that one of its business lines, DSS Plastics, had been, and would continue to be, more severely impacted by the pandemic than our other divisions, and we did not believe this was a short-term phenomenon. We expected that this business would be permanently impacted because we believe that both consumer and corporate future travel habits will be negatively impacted and, as a result, use of hotel access cards will be diminished. We believe that conventions and sporting events will be fewer and smaller in attendance, and therefore demand for our card identification products would be reduced. Further, we believe that physical security cards and individual IDs will be replaced by more digital and optical technologies. As a result, management decided to fully impair its goodwill related to DSS Plastics during the first quarter 2020, and to exit this business line. The impact of this decision in our first quarter 2020 earnings and for as of December 31, 2020 was an impairment of approximately \$685,000. Additionally, it is reasonably possible that estimates made in the financial statements have been, or will be, materially and adversely impacted in the near term as a result of these conditions, including losses on inventory; impairment losses related to goodwill and other long-lived assets and current obligations.

Continuing Operations and Going Concern - The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. This basis of accounting contemplates the recovery of our assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the specific amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities, which might be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern. While the Company has approximately \$5.2 million in cash, and a positive working capital position of approximately \$3.6 million as of December 31, 2020, the Company has incurred operating losses as well as negative cash flows from operating and investing activities over the past two years.

To continue as a going concern, during the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, the Company through multiple underwriting agreements with Aegis Capital Corp. ("Aegis"), acting as representative of the several underwriters, provided the issuance and sale by the Company in an underwritten public offering shares of the Company's common stock. The net offering proceeds to the Company approximated \$20.2 million. Also, through two separate public offerings underwritten by Aegis during the first quarter of 2021, the Company received net proceeds of approximately \$61.0 million.

The Company's management intends to take actions necessary to continue as a going concern. Management's plans concerning these matters includes, among other things, continued growth among our operating segments, and tightly controlling operating costs and reducing spending growth rates wherever possible to return to profitability. In addition, the Company has taken steps, and will continue to take measures, to materially reduce the expenses and cash burn at all corporate and business line levels. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, steps were taken to materially reduce or eliminate cash burns in the IP Monetization program, the DSS Digital Group and the DSS Plastics group.

At the Company's current operating levels and capital usage, we believe that without any further acquisition or investments, our \$5.2 million in aggregate cash, and cash equivalents, as of December 31, 2020, along with the \$61.0 million raised during the first quarter of 2021, would allow us to fund our nine business lines current and planned operations through March 2022. Based on this, the Company has concluded that substantial doubt of its ability to continue as a going concern has been alleviated

NOTE 3 – INVENTORY

Inventory consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2020		2019		
\$	1,544,000	\$	756,000		
	280,000		246,000		
	131,000		364,000		
\$	1,955,000	\$	1,366,000		
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	\$	\$ 1,544,000 280,000 131,000 \$ 1,955,000	\$ 1,544,000 \$ 280,000 \$ 131,000 \$ \$ 1,955,000 \$		

NOTE 4 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

On October 10, 2019, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note ("TBD Note") with Century TBD Holdings, LLC ("TBD"), a Florida limited liability company. The Company loaned the principal sum of \$500,000, of which up to \$500,000 and all accrued interest can be paid by an "Optional Conversion" of such amount up to 19.8% (non-dilutable) of all outstanding membership interest in TBD. This TBD Note accrues interest at 6% and matures on October 9, 2021. As of December 31, 2020, and 2019 this TBD Note had outstanding principal and interest of approximately \$537,000 and \$507,000, respectively. On December 30, 2020, the Company signed a binding letter of intent with West Park Capital, Inc ("West Park"). and TBD where the parties agreed to prepare a note and stock exchange agreement whereby DSS will assign the TBD Note to West Park and West Park shall issue to DSS a stock certificate reflecting 7.5% of the issued and outstanding shares of West Park. This note and stock exchange agreement is expected to be finalized sometime during the second quarter of 2021.

On October 9, 2019 and November 11, 2019, the Company's subsidiary Decentralized Sharing Systems, Inc. entered into two, separate on demand, secured, convertible notes with RBC Life Sciences, Inc. (RBC), a Nevada corporation. The first Note, dated October 9th, lent the principal sum of \$200,000 which accrued at a non-default interest rate of 6% with a scheduled maturity date of November 11, 2019 ("Note #1) This Note #1 also contains an "Optional Conversion" clause that allows the Company at any time, before or after the occurrence of an event of default, at its option, to convert the outstanding principal amount, plus accrued interest into a number of newly issued shares of its common stock equal to 75% of the total shares common stock that will be outstanding upon such conversion at a fully-diluted basis. Note #1 was also secured by and among other things a first lien on all of the assets of RBC and its subsidiaries, and was guaranteed by its subsidiary, RBC Life Sciences USA, Inc. As of December 31, 2019, the Company had advanced under the terms of Note #1 the sum of \$200,000.

The second note (Note #2) dated November 11, 2019, established a secured, convertible, revolving line of credit to RBC up to an aggregate principal sum of \$800,000, funded at the sole discretion of lender, and accruing at annual non-default interest rate of 10% with a scheduled maturity date of November 11, 2024, payable to Decentralized Sharing Systems' wholly owned subsidiary, HWH World, Inc.. Accrued interest on the outstanding principal balance was scheduled to be paid monthly commencing on December 25, 2019. Further, any amount of principal repaid during the term of the note was allowed to be readvanced at any time prior to the earlier of the acceleration of note to maturity or its maturity date. This note also contains an "Optional Conversion" feature that

allows the Company, at any time, before or after the occurrence of an event of default, at its option, to convert the outstanding principal balance, plus accrued interest into a number of newly issued shares of its common stock equal to 100% of the outstanding shares of common stock of RBC's direct and indirect subsidiaries. This Note #2 was also secured by a second lien on all of the assets of RBC, behind the first lien securing Note #1, and a first lien on all of the assets of RBC's multiple subsidiaries and the full guarantee of these subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2019, this Note #2 had an outstanding principal balance of approximately \$82,000, and advances of approximately \$518,000 were made during 2020.

On January 24, 2020, as a result of the borrower's default on Note #1, Decentralized Sharing Systems, Inc. made demand for repayment of the outstanding balance of the Note #1. In partial resolution, Decentralized Sharing Systems, Inc and RBC agreed to accept and tender, respectively, pursuant to the Uniform Commercial Code Article 9, collateral in partial satisfaction of debt under the terms of Note#1. The Company chose to not exercise its option convert the outstanding principal and interest into equity, but instead elected to accept this specific collateral. On February 7, 2020, RBC agreed to the deed-in-lieu of specific assets in satisfaction of part of the amount owing under Note #1.

On April 8, 2020, the Company initiated Uniform Commercial Code Article 9 foreclosure proceedings against the remaining assets of RBC and its subsidiaries which culminated with an Article 9 public sale on April 23, 2020. Again, the Company chose to forego the optional conversion of the outstanding principal and interest into 100% ownership, as was allowed in the terms of the note. Instead it elected to pursue through a public foreclosure sale collateral that secured Note #2. At that April Article 9 public sale, HWH World, Inc a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company was the high bidder, and the company received a Bill of Sale for all of the remaining assets of RBC. As a result of this foreclosure sale and the Note #1, collateral accepted in lieu of partial debt, the Company now owns and controls most of the former assets of RBC and its subsidiaries.

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During the second quarter of 2020, the Company completed its evaluation of the assets acquired through foreclosure of Note #1 and #2 above and determined the value received supported the recoverability of the carrying value of the two notes. In accordance with ASC 310 Receivables Goodwill and Other, the assets value will be recorded at the carrying value of the debt, allocated based on the value identified. The carrying values of Note #1 and Note #2 were reclassed as property, plant, and equipment and other intangible assets in the amounts of \$201,000 and \$637,000 respectively within the accompanying financial statements. These amounts are being depreciated and amortized over their useful lives. The Company is currently a defendant in a lawsuit brought against it for unjust enrichment and fraudulent transfer under Texas Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act. See Note 15 for further details on related litigation.

NOTE 5 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Marketable Securities

The following tables show the Company's cash and marketable securities by significant investment category as of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	2020						
	Adjusted Cost	Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Fair Value	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Current Marketable Securities	Investments	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,733,000	\$ -	\$ 1,733,000	\$ 1,733,000	\$ -	\$ -	
Level 1							
Money Market Funds	3,493,000	-	3,493,000	3,493,000	-	-	
Marketable Securities	5,641,000	3,495,000	9,136,000	-	9,136,000	-	
Level 2							
Warrants	700,000	356,000	1,056,000	-	-	1,056,000	
Total	\$11,567,000	\$ 3,851,000	\$15,418,000	\$ 5,226,000	\$ 9,136,000	\$ 1,056,000	

	2019					
	Adjusted Cost	Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Fair Value	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Current Marketable Securities	Investment
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,096,000	\$ -	\$1,096,000	\$ 1,096,000	\$ -	\$ -
Level 1						
Money Market Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Marketable Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Level 2						
Warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$1,096,000	\$ -	\$1,096,000	\$ 1,096,000	\$ -	\$ -

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The Company typically invests in highly rated securities, with the primary objective of minimizing the potential risk of principal loss. The Company's investment policy generally requires securities to be investment grade and limits the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. Fair values were determined for each individual security in the investment portfolio.

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NOTE 6 - INVESTMENT

Alset International Limited (formally Singapore eDevelopment Limited)

As of December 31, 2018, the Company owned 21,196,552 ordinary shares of Alset International Limited ("Alset Intl"), formerly named Singapore eDevelopment Limited ("SED"), a company incorporated in Singapore and publicly listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited. and an existing three-year warrant to purchase up to 105,982,759 ordinary shares at an exercise price of SGD\$0.040 (US\$0.0298) per share During the year ended December 31, 2019 the Company exercised 61,977,577 of the warrants for total cost of \$1,829,000 and at December 31, 2019 recorded the investment at cost, less impairment under the measurement alternative in ASC 321 for a total value of \$2,154,000. As of June 25, 2020, the Company exercised the remaining warrants for total cost of \$1,291,000 bringing its total ownership to 127,179,311 shares or approximately 7% of the outstanding shares of Alset Intl as of December 31, 2020. Historically

and through June 30, 2020, the Company carried its investment in Alset Intl at cost, less impairments under the measurement alternative in ASC 321 in part due to the restriction on the sale of shares which expired on September 17, 2019 as well as the lack of historical volume associated with the shares of Alset Intl. During the third quarter 2020, the Company determined fair value based on the volume of shares traded on the Singapore Exchange which has a breadth and scope comparable to United States markets, as well as a consistent and observable market price. Accordingly, this investment is now classified as a marketable security and is classified as long-term assets on the consolidated balance sheets as the Company has the intent and ability to hold the investments for a period of at least one year. The Chairman of the Company, Mr. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, is the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of Alset Intl. Mr. Chan is also the majority shareholder of Alset Intl as well as the largest shareholder of the Company. The fair value of the marketable security as of December 31, 2020 was approximately \$6,830,000 and during the year ended December 31, 2020 the Company recorded unrealized gains on this investment of approximately \$3,384,200.

Sharing Services Global Corp. ("SHRG")

The Company had acquired in a series of open-market transactions, between March 2020 and December 2020 an aggregate of 13,957,378 of additional Class A common shares of Sharing Services Global Corp. ("SHRG"), a publicly traded company at an average purchase price of \$0.06 per share. The Company, during this same period, had also purchased 20,250,000 shares of SHRG in private purchases at an average purchase price of \$0.09 per share. The aggregate cost of these transactions approximated \$2,572,000.

On July 22, 2020, Chan Heng Fai Ambrose, the Chairman of the Company's board of directors, assigned a Stock Purchase and Share Subscription Agreement by and between Mr. Chan and SHRG, pursuant to which the Company purchased 30,000,000 shares of Class A common stock and 10,000,000 warrants to purchase Class A common stock for \$3 million. The warrants have an average exercise price of \$0.20, immediately vested and may be exercised at any time commencing on the date of issuance and ending three year from such date. As of the date of issuance the warrants the consideration paid allocated to the warrants amounted to approximately \$700,000. The warrants are considered an equity investment that is recorded at fair value with gains and losses recorded through net income. These warrants have been recorded at the fair market value of \$1,056,000 on the Company's consolidated balance sheet and are included in "other investments" with the increase representing an unrealized gain of \$356,000 as of 12/31/2020. These shares and warrants are also subject to a one-year trading restriction pursuant to the terms of a Lock-Up Agreement entered into between Mr. Chan and the Company and assigned to the Company.

As of June 30, 2020, the Company, had acquired and owned approximately 17% of the issued and outstanding shares of SHRG, which was recorded as a marketable security investment. In the 3rd guarter of 2020, the Company, through a series of Class A common shares acquisitions in July 2020, with such acquisition history detailed below, the Company acquired in aggregate, an ownership interest in SHRG of greater than 20%. At that time, it was determined that the Company had the ability to exercise significant influence over SHRG. Accordingly, on July 22nd, the Company began prospectively utilizing the equity method of accounting for its investment into SHRG in accordance with ASC Topic 323 and recognizing our share of SHRG's earnings and losses within our consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss). Due to the difference in fiscal year ends between the two companies, DSS has elected to recognize its portion of SHRG's earnings and losses on a quarter lag basis and utilized SHRG's three-month ended October 31, 2020 reported results in calculating its portion of SHRG's gain which approximated \$604,000. As of July 22, 2020, the Company owned 62,417,593 Class A common shares of SHRG with an adjusted basis of \$11.3 million. As of December 31, 2020, the Company held 64,207,378 class A common shares equating to a 32.6% ownership interest in SHRG and had recorded unrealized gains on marketable securities of approximately \$6.8 million for the twelve-months then ended related to the period prior to the Company achieving significant influence and recording the investment under the equity method. As of July 22, 2020, the carrying value of the Company's equity method investment exceeded our share of the book value of the investee's underlying net assets by approximately \$9.2 million, which represents primarily intangible assets in the form of customer and distributor lists and goodwill arising from acquisitions. The Company is still in the process of valuing the intangible assets as of December 31, 2020 and no amortization has been recorded during the period ended December 31, 2020. The aggregate fair value of the Company's investment in SHRG at December 31, 2020 was approximately \$14,774,000. The following table represents SHRG operating results for the six-months ended October 31, 2020:

Net sales	\$ 41,339,507
Gross profit	\$ 30,390,874
Operating earnings	\$ 1,265,192
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 1,113,971
Income tax provision	\$ (355,991)
Net earnings	\$ 757,980

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The Company, via four (4) of the Company's existing board members, currently holds four (4) of the five (5) SHRG board of director seats. Mr. John "JT" Thatch, DSS's Lead Independent Director and as well the CEO of SHRG is on the SHRG Board, along with Mr. Chan, DSS's Executive Chairman of the board of directors (joined the SHRG Board effective May 4, 2020), Mr. Sassuan "Sam" Lee, DSS Independent Director (joined the SHRG Board effective September 29, 2020) and Mr. Frank D. Heuszel, the CEO of the Company (joined the SHRG Board effective September 29, 2020).

BMI Capital International LLC

On September 10, 2020, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary DSS Securities, Inc. entered into membership interest purchase agreement with BMI Financial Group, Inc. a Delaware corporation ("BMIF") and BMI Capital International LLC, a Texas limited liability company ("BMIC") whereas DSS Securities, Inc. purchased 14.9% membership interests in BMIC for \$100,000. DSS Securities also had the option to purchase an additional 10% of the outstanding membership interest which it exercised in January of 2021 and increased its ownership to 24.9%. This investment is valued at cost as it does not have a readily determined fair value.

BMIC is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), and is a member of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). The Company's chairman of the board and another independent board member of the Company also have ownership interest in this joint venture.

Alset Title Company

On or about August 28, 2020, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, DSS Securities, Inc. entered into a corporate venture to form and operate a real estate title agency, under the name and flagging of Alset Title Company, Inc, a Texas corporation ("ATC"). DSS Securities, Inc. shall own 70% of this venture with the other two shareholders being attorneys necessary to the state application and permitting process. ATC have initiated or have pending applications to do business in a number of states, including Texas, Tennessee, Connecticut, Florida, and Illinois. For the purpose of organization and the state application process, the Company's CEO, who is a licensed attorney, has a stated non-compensated 15% ownership interest in the venture. There was no activity for the twelvemonths ended December 31, 2020.

BioMed Technologies Asia Pacific Holdings Limited

On December 19, 2020, Impact BioMedical, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with BioMed Technologies Asia Pacific Holdings Limited ("BioMed"), a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, pursuant to which the Company agreed to purchase 525 ordinary shares or 4.99% of BioMed at a purchase price of approximately \$630,000. The Subscription Agreement provides, among other things, the Company the right to appoint a new director to the board of BioMed. With respect to an issuance of shares to a third party by BioMed, the Company will have the right of first refusal to purchase such shares, as well as customary tag-along rights. In connection with the Subscription Agreement, Impact entered into an exclusive distribution agreement (the "Distribution Agreement") with BioMed, to directly market, advertise, promote, distribute, and sell certain BioMed products, which focus on manufacturing natural probiotics, to resellers. This investment is valued at cost as it does not have a readily determined fair value.

BioMed focuses on manufacturing natural probiotics, pursuant to which the Company will directly market, advertise, promote, distribute and sell certain BioMed products to resellers. The products to be distributed by the Company include BioMed's PGut Premium Probiotics[®], PGut Allergy Probiotics[®], PGut SupremeSlim Probiotics[®], PGut Kids Probiotics[®], and PGut Baby Probiotics[®].

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Under the terms of the Distribution Agreement, the Company will have exclusive rights to distribute the products within the United States, Canada, Singapore, Malaysia, and South Korea and non-exclusive distribution rights in all other countries. In exchange, the Company agreed to certain obligations, including mutual marketing obligations to promote sales of the products. This agreement is for ten years with an one year auto-renewal feature.

NOTE 7 – BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

American Medical REIT Inc.

On March 3, 2020, the Company entered into a binding term sheet (the "Term Sheet") with LiquidValue Asset Management Pte Ltd ("LVAM"), AMRE Asset Management Inc. ("AAMI") and American Medical REIT Inc. ("AMRE"), regarding a share subscription and loan arrangement. The Term Sheet set forth the terms of a proposed transaction to establish a medical real estate investment trust in the United States and AAMI providing certain services related to the financial and capital structure of AMRE. Pursuant to the final signed Stockholders' Agreement, dated March 3, 2020, the Company has subscribed 5,250 ordinary shares of AAMI at a purchase price of \$0.01 per share for total consideration of \$52.50. Concurrently, AAMI will issue 3,500 shares to LVAM, and 1,250 shares to AMRE Tennessee, LLC, AAMI's executive management's holding company. As a result, the Company now holds 52.5% of the outstanding shares of AAMI, with LVAM and AMRE Tennessee, LLC, holding 35% and 12.5% of the remaining outstanding shares of AAMI, respectively. At the completion of the share subscription, AAMI has a 93% equity interest in AMRE. Also, at the completion of the transaction, AAMI had no assets or liabilities. LVAM is an 82% owned subsidiary of Alset Intl. whose Chief Executive Officer and largest shareholder is Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, the Chairman of the Board and largest shareholder of the Company.

Further, pursuant to and in connection with the Term Sheet, effective on March 3, 2020, the Company entered into a Promissory Note with AMRE, pursuant to which AMRE has issued the Company a promissory note for the principal amount of \$800,000 (the "Note"). The Note matures on March 3, 2022 and accrues interest at the rate of 8.0% per annum and shall be payable in accordance with the terms set forth in the Note. Under the Note, AMRE may prepay or repay all or any portion of the Note at any time, without a premium or penalty. If not sooner prepaid, the entire unpaid principal balance of the Note including accrued interest will be due and payable in full on March 3, 2022. AMRE's failure to pay any amount due on the Note within five days of when payment is due constitutes an event of default under the Note, pursuant to which the Company can declare the Note due and payable. The Note also provides the Company an option to provide AMRE an additional \$800,000 on the same terms and conditions as the Note, including the issuance of warrants as described below. As further incentive to enter into the Note, AMRE issued the Company warrants to purchase 160,000 shares of AMRE common stock (the "Warrants"). The Warrants have an exercise price of \$5.00 per share, subject to adjustment as set forth in the Warrants, and expire on March 3, 2024. Pursuant to the Warrants, if AMRE files a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission for an initial public offering ("IPO") of AMRE's common stock and the IPO price per share offered to the public is less than \$10.00 per share, the exercise price of the Warrants shall be adjusted downward to 50% of the IPO price. The Warrants also grants piggyback registration rights to the Company as set forth in the Warrants. As of December 31, 2020, this Note had outstanding principal and interest of approximately \$844,000. Upon consolidation this Note is eliminated. AMRE entered into a \$200,000 unsecured promissory note with LVAM. The Note calls for interest to be paid annually

U.S. GAAP requires that for each business combination, one of the combining entities shall be identified as the acquirer, and the existence of a controlling financial interest shall be used to identify the acquirer in a business combination. The Company has determined that its aforementioned 52.5% equity interest in AAMI provides existence of a controlling financial interest and has concluded to account for this transaction in accordance with the acquisition method of accounting under FASB ASC Topic 805, "Business Combinations" ("Topic 805"). As of December 31, 2020, AMRE had incurred \$900,000 of cost of which \$430,000 is attributable to the non-controlling interest. AAMI does not qualify for a separate reporting segment and is included in Corporate (see Note 18).

Impact BioMedical, Inc.

On August 21, 2020, the Company, completed its acquisition of Impact BioMedical,, pursuant to a Share Exchange Agreement by and among the Company, DSS BioHealth, and related parties Alset Intl (formally Singapore eDevelopment Limited), and Global Biomedical Pte Ltd. ("GBM") which was previously approved by the Company's shareholders (the "Share Exchange"). Under the terms of the Share Exchange, the Company issued 483,334 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.02 per share, nominally valued at \$6.48 per share, and 46.868 newly issued shares of the Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock"), with a stated value of \$46,868,000, or \$1,000 per share, for a total consideration of \$50 million (Note 12) to acquire 100% of the outstanding shares of Impact BioMedical. The acquisition was done to add assets and a foundation of products with international market opportunities and demand, and which can be structured into long- term scalable, reoccurring license revenue within the DSS BioHealth line of business. Due to several factors, including a discount for illiquidity, the value of the Series A Preferred Stock was discounted from \$46,868,000 to \$35,187,000, thus reducing the final consideration given to approximately \$38,319,000. The Company incurred approximately \$295,000 in cost associated with the acquisition of Impact Biomedical which were recorded as general and administrative expenses. As a result of the Share Exchange, Impact BioMedical is now a wholly owned subsidiary of DSS BioHealth, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary and operating results of the acquisition will be included in the Company's financial statements beginning August 21, 2020. Impact BioMedical has several subsidiaries that are not wholly owned by Impact BioMedical, and have an ownership percentage ranging from 63.6% to 100%. Since acquisition, approximately \$440,000 of cost have been incurred, of which \$51,000 of cost incurred is attributable to non-controlling interest. Although Impact BioMedical historically, and to date has not generated any revenues, the acquisition of Impact BioMedical meets the definition of a business with inputs, processes and outputs, and therefore, the Company has concluded to account for this transaction in accordance with the acquisition method of accounting under Topic 805.

The following summary, prepared on a proforma basis, combines the consolidated results of operations of the Company with those of Impact Biomedical as if the acquisition took place on January 1, 2019. The proforma consolidated results include the impact of certain adjustments.

	_ 20	20 Unaudited	20	19 Unaudited
Sales	\$	17,411,000	\$	15,550,000
Net income (loss) attributed to common stockholders	\$	1,219,000	\$	(3,343,000)
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.30	\$	(2.51)
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.11	\$	(0.39)

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The Company has completed its valuations of certain developed technology and pending patents assets acquired in the transaction as well the fair value of the non-controlling interests. These have been valued at approximately \$22,260,000 and \$3,910,000 respectively. Other assets acquired and liabilities assumed were not significant. The Company has also completed an initial valuation of goodwill and deferred tax liabilities of Impact BioMedical, which are pending as of December 31, 2020 as several of the 2019 tax returns have yet to be filed. For the purposes of these financial statements, the Company has recorded goodwill of approximately \$25,093,000, driven by other intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition, and a deferred tax liability of approximately \$5,234,000. The goodwill is not deductible for tax purposes, and has been allocated to Impact BioMedical in totality as a single reporting unit. Impact BioMedical does not qualify for a separate reporting segment and is included in Corporate (see Note 18).

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following as of December 31:

	Estimated		
	Useful Life	2020	2019
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years	\$ 6,944,000	\$ 6,507,000
Building and improvements	39 years	1,976,000	1,962,000
Land		185,000	185,000
Furniture and fixtures	7 years	130,000	102,000
Software and websites	3 years	298,000	251,000
Total Cost		9,533,000	9,007,000
Less accumulated depreciation		5,387,000	4,679,000
Property, plant and equipment, net		\$ 4,146,000	\$ 4,328,000

NOTE 9 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

During 2020 and 2019, the Company spent approximately \$0 and \$10,000, respectively, on capitalized patent application costs.

On March 5, 2019, the Company paid \$350,000 and issued 130,435 shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$144,783 in conjunction with the signing of a Master Distributor Agreement with Advanced Cyber Security Corp. ("ACS") for the Company to distribute ACS's EndpointLockV™ cyber security software exclusively in thirteen countries in Asia and Australia, and non-exclusively, in the U.S. and Middle East. The aggregate cost of \$494,783 of the agreement was recorded as an intangible asset to be amortized over the expected useful life of 36 months.

On January 24, 2020 and April 8, 2020, the Company foreclosed on two separate note receivables with RBC Life Sciences, Inc. (see Note 4) during which the Company acquired \$637,000 of intangible assets as settlement of the amounts owed. These assets are being amortized over their useful lives.

On August 21, 2020, the Company completed its acquisition of Impact BioMedical, (see Note 7) during which the Company, based on valuations performed, acquired \$22,260,000 of developed technology assets. These assets are not yet placed in service and will be amortized over a 20-year useful life when placed in service, which is expected to be during the year ended December 31, 2021.

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Intangible assets are comprised of the following:

			2020			2019	
	Useful Life	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Developed technology							
assets	20 years	\$22,260,000	\$ -	\$ 22,260,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Acquired intangibles customer lists, licenses and non-compete	0.40	1 050 000	000 000	000 000	4 700 000	4 000 000	500,000
agreements	2-10 years	1,259,000	330,000	929,000	1,789,000	1,203,000	586,000
Acquired intangibles patents and patent rights		500,000	500,000	-	500,000	500,000	-
Patent application costs	Varied (1)	1,178,000	911,000	267,000	1,178,000	829,000	349,000
		\$ 25,197,000	1,741,000	\$ 23,456,000	3,467,000	2,532,000	935,000

⁽¹⁾ Patent application costs are amortized over their expected useful life which is generally the remaining legal life of the patent. As of December 31, 2020, the weighted average remaining useful life of these assets in service was approximately 8.2 years.

Expected amortization for each of the five succeeding fiscal years is as follows:

Year	Amount
2021	1,389,000
2022	1,243,000
2023	1,169,000
2024	1,147,000
2025	1,161,000

NOTE 10 - SHORT TERM AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Revolving Credit Lines - The Company's subsidiary Premier Packaging has a revolving credit line with Citizens Bank ("Citizens") of up to \$800,000 that bears interest at 1 Month LIBOR plus 2.0% (2.1% as of December 31, 2020). This revolving line of credit was renewed and has a maturity date of May 31, 2021 and is renewable annually. As of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the revolving line had a balance of \$0 and \$500,000 respectively.

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On July 26, 2017, Premier Packaging entered into a Loan Agreement and accompanying Term Note Non-Revolving Line of Credit Agreement with Citizens pursuant to which Citizens agreed to lend up to \$1,200,000 to permit Premier Packaging to purchase equipment from time to time that it may need for use in its business. The aggregate principal balance outstanding under the Equipment Acquisition Line of Credit shall bear interest thereon at a per annum rate of 2% above the LIBOR Advantage Rate until the Conversion Date (as defined in the Term Note Non-Revolving Line of Credit). Effective on the Conversion Date, the interest shall be adjusted to a fixed rate equal to 2% above the bank's Cost of Funds, as determined by Citizens. Current maturities of long-term debt are based on an estimated 48-month amortization which will be adjusted upon conversion. As of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Term Note had a balance of \$771,000 and \$899,000 respectively. The Company pays a monthly amount of \$13,000 in principal and interest.

On December 1, 2017, the Company's subsidiary Plastic Printing Professionals entered into a Loan Agreement and accompanying Term Note Non-Revolving Line of Credit Agreement with Citizens which was converted into two term notes under which the Company will make monthly payments of \$14,000 until November 30, 2023. Interest under the term notes is payable monthly at 5.37%. On December 31, 2019 this note had a balance of \$577,000. On July 20, 2020 the Company paid off this note.

Equipment Line of Credit - On July 31, 2020, Premier Packaging entered into a Loan Agreement and accompanying Term Note Non-Revolving Line of Credit Agreement with Citizens pursuant to which Citizens agreed to lend up to \$900,000 to permit Premier Packaging to purchase equipment from time to time that it may need for use in its business. The aggregate principal balance outstanding under the Equipment Acquisition Line of Credit shall bear interest thereon at a per annum rate of 2% above the LIBOR Advantage Rate until the Conversion Date (as defined in the Term Note Non-Revolving Line of Credit). Effective on the Conversion Date, the interest shall be adjusted to a fixed rate equal to 2% above the bank's Cost of Funds, as determined by Citizens. As of December 31, 2020, the loan had a balance of \$0 and Premier Packaging still has available \$900,000 for equipment borrowings.

Promissory Notes - On June 27, 2019 Premier Packaging refinanced and consolidated the outstanding principal associated with the two promissory notes for its packaging plant located in Victor, New York, for \$1,200,000 with Citizens Bank. The new Promissory Note calls for monthly payments of \$7,000, with interest fixed at 4.22%. The new Promissory Note matures on June 27, 2029, at which time a balloon payment of \$708,000 is due. As of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the new Promissory Note had a balance of \$1,100,000 and \$1,141,000 respectively.

The Citizens credit facilities to the Company's subsidiary Premier Packaging, contain various covenants including fixed charge coverage ratio, tangible net worth and current ratio covenants which are tested annually at December 31. For the year ended December 31, 2020, Premier Packaging was in compliance with the annual covenants.

On October 24, 2018, the Company's subsidiary, DSS Asia Limited entered into a \$100,000 unsecured promissory note with HotApps International Pte Ltd in conjunction with the acquisition of Guangzhou HotApps Technology Ltd., a Chinese subsidiary of HotApps International Pte Ltd, by DSS Asia Limited. The promissory note does not accrue interest and had a maturity date of October 24, 2020. This note was paid in full on October 9, 2020.

On March 2, 2020, AMRE entered into a \$200,000 unsecured promissory note with LVAM. The Note calls for interest to be paid annually on March 2 with interest fixed at 8.0%. As of December 31, 2020, accrued interest is included in the outstanding balance. If not paid sooner, the entire unpaid principal balance is due in full on March 2, 2022. As further incentive to enter into this Note, AMRE granted LVAM warrants to purchase shares of common stock of AMRE (the "Warrants"). The amount of the warrants granted is the equivalent of the Note Principal divided by the Exercise Price. The Warrants are exercisable for four years and are exercisable at \$5.00 per share (the "Exercise" Price). The value of the warrants is not considered to be material. The holder is a related party owned by the Chairman of the Company's board of directors. As of December 31, 2020, the new promissory note, inclusive of unpaid interest, had a balance of \$214,000.

During Q2 2020, the Company received loan proceeds for Premier Packaging, DSS Digital, and AAMI in the amount of approximately \$1,078,000 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP"). The PPP, established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), provides for loans to qualifying businesses for amounts up to 2.5 times of the average monthly payroll expenses of the qualifying business. These funds were used for payroll, benefits, rent, mortgage interest, and utilities. As of August 4, 2020, pursuant to the terms of the SBA PPP program, the Company submitted applications for Premier Packaging and DSS Digital for a requested 100% loan forgiveness. During the fourth quarter 2020, both these notes approximating \$969,000 were forgiven in full and recognized as a gain on the extinguishment of debt on the accompanying consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2020. AAMI, pursuant to the terms of the SBA PPP program, submitted its application for 100% loan forgiveness in October 2020, and received confirmation of forgiveness in January 2021.

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A summary of scheduled principal payments of long-term debt, not including revolving lines of credit, subsequent to December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Year	Amount
2021	\$ 278,000
2022	439,000
2023	178,000

2024	185,000
2025	193,000
Thereafter	981,000

NOTE 11 – OTHER LIABILITIES

On November 14, 2016, the Company entered into a Proceeds Investment Agreement (the "Agreement") with Brickell Key Investments LP ("BKI"). Pursuant to the Agreement, BKI financed an aggregate of \$13,500,000 in a patent purchase and monetization program to be implemented and managed by the Company (the "Financing"). Pursuant to the Agreement. \$3,000,000 of the Financing was used to cover the Company's purchase of a portfolio of U.S. and foreign LED patents and a license from Intellectual Discovery Co., Ltd., a Korean company (collectively, the "LED Patent Portfolio"), resulting in a basis in these assets of \$0. A total of \$6,000,000 of the Financing was directed by BKI to attorneys to cover anticipated attorneys' fees and out-of-pocket expenses for legal proceedings that may transpire relating to enforcement of the LED Patent Portfolio. This amount is not included in the Company's financial statements as the Company has no control over these funds, which are segregated and escrowed in the attorneys' trust account.

In addition, on November 14, 2016, the Company received \$4,500,000 of the Financing, which was required to be used by the Company to pay for the defense of Inter Partes Review or other similar proceedings that may be filed from time to time by defendants with the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office relating to the LED Patent Portfolio, with excess amounts available for general working capital needs. Of this amount, the Company allocated \$2,500,000 which it subsequently adjusted to \$1,500,000 for the payment of estimated future Inter Partes Review costs. The Company will reduce this liability as it pays legal and other expenses related to the Inter Partes Review matters involving the LED Patent Portfolio as incurred. As of December 31, 2020, an aggregate of \$780,988 is recorded as other liabilities by the Company, of which \$390,494 is classified as current. For the remaining \$3,000,000 the Company reduced the liability with an offset to selling, general and administrative costs by \$47,500 per month from January 2017 through July 2017, \$80,000 per month for the remainder of 2017 through March 2018, \$86,500 per month for the remainder of 2018, and through November of 2019. As of December 31, 2019, the liability has been fully amortized. An aggregate of \$955,000 was recorded as a reduction of the liability allocated to working capital in 2019.

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NOTE 12 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Sales of Equity – On February 18, 2020, in accordance with the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors compensation plan as CEO of one of the Company's subsidiaries,11,664 shares of the Company's common stock were remitted in lieu of cash as settlement of his Q3 and Q4 2019 salary of \$114,000 that was accrued as of December 31, 2019.

On February 18, 2019, the Company had entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with LiquidValue Development Pte Ltd., a company owned and controlled by Mr. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, DSS's Chairman, in the principal sum of \$500,000, of which up to \$500,000 of the Principal Amount could be paid by the conversion of such amount into the Company's common stock, par value \$0.02 per share, up to a maximum of 14,881 shares of common stock (the "Maximum Conversion Amount"), at a conversion price of \$33.60 per share. Effective on March 25, 2019, LiquidValue Development Pte Ltd exercised its conversion option and converted the Maximum Conversion Amount under the Note.

On March 5, 2019, the Company issued 4,348 shares of its common stock at \$34.50 per share as partial consideration for a licensing and distribution agreement entered into with Advanced Cyber Security Corp.

On June 5, 2019, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") with Aegis Capital Corp., acting as representative of the several underwriters, which provided for the issuance and sale by the Company in an underwritten public offering (the "Offering") and the purchase by the Underwriters of 373,333 shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.02 par value per share. Subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Underwriting Agreement, the shares were sold to the Underwriters at a public offering price of \$15.00 per share, less certain underwriting discounts and commissions. As part of this transaction, 66,667 shares were purchased by Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, Chairman of the Board of directors. The Company also granted the Underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to 1,680,000 additional shares of the Company's common stock on the same terms and conditions for the purpose of covering any over-allotments in connection with the Offering (17,306 shares were exercised on July 18, 2019 at \$15.00 per share, less underwriting discounts and expenses). The net offering proceeds to the Company was approximately \$5.0 million, inclusive of the July 18, 2019 transaction and after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and other offering expenses.

On November 1, 2019, pursuant to a Subscription Agreement, LiquidValue Development Pte LTD, a company owned and controlled by Mr. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, DSS's Chairman, purchased from the Company, in a private placement, and aggregate of 200,000 shares of common stock, for an above market purchase price equal to \$9.00 per share (at the time of LiquidValues' commitment, the closing stock price was \$7.80 per share) for net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$1.6 million after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and other offering expenses.

On February 20, 2020, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement #1") with Aegis Capital Corp. (the "Underwriter"), which provided for the issuance and sale by the Company and the purchase by the Underwriter, in a firm commitment underwritten public offering (the "Feb. 2020 Offering"), of 740,741 shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.02 par value per share. Subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Underwriting Agreement #1, the shares were sold to the Underwriter at a public offering price of \$5.40 (\$0.18 per shares pre-reverse stock split) per share, less certain underwriting discounts and commissions. The Company also granted the Underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to 111,111 additional shares of the Company's common stock on the same terms and conditions for the purpose of covering any over-allotments in connection with the Feb. 2020 Offering which were exercised. The net offering proceeds to the Company from the Feb. 2020 Offering were approximately \$4 million, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and other estimated offering expenses. The offering was closed on February 25, 2020. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, purchased \$2 million of shares in the Feb. 2020 Offering.

On May 15, 2020, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement #2") with the Underwriter, which provided for the issuance and sale by the Company and the purchase by the Underwriter, in a firm commitment underwritten public offering (the "May 2020 Offering"), of 769,230 shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.02 par value per share. Subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Underwriting Agreement #2, the shares were sold to the Underwriter at a public offering price of \$7.80 per share, less certain underwriting discounts and commissions. The Company also granted the Underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to 115,384 additional shares of the Company's common stock on the same terms and conditions for the purpose of covering any over-allotments in connection with the May 2020 Offering which was exercised. The net offering proceeds to the Company from the May 2020 Offering were approximately \$6.2 million, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and other estimated offering expenses. The May 2020 Offering was closed on June 26, 2020.

On July 7, 2020, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement #3") with the Underwriter, which provided for the issuance and sale by the Company and the purchase by the Underwriter, in a firm commitment underwritten public offering (the "July 2020 Offering"), of

1,028,800 shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.02 par value per share. Subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Underwriting Agreement #3, the shares were sold to the Underwriter at a public offering price of \$6.25 per share, less certain underwriting discounts and commissions. The Company also granted the Underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to 154,320 additional shares of the Company's common stock on the same terms and conditions for the purpose of covering any over-allotments in connection with the July 2020 Offering which was exercised. The net offering proceeds to the Company from the July 2020 Offering were approximately \$6.7 million. The July 2020 Offering was closed on July 10, 2020.

On July 28, 2020, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement #4") with the "Underwriter, which provided for the issuance and sale by the Company and the purchase by the Underwriter, in a firm commitment underwritten public offering (the "July 2020 Offering #2"), of 453,333 shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.02 par value per share. Subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Underwriting Agreement #4, the shares were sold to the Underwriter at a public offering price of \$7.50 per share, less certain underwriting discounts and commissions. The Company also granted the Underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to 38,533 additional shares of the Company's common stock on the same terms and conditions for the purpose of covering any over-allotments in connection with the July 2020 Offering #2. The net offering proceeds to the Company from the July 2020 Offering #2 were approximately \$3.3 million, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and other estimated offering expenses. The initial July 2020 Offering #2 was closed on July 31, 2020, and the overallotment was exercised on August 7, 2020.

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On August 21, 2020, the Company, completed its acquisition of Impact BioMedical, pursuant to a Share Exchange Agreement by and among the Company, DSS BioHealth, and related parties Alset Intl, and GBM which was previously approved by the Company's shareholders (the "Share Exchange"). Under the terms of the Share Exchange, the Company issued 483,334 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.02 per share, nominally valued at \$6.48 per share, and 46,868 newly issued shares of the Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock.

In connection with the Share Exchange for Impact BioMedical described in Note 7, on August 18, 2020, the Company filed a Certificate of Amendment of its Certificate of Incorporation (the "Certificate of Amendment") to increase the number of authorized shares of the Company, including 47,000 shares of Preferred Stock, with a par value of \$0.02, of which 47,000 shares were designated Series A Preferred Stock. The Certificate of Amendment, the form of which was previously disclosed in a Schedule 14A Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 14, 2020. As described in Note 7, this transaction is a related party transaction.

Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock have no voting rights, except as required by applicable law or regulation, and no dividends accrue or are payable on the Series A Preferred Stock. The holders of Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to a liquidation preference at a liquidation value of \$1,000 per share aggregating to \$46,868,000, and the Company has the right to redeem all or any portion of the then outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock, pro rata among all holders, at a redemption price per share equal to such liquidation value per share. The Series A Preferred Stock ranks senior to Common Stock and any other class of securities that is specifically designated as junior to the Series A Preferred Stock with respect to rights on the distribution of assets on any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company, in respect of a liquidation preference equal to its par value of \$1,000. A holder of Series A Preferred Stock has the option to convert each share of Series A Preferred Stock into a number of common shares in the Company equal to the \$1,000 liquidation preference divided by a conversion price of \$6.48 or 154.32 shares subject to a Beneficial Ownership Limitation of 19.99%, as defined in the Share Exchange Agreement. Additionally, the Company has the option to require conversion of all outstanding Series A Preferred Stock into common stock at any time, subject to the Beneficial Ownership Limitation discussed. In aggregate the Series A Preferred Shares are convertible into 7,232,670 shares of the Company's common stock at the date of issuance. The Company evaluated the classification of the Series A Preferred Shares under the guidance enumerated in ASC 470, 480, and 815 and determined that based on the features noted above the instruments are accounted for as permanent equity. On October 16, 2020, GBM converted 4,293 shares of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock into 662,500 shares of the Company's common A shares.

Stock Warrants –The following is a summary with respect to warrants outstanding and exercisable as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 and activity during the years then ended:

	20	20		2019			
	Weighted Average Exercise Warrants Price		Warrants	Weighte Average Exercise Ints Price			
Outstanding at January 1:	40,677	\$	33.52	47,671	\$	120.00	
Granted during the year	-			-		-	
Lapsed/terminated	(4,163)		30	(6,994)		623	
Outstanding at December 31:	36,514	\$	33.92	40,677	\$	33.52	
Exercisable at December 31:	36,514	\$	33.92	40,677	\$	33.52	
Weighted average months remaining			9.9			8.7	

The Company did not issue any warrants in 2020 or 2019.

Stock Options - On June 20, 2013, the Company's shareholders adopted the 2013 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan (the "2013 Plan"). The 2013 Plan provides for the issuance of up to a total of 50,000 shares of common stock authorized to be issued for grants of options, restricted stock and other forms of equity to employees, directors and consultants. Under the terms of the 2013 Plan, options granted thereunder may be designated as options which qualify for incentive stock option treatment ("ISOs") under Section 422A of the Internal Revenue Code, or options which do not qualify ("NQSOs"). As of December 31, 2020, no shares remained available under this plan.

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On December 9, 2019, the Company's shareholders adopted the 2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan (the "2020 Plan"). The 2020 Plan provides for the issuance of up to a total of 241,204 shares of common stock authorized to be issued for grants of options, restricted stock and other forms of equity to employees, directors and consultants. Under the terms of the 2020 Plan, options granted thereunder may be designated as options which qualify for incentive stock option treatment ("ISOs") under Section 422A of the Internal Revenue Code, or options which do not qualify ("NQSOs").

The following is a summary with respect to options outstanding as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 and activity during the years then ended:

	2020			2019				
	Number of Options	A E	eighted verage xercise Price	Weighted Average life Remaining (Years)	Number of Options	4	/eighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average life Remaining (Years)
Outstanding at January 1,	19,264	\$	150.30		26,089	\$	199.80	
Granted	-		-		-		-	
Lapsed/terminated	-		-		(6,825)		231.00	
Outstanding at December 31,	19,264	\$	150.30	2.2	19,264	\$	150.30	3.2
Exercisable at December 31,	19,264	\$	150.30	2.2	13,625	\$	195.00	3.5
Expected to vest at December 31,		\$	150.30	2.2	5,639	\$	42.90	3.4
Aggregate intrinsic value of outstanding options at December 31,	\$ -				\$ -			
Aggregate intrinsic value of exercisable options at December 31,	\$ -				\$ -			
Aggregate intrinsic value of options expected to vest at December 31,	\$ -				\$ -			

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant utilizing the Black-Scholes-Merton Option Pricing Model. The Company estimates the expected volatility of the Company's common stock at the grant date using the historical volatility of the Company's common stock over the most recent period equal to the expected stock option term.

The aggregate grant date fair value of options that vested during 2020 and 2019 was approximately \$100,000 and \$104,000, respectively. There were no options exercised during 2020 or 2019.

Restricted Stock - Restricted common stock may be issued under the Company's 2013 or 2020 Plan for services to be rendered which may not be sold, transferred or pledged for such period as determined by our Compensation Committee and Management Resources. Restricted stock compensation cost is measured as the stock's fair value based on the quoted market price at the date of grant. The restricted shares issued reduce the amount available under the employee stock option plans. Compensation cost is recognized only on restricted shares that will ultimately vest. The Company estimates the number of shares that will ultimately vest at each grant date based on historical experience and adjust compensation cost and the carrying amount of unearned compensation based on changes in those estimates over time. Restricted stock compensation cost is recognized ratably over the requisite service period which approximates the vesting period. An employee may not sell or otherwise transfer unvested shares and, if employment is terminated prior to the end of the vesting period, any unvested shares are surrendered to us. The Company has no obligation to repurchase any restricted stock.

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On September 6, 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 7,477 shares of fully vested restricted stock to members of the Company's management team of with a two-year lock-up period and had an aggregated grant date fair value of approximately \$94,000 which is included in stock based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2019.

On April 3, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 5,833 shares of fully vested restricted stock to members of the Company's management team of with a two-year lock-up period and had an aggregated grant date fair value of approximately \$38,000 which is included in stock based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Stock-Based Compensation – The Company records stock-based payment expense related to options and warrants based on the grant date fair value in accordance with FASB ASC 718. Stock-based compensation includes expense charges for all stock-based awards to employees, directors and consultants. Such awards include option grants, warrant grants, and restricted stock awards. During the twelve-months ended December 31, 2020, the Company had stock compensation expense of approximately \$188,000 or approximately \$0.05 and \$0.03 basic and diluted earnings per shares, respectively (\$422,000, or \$0.50 basic and diluted earnings per share for the corresponding twelve months ended December 31, 2019).

In July 2019, by unanimous written consent, the Board of Directors authorized the Company to issue individual stock grants of the Company's common stock, pursuant to the Company's 2013 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan, to certain officers and directors in the amount of 15,291 shares, at \$12.60 per share which were immediately vested and issued on September 6, 2019. 7,477 of these shares where were fully vested restricted stock to members of the Company's management team of with a two-year lock-up period.

On April 3, 2020, by unanimous written consent, the Board of Directors authorized the Company to issue individual stock grants of the Company's common stock, pursuant to the Company's 2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan, to certain managers and directors in the amount of 8,900 shares, at \$6.60 per share which were immediately vested and issued. 5,800 of these shares where were fully vested restricted stock to members of the Company's management team with a two-year lock-up period.

On June 4, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement with an investor relations firm to provide services over a 14-month period in exchange for 21,000 shares of common stock. The shares were issued on the date of the agreement and were valued by the Company at \$210,000. The value assigned to the shares is included in other assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and will be expensed as marketing expense as it is earned.

On September 23, 2020, by written consent of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman of the board, the Company to issue individual stock grants of the Company's common stock, pursuant to the Company's 2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan, to a consultant of the Company in the amount of 20,000 shares, at \$4.48 per share which were immediately vested.

NOTE 13 - INCOME TAXES

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax basis of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets are reduced, if deemed necessary, by a valuation allowance for the amount of tax benefits which are not expected to be realized.

The following is a summary of the components giving rise to the income tax provision (benefit) for the years ended December 31:

The provision (benefit) for income taxes consists of the following:

	2020		2019
Currently payable:			
Federal	\$ -	\$	-
State	5,000		-
Total currently payable	 5,000		-
Deferred:			
Federal	582,000		(367,000)
State	(22,000)		(125,000)
Foreign	(125,000)		(117,000)
Total deferred	 435,000		(609,000)
Less: (decrease) increase in allowance	(2,214,000)		484,000
Net deferred	 (1,779,000)		(125,000)
Total income tax benefit	\$ (1,774,000)	\$	(125,000)

Individual components of deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2020			2019	
Deferred tax assets:					
Net operating loss carry forwards	\$	13,852,000	\$	11,189,000	
Equity issued for services		192,000		169,000	
Goodwill and other intangibles		0		676,000	
Investment in pass-through entity		12,000		12,000	
Deferred revenue		183,000		182,000	
Operating Lease Liability		47,000		284,000	
Other		605,000		376,000	
Gross deferred tax assets		14,891,000		12,888,000	
Deferred tax liabilities:					
Goodwill and other intangibles		4,668,000		29,000	
Unrealized gains		2,599,000		-	
Right -of-use asset		47,000		284,000	
Gross deferred tax liabilities		7,314,000		313,000	
Less: valuation allowance		(11,076,000)		(12,619,000)	
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$	(3,499,000)	\$	(44,000)	

The 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act repeals the corporate alternative minimum tax (AMT) and permits existing minimum tax credits carryovers to offset the regular tax liability for any tax year. Further, the credit is refundable for any tax year beginning after December 31, 2017 and before December 31, 2020 in an amount equal to 50 percent of the excess of the minimum tax credit over regular liability. Any remaining credit will be fully refundable for the year ended December 31, 2021. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had \$0 and \$46,000 respectively of minimum tax credit included in prepaids and other current assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

On December 22, 2017, the President of the United States signed into law the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act"). The legislation significantly changed U.S. tax law by, among other things, lowering corporate income tax rates, implementing a territorial tax system and imposing a repatriation tax on deemed repatriated earnings of foreign subsidiaries. The Act permanently reduced the U.S. corporate income tax rate from a maximum of 35% to a 21% rate, effective January 1, 2018

Pretax losses from the Company's foreign subsidiaries amounted to \$.4 million and \$1.5 million for 2020 and 2019, respectively. The balance of pretax earnings or loss for each of those years were domestic.

While the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act provides for a territorial tax system, beginning in 2018, it includes the foreign-derived intangible income ("FDII") and global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") provisions. The Company elected to account for GILTI tax in the period in which it is incurred. The GILTI provisions require the Company to include in its U.S. income tax return foreign subsidiary earnings from its Controlled Foreign Corporations ("CFCs") in excess of an allowable return on the foreign subsidiary's tangible assets. The FDII provisions allow for a deduction equal to a percentage of the foreign-derived intangible income of a domestic corporation. As a result of these provisions, the Company did not have any additional tax expense or benefit from either GILTI or FDII.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") was enacted in response to the economic uncertainty resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. The CARES Act includes many measures to assist companies, including temporary changes to income and non-income based laws, some of which were enacted as part of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA"). Some of the key changes include eliminating the 80% of taxable income limitation by allowing corporate entities to fully utilize NOLs to offset taxable income in 2018, 2019 and 2020, allowing NOLs originating in 2018, 2019 and 2020 to be carried back five years, enhanced interest deductibility, and retroactively clarifying the immediate recovery of qualified improvement property costs rather than over a 39-year recovery period. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company was not able to benefit from these provisions. The Company will continue to monitor additional guidance issued and assess the impact that various provisions will have on its business.

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company has approximately \$56.7 million and \$50.0 million in federal net operating loss carryforwards ("NOLs"), respectively, available to reduce future taxable income. Under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, the net operating losses are subject to review and possible adjustment by the Internal Revenue Service and state tax authorities. Certain tax attributes are subject to an annual limitation as a result of certain cumulative changes in ownership interest of significant shareholders which could constitute a change of ownership as defined under Internal Revenue Code Section 382. The Company has completed a full analysis of historical ownership changes and determined that a portion of the net operating losses have a limitation on future deductibility. Approximately \$43.8 million of net operating losses incurred prior to 2020 will be unable to offset future taxable income and have been reserved via a valuation allowance to reduce the deferred tax asset to the expected realizable amount, leaving \$2.9M available for use which expire at various dates through 2038 and the residual which never expire. Additionally, at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had approximately \$6.9 million and \$5.5 million, and \$2.2 million and \$1.4 million, of California and Illinois NOL carry-forwards, respectively, which expire through 2039. The NOL carry-forwards may be limited in certain circumstances, including ownership change and have been fully reserved via a valuation allowance.

The valuation allowance for deferred tax assets decreased approximately \$1,543,000 (net of \$671,000 acquired with Impact BioMedical) in the year ended December 31, 2020 and increased by approximately \$484,000 in the year ended December 31, 2019. The decrease in the current year valuation allowance and subsequent increase in the deferred tax liability is driven by several factors and is represented in the below table:

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Balance	at December 31, 2019	\$ 44,000
Add:	Acquisition of Impact BioMedical	5,234,000
	Current year activity	435,000
Less:		
	Release of valuation allowance	2,214,000
Balance	at December 31, 2020	\$ 3,499,000

The differences between the United States statutory federal income tax rate and the effective income tax rate in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations are as follows:

	2020	2019
Statutory United States federal rate	21.0%	21.00%
State income taxes net of federal benefit	(9.3)%	3.3%
Permanent differences	2.0%	(1.6)%
Other	(8.3)%	(1.3)%
Non-controlling interest	(70.5)%	-%
Foreign taxes	7.3%	(1.1)%
PPP loan forgiveness	(142.2)%	-%
Stock based compensation	22.4%	-%
Executive compensation	485.2%	
Change in valuation allowance	(1547.5)%	(16.3)%
Effective rate	(1,239.9)%	4.00%

The Company recognizes interest accrued and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in tax expense. During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company recognized no interest and penalties.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states. The tax years 2017-2020 generally remain open to examination by major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The Company maintains a qualified employee savings plans (the "401(k) Plan") that qualifies as a deferred salary arrangement under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and which covers all eligible employees. Employees generally become eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan two months following the employee's hire date. Employees may contribute a percentage of their earnings, subject to the limitations of the Internal Revenue Code. Commencing on January 1, 2018, the Company matched 100% of the first 1% of employee contributions, then 50% of additional contributions up to an aggregate maximum match of 3.5%. The total matching contributions for 2020 and 2019 were approximately \$117,000 and \$123,000, respectively.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has operating leases predominantly for operating facilities. As of December 31, 2020, the remaining lease terms on our operating leases range from seven to sixteen months. DSS Plastics Group which finalized the sale of its assets on August 14, 2020 is not included in the lease liability calculation (see Note 16). Renewal options to extend our leases have not been exercised due to uncertainty. Termination options are not reasonably certain of exercise by the Company. There is no transfer of title or option to purchase the leased assets upon expiration. There are no residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. There are no significant finance leases as of December 31, 2020. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 was approximately \$217,000 and \$255,000 respectively.

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Future minimum lease payments as of December 31,2020 are as follows:

	Totals
2021	176,000
2022	13,000
2023	-

2024	<u>-</u>
Total lease payments	189,000
Less: Imputed Interest	(7,000)
Present value of remaining lease payments	\$ 182,000
Current	\$ 167,000
Noncurrent	\$ 15,000
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)	1.05
Weighted-average discount rate	4.0%

Employment Agreements - The Company has employment or severance agreements with members of its management team. The employment or severance agreements provide for severance payments in the event of termination for certain causes. As of December 31, 2020, the Company accrued approximately \$4,300,000 for Mr. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, an executive of the Company's DSS Cyber Security Pte. Ltd subsidiary in accordance with the terms of his employment contract. Also, as of December 31, 2020, the minimum severance payments under these employment agreements are, in aggregate, approximately \$182,000.

Legal Proceedings -

The Apple Litigation

On November 26, 2013, DSSTM filed suit against Apple, Inc. ("Apple") in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, for patent infringement (the "Apple Litigation"). The complaint alleges infringement by Apple of DSSTM's patents that relate to systems and methods of using low power wireless peripheral devices. DSSTM is seeking a judgment for infringement, injunctive relief, and compensatory damages from Apple. On October 28, 2014, the case was stayed by the District Court pending a determination of Apple's motion to transfer the case to the Northern District of California. On November 7, 2014, Apple's motion to transfer the case to the Northern District of California was granted. On December 30, 2014, Apple filed two Inter Partes Review ("IPR") petitions with the Patent Trial and Appeal Board ("PTAB") for review of the patents at issue in the case. The PTAB instituted the IPRs on June 25, 2015. The California District Court then stayed the case pending the outcome of those IPR proceedings. Oral arguments of the IPRs took place on March 15, 2016, and on June 17, 2016, PTAB ruled in favor of Apple on both IPR petitions. DSSTM then filed an appeal with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit (the "Federal Circuit") seeking reversal of the PTAB decisions. Oral arguments for the appeal were held on August 9, 2017. On March 23, 2018, the Federal Circuit reversed the PTAB, finding that the PTAB erred when it found the claims of U.S. Patent No. 6,128,290 to be unpatentable. The Federal Circuit affirmed its decision on July 12, 2018, when it denied Apple's petition for panel rehearing of the Federal Circuit's Opinion and Judgment issued on March 23, 2018. On July 27, 2018, the District Court judge lifted the Stay resuming the litigation, which had a trial date set for the week of February 24, 2020. On January 14, 2020, the Court in the case DSS Technology Management, Inc. v. Apple, Inc., 4:14-cv-05330-HSG pending in the Northern District of California issued an order that denied DSS' motion to amend its infringement contentions. In the same Order, the Court granted Apple's motion to strike DSS' infringement expert report. DSS filed a motion for leave to file a motion for reconsideration of the Court's order denying DSS the right to amend its infringement contentions and motion to strike DSS infringement expert report. On February 18, 2020, the Court denied DSS's motion for leave to file a motion for reconsideration. On February 24, 2020, the Court signed a Final Judgment stipulating that Apple was "entitled to a judgment of non-infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,128,290 as a matter of law." On March 10, 2020 DSS filed an appeal of this Final Judgment to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit under DSS Technology Management v. Apple, Federal Circuit Docket no. 2020-1570. Briefing on the appeal has been completed. The parties are currently waiting for the Court of Appeals to schedule a date for oral argument.

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The LED Litigation

On April 13, 2017, the Company filed a patent infringement lawsuit against Seoul Semiconductor Co., Ltd. and Seoul Semiconductor, Inc. (collectively, "Seoul Semiconductor") in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, alleging infringement of certain of the Company's Light-Emitting Diode ("LED") patents. The Company is seeking a judgment for infringement of the patents along with other relief including, but not limited to, money damages, costs and disbursements. On June 7, 2017, the Company refiled its patent infringement complaint against Seoul Semiconductor in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, Southern Division. On December 3, 2017, Seoul Semiconductor filed an IPR challenging the validity of certain claims of U.S. Patent No. 6,949,771. This IPR was instituted by the PTAB on June 7, 2018. On April 18, 2019, the PTAB issued a written decision determining claims 1-9 of the '771 patent unpatentable. The Company did not appeal that determination. On December 21, 2017, Seoul Semiconductor filed an IPR challenging the validity of certain claims of U.S. Patent No. 7,256,486. This IPR was instituted by the PTAB on June 21, 2018. On June 10, 2019, the PTAB issued a written decision determining claims 1-3 of the '486 patent unpatentable. On August 12, 2019, the Company filed a Notice of Appeal with the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals challenging the PTAB's decisions. The Company subsequently filed a motion to vacate and remand the PTAB's decision in light of intervening precedent under the Appointments Clause. That motion was granted on January 23, 2020. On January 25, 2018, Seoul Semiconductor filed an IPR challenging the validity of certain claims of U.S. Patent No. 7,524,087. This IPR was instituted by the PTAB on July 27, 2018. On July 22, 2019, the PTAB issued a written decision determining claims 1, 6-8, 15, and 17 of the '087 patent unpatentable. On September 23, 2019, the Company filed a Notice of Appeal with the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals challenging the PTAB's decisions. The Company subsequently filed a motion to vacate and remand the PTAB's decision in light of intervening precedent under the Appointments Clause. That motion was granted on February 3, 2020. These challenged patents are the patents that are the subject matter of the infringement lawsuit, which is pending but stayed pending the outcome of the IPR proceedings.

On April 13, 2017, the Company filed a patent infringement lawsuit against Cree, Inc. ("Cree") in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, alleging infringement of certain of the Company's LED patents. The Company is seeking a judgment for infringement of the patents along with other relief including, but not limited to, money damages, costs and disbursements. On June 8, 2017, the Company refiled its patent infringement complaint against Cree in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, and thereafter filed a first amended complaint for patent infringement against Cree in that same court on July 14, 2017. The case is currently pending as of the date of this Report. On June 6, 2018, Cree filed an IPR petition challenging the validity of claims under U.S. Patent No. 7,256,486. This IPR was instituted and joined with the Seoul Semiconductor IPR. On June 7, 2018, Cree filed IPR petitions challenging the validity of certain claims U.S. Patent Nos. 7,524,087 and 6,949,771. Both IPRs were denied by the PTAB on November 14, 2018 as time barred. The challenged patent is the patent that is the subject matter of the infringement lawsuit, which is pending but stayed pending the outcome of the IPR.

On August 15, 2017, the Company filed a patent infringement lawsuit against Lite-On, Inc., and Lite-On Technology Corporation (collectively, "Lite-On") in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, alleging infringement of certain of the Company's LED patents. The Company is seeking a judgment for infringement of the patents along with other relief including, but not limited to, money damages, costs and disbursements. The case is currently pending but is stayed pending the outcome of IPR proceedings filed by other parties.

On December 7, 2017, DSS filed a patent infringement lawsuit against Nichia Corporation and Nichia America Corporation in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, alleging infringement of certain of DSS's LED patents. The Company is seeking a judgment for infringement of the patents along with other relief including, but not limited to, money damages, costs and disbursements. The case is currently pending as of the date of this Report. On May 10, 2018, Nichia filed an IPR petition challenging the validity of claims under U.S. Patent No. 7,919,787. On May 11, 2018, Nichia filed an IPR petition challenging the validity of claims under U.S. Patent No. 7,524,087. On May 29, 2018, Nichia filed an IPR petition challenging the validity of claims under U.S. Patent No. 7,524,087. On May 29, 2018, Nichia filed an IPR petition challenging the validity of claims under U.S. Patent No. 7,524,087. On May 29, 2018, Nichia filed an IPR petition challenging the validity of claims under U.S. Patent No. 7,526,486. The 6,949,771 IPR was denied institution, but the remaining IPRs were instituted by the PTAB. On December 10, 2018, Nichia refiled IPRs relating to 6,949,771, which was denied by the PTAB on April 15, 2019. These challenged patents are the patents that are the subject matter of the infringement lawsuit, which is pending but stayed pending the outcome of the IPR proceedings. On September 17, 2019, the PTAB issued a written decision determining claims 1-14 of the '787 patent unpatentable. The Company did not appeal that determination. On October 30, 2019, the PTAB issued a written decision determining claims 1-15 of the '486 patent unpatentable. The Company has appealed that determination to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. That appeal is now fully briefed. The Court of Appeals has not yet set the matter for argument.

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On September 18, 2019, DSS filed a patent infringement lawsuit against Seoul Semiconductor Co., Ltd. and Seoul Semiconductor Inc. in the United States District Court for the Central District of California alleging infringement of U.S. Patent No. 7,315,119. The Company is seeking a judgment for infringement of the patents along with other relief including, but not limited to, money damages, costs and disbursements. The Court has conducted an initial scheduling conference and has set a procedural schedule for the case. On May 18, 2020, Seoul Semiconductor filed an IPR petition challenging the validity of claims 1-7 of the patent. The District Court has entered a stay of the District Court proceedings pending the outcome of the IPR petition. The IPR petition was instituted on November 20, 2020 and remains pending.

On September 19, 2019, DSS filed a patent infringement lawsuit against Cree, Inc. in the United States District Court for the Central District of California alleging infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,784,460. The Company is seeking a judgment for infringement of the patents along with other relief including, but not limited to, money damages, costs and disbursements. On February 11, 2020, Cree filed an IPR petition challenging the validity of the patent claims. On September 1, 2020, the PTAB instituted the IPR proceeding. The District Court has conducted an initial scheduling conference and has set a procedural schedule for the case. The District Court has entered a stay of the District Court proceedings pending the outcome of the IPR petition, which remains pending.

On September 20, 2019, DSS filed a patent infringement lawsuit against Nichia Corp. and Nichia America Corp. in the United States District Court for the Central District of California alleging infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,879,040. The Company is seeking a judgment for infringement of the patents along with other relief including, but not limited to, money damages, costs and disbursements. The Court has conducted an initial scheduling conference and has set a procedural schedule for the case. On May 18, 2020, Nichia filed an IPR petition challenging the validity of claims 1-4, 8, and 11 of the patent. The District Court has entered a stay of the District Court proceedings pending the outcome of the IPR petition. On November 17, 2020, the PTAB instituted the IPR proceeding, which remains pending.

The Intel, Apple Litigation

On November 20, 2019, DSS Technology Management was sued in the United States District Court, Northern District of California, by Intel Corporation ("Intel") and Apple Inc. ("Apple"). The other defendants in the litigation are Fortress Investment Group LLC, Fortress Credit Co. LLC, Uniloc 2017 LLC, Uniloc USA, INC., Uniloc Luxembourg S.A.R.L., VLSI Technology LLC, INVT SPE LLC, Inventergy Global, INC., IXI IP, LLC, and Seven Networks, LLC. The complaint includes allegations regarding a February 13, 2014 Investment Agreement between DSS Technology Management and Fortress Credit Co. LLC as well as two subsequent agreements. The complaint also contains allegations regarding DSS Technology Management's lawsuit against Intel that was filed in February 2015 in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Texas (referred to below). In the complaint, Intel and Apple allege violations of Section 1 of the Sherman Act and unfair competition under Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 against DSS Technology Management. Additional claims are alleged against other defendants. Intel and Apple seek relief from the court including that defendants' conduct be declared a violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Act. Section 7 of the Clayton Act. and Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, et seq.; that Intel and Apple recover damages against defendants in an amount to be determined and multiplied to the extent provided by law, including under Section 4 of the Clayton Act; that all contracts or agreements defendants entered into in violation of the Sherman Act, Clayton Act, or Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, et seq. be declared void and the patents covered by those transfer agreements be transferred back to the transferors; that all patents transferred to defendants in violation of the Sherman Act, Clayton Act, or Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, et seg. be declared unenforceable; and that Intel and Apple recover their costs and expenses associated with this case, together with interest. DSS Technology Management responded to the complaint on February 4, 2020 by filing a motion to dismiss and strike the complaint as well as a motion to stay discovery. The court granted the motion to stay discovery on March 25, 2020. A hearing on the motion to dismiss and to strike the complaint was reset for July 8, 2020. On July 8, 2020 the court granted DSS's motion to dismiss, and while the order allowed the Plaintiffs leave to amend their complaint, it did dismiss with prejudice claims against DSS based on the patents asserted by DSS that were part of the complaint. On August 4, 2020, Apple and Intel filed a first amended complaint, in which DSS is no longer named as a defendant and upon which we believe the case is closed as to DSS.

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The Ronaldi Litigation

In April 2019 DSS commenced an action in New York State Supreme Court, Monroe County, Index No. E2019003542, against Jeffrey Ronaldi, our former Chief Executive Officer. This New York action seeks a declaratory judgment that, contrary to informal claims made by him, Mr. Ronaldi's employment agreement with us expired by its terms and that he is not entitled to any cash bonuses or other unpaid amounts. The lawsuit also seeks an injunction against Mr. Ronaldi from interfering with any of DSS' IP litigation. Mr. Ronaldi subsequently commenced an action against DSS in the Superior Court of California, County of San Diego, on November 8, 2019, under case number 37-2019-00059664-CU-CO-CTL, in which he alleged that DSS terminated his employment in April 2019 in order to avoid paying him certain employment-related amounts. DSS was successful in dismissing the California case and consolidating it with the action pending in Monroe County, New York. Mr. Ronaldi asserted counterclaims in the Monroe County, New York action similar to those he originally brought in California. Mr. Ronaldi claims that his termination violated an alleged employment agreement or implied-in-fact employment agreement and that he should have remained employed through 2019. Mr. Ronaldi seeks to recover: (i) \$144,657.53 in wages from April 11, 2019 through December 31, 2019; (ii) \$769.23 in alleged unpaid based salary for time worked before April 11, 2019; (iii) \$15,384.62 in alleged paid time off compensation; (iv) \$3,076.93 in alleged unpaid sick time compensation; (v) \$26,076.93 in waiting-time penalties; (vi) -\$91,000 in unspecified expense reimbursement; (vii) \$300,000 in alleged cash bonuses (\$100,000 per year) based on DSS's performance in 2017, 2018 and 2019; and (viii) a \$450,000 performance bonus based on the result of certain alleged net

proceeds from patent infringement litigation. He further claims an interest in any recovery in DSS Technology Management v. Apple, Inc., Case No. 4:14-cf05330-HSG. The parties are now engaged in discovery.

Additionally, on March 2, 2020 DSS and DSSTM filed a second litigation action against Jeffrey Ronaldi in the State of New York, Supreme Court, County of Monroe, Document Security Systems, Inc. and DSS Technology Management, Inc. vs. Jeffrey Ronaldi, Index No.: 2020002300, alleging acts of self-dealing and conflicts of interest while he served as CEO of both DSS and DSS TM. Mr. Ronaldi filed a Notice of Removal of this civil litigation to the United States District Court for the Western District of New York where it was assigned Case No. 6:20-cv-06265-EAW. Mr. Ronaldi filed a motion seeking to compel DSS to advance his legal fees to defend the action, which motion was fully briefed as of June 30, 2020 and remains pending and undecided. On March 16, 2021 the Western District of New York granted Mr. Ronaldi's motion to have his defense costs advanced to him during the pendency of the action as they are incurred. On March 26, 2021 Mr. Ronaldi applied to the court for reimbursement of \$160,896.25 in legal fees. The Company intends to object to the size of that bill as it was based on out-of-town billing rates and the result of an excessive number of hours spent on litigation. The parties are awaiting the court's scheduling of the status conference for the management of all pretrial activities and set a tentative date for trial, however, due to discovery disputes the Court has signaled its intent to extend those deadlines.

Maiden Biosciences Litigation

On February 15, 2021, Maiden Biosciences, Inc. ("Maiden") commenced an action against Document Security Stems, Inc. ("DSS"), Decentralized Sharing Systems, Inc. ("Decentralized"), HWH World, Inc. ("HWH"), RBC Life International, Inc., RBC Life Sciences, Inc ("RBC")., Frank D. Heuszel ("Heuszel"), Steven E. Brown, Clinton Howard, and Andrew Howard (collectively, "Defendants"). The lawsuit is currently pending in the United States District Court Northern District of Texas, Dallas Division, and is styled and numbered Maiden Biosciences, Inc. v. Document Security Stems, Inc., et al., Case No. 3:21-cv-00327.

This lawsuit relates to two promissory notes executed by RBC in the 4 th quarter of 2019 in favor of Decentralized and HWH, totaling approximately \$800,000. Maiden, a 2020 default judgment creditor of RBC, in the principal amount of \$4,329,000, now complains about those notes, the funding of those notes, the subsequent default of those notes by RBC, and HWH and Decentralize's subsequent Article 9 foreclosure or deed-in-lieu debt conveyances. In the instant lawsuit, Maiden asserts claims against Defendants for unjust enrichment, fraudulent transfer under the Texas Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act, and violation of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act. Maiden also seeks a judgment from the court declaring: "(1) Defendants lacked a valid security interest in RBC and RBC Subsidiaries' assets and therefore lacked the authority to sell the assets during the public foreclosure sale; (2) Defendant Heuszel's low bid at the public foreclosure sale was invalid and void; (3) the public foreclosure sale was conducted in a commercially unreasonable manner; and (4) Defendants do not have the legal authority to transfer RBC and RBC's Subsidiaries assets to Heuszel and HWH." Maiden seeks to recover from Defendants: (1) treble damages or, alternatively, damages in the amount of their underlying judgment plus the other creditors' claims or the value of the assets transferred, whichever is less, plus punitive or exemplary damages; (2) pre and post-judgment interest; and (3) attorneys' fees and cost.

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Pursuant to an agreement with Maiden, the deadline for Defendants DSS, Decentralized, HWH, RBC Life International, Inc., and Heuszel to answer or otherwise respond is March 30, 2021. The pretrial deadlines and tentative trial date will be set by the Court following a customary status conference.

In addition to the foregoing, we may become subject to other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business and have not been finally adjudicated. Adverse decisions in any of the foregoing may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, cash flows or our financial condition. The Company accrues for potential litigation losses when a loss is probable and estimable.

Contingent Litigation Payments – The Company retains the services of professional service providers, including law firms that specialize in intellectual property licensing, enforcement and patent law. These service providers are often retained on an hourly, monthly, project, contingent or a blended fee basis. In contingency fee arrangements, a portion of the legal fee is based on predetermined milestones or the Company's actual collection of funds. The Company accrues contingent fees when it is probable that the milestones will be achieved, and the fees can be reasonably estimated. As of December 31, 2020, the Company had not accrued any contingent legal fees pursuant to these arrangements.

Contingent Payments – The Company is party to certain agreements with funding partners who have rights to portions of intellectual property monetization proceeds that the Company receives. As of December 31, 2020, there are no contingent payments due.

NOTE 16 - DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

As a result of the insufficient cash flows from the operations of Plastic Printing Professionals, Inc. as well as the disruption of our business from the COVID-19 pandemic, on April 20, 2020, the Company executed a nonbinding letter of intent with a buyer for substantially all the assets of this business line. with an intent to exit this business line. As a result, management has decided to fully impair its goodwill related to DSS Plastics. The impact to DSS's first quarter earnings of this impairment was approximately \$685,000. On August 14, 2020, the Company entered into a final Asset Purchase Agreement and the Company terminated its production and office personnel and maintained only a few employees to assist in and facilitate the sale of its assets. The financial results for these subsidiaries have been presented as discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The consideration paid to the Company under the Asset Purchase Agreement for the sale of the assets included a one-time cash payment of \$683,000 and an additional contingent earn-out payment of an aggregate amount of up to \$517,000 based on future quarterly gross revenue of the business to be conducted by the buyer with the sold assets. Consistent with the Company's policy for accounting for gain contingencies, the earn out will be recorded when determined realizable which did not occur during the twelve-months ended December 31, 2020. As of December 31, 2020, the Company has recognized \$390,000 of this earn out in Loss from Discontinued Operations. The net effect of all assets disposed of is a net loss of \$111,000 These amounts are included in Loss from Discontinued Operations. Included in its Right-of-use assets is the lease of the Company's facility in Brisbane, Ca. The intent is to sublease this property for a value equal to or in excess of the current payments and therefore, not impairment of this asset is deemed necessary at December 31, 2020.

The following tables show the major classes of assets and liabilities held for sale and results of operations of the discontinued operation.

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	2020		2019	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Inventory	\$	-	\$	342,000
Total current assets		-		342,000
Property, plant and equipment, net		-		732,000
Right-of-use assets		744,000		1,081,000
LIABILITIES				
A				
Current liabilities:				
Current portion of lease liability		240,000		274,000
Total current liabilities		240,000		274,000
Long term lease liability		505,000		807,000

DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Operations - Discontinued Operations

For the Year Ended December 31 2020 2019 Revenue: Printed products 3,860,000 1,602,000 Total revenue 1,602,000 3,860,000 Costs and expenses: Cost of revenue, exclusive of depreciation and amortization 1,636,000 2,260,000 1,054,000 1,609,000 Selling, general and administrative (including stock based compensation) Depreciation and amortization 152,000 254,000 Impairment of goodwill 685,000 3,527,000 4,123,000 Total costs and expenses **Operating loss** (263,000)(1,925,000)Other income (expense): (22,000)Interest expense (32,000)Gain on disposition of business 279,000 Income (loss) before income taxes (295,000)(1,668,000)Income tax expense (benefit) Income (loss) from discontinued operations (1,668,000)(295,000)63

NOTE 17 - SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental cash flow information for the years ended December 31:

	 2020	2019
Cash paid for interest	\$ 185,000	\$ 128,000
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Impact of adoption of lease accounting standards	\$ -	\$ 1,616,000
Gain from change in fair value of interest rate swap derivatives	\$ -	\$ 7,000
Common stock issued upon conversion of convertible note	\$ -	\$ 500,000
Equity issued to purchase intangible assets	\$ -	\$ 145,000
Common A Shares issued for prepaid marketing services	\$ 210,000	\$ -
Common A Shares issued for Impact BioMedical	\$ 3,132,000	\$ -
Non-controlling interest related to Impact BioMedical	\$ 3,910,000	\$ -
Series A Preferred Shares issued for Impact BioMedical	\$ 35,187,000	\$ -
Notes receivable settled for assets in lieu of cash	\$ 838,000	\$ -

NOTE 18 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's eight businesses lines are organized, managed and internally reported as four reportable operating segments. Premier Packaging operates in the paper board folding carton, smart packaging, and document security printing markets. It markets, manufactures, and sells mailers, photo sleeves, sophisticated custom folding cartons, and complex 3-dimensional direct mail solutions designed to provide functionality, marketability, and sustainability to product packaging while providing counterfeit protection and consumer engagement platform. Digital Group researches, develops, markets, and sells the

Company's digital products worldwide. As an industry leader in brand authentication services, our solutions leverage functional anti-counterfeiting features and cutting-edge technologies to satisfy commercial and consumer product needs for branding, intelligent packaging, and marketing. Digital's primary product is AuthentiGuard®, which is a brand authentication application that integrates the Company's counterfeit deterrent technologies with proprietary digital data security-based solutions. IP Technology Management Inc., manages, licenses, and acquires intellectual property assets for the purpose of monetizing these assets through a variety of value-enhancing initiatives, including, but not limited to, investments in the development and commercialization of patented technologies, licensing, strategic partnerships, and commercial litigation. Direct Marketing/Online Sales Group provides services to assist companies in the emerging growth gig business model of peer-to-peer decentralized sharing marketplaces. Direct specializes in marketing and distributing its products and services through its subsidiary and partner network, using the popular gig economic marketing strategy as a form of direct marketing.

Approximate information concerning the Company's operations by reportable segment for years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows. The Company relies on intersegment cooperation and management does not represent that these segments, if operated independently, would report the results contained herein:

				Direct		
			IP	Marketing /		
	Premier	Digital	Technology	Online		
Year Ended December 31, 2020	Packaging	Group	Management	Sales	Corporate	Total
Revenue	\$13,300,000	\$2,085,000	\$ -	\$ 2,326,000	\$ -	\$17,411,000
Depreciation and amortization	736,000	38,000	69,000	28,000	213,000	1,084,000
Interest expense	102,000	15,000			68,000	185,000
Stock based compensation	12,000	45,000			131,000	188,000
Income tax benefit		-			1,774,000	1,774,000
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	1,329,000	838,000	(350,000)	(2,495,000)	3,764,000	3,086,000
Capital expenditures	260,000	11,000		49,000	5,000	325,000
Identifiable assets	10,715,000	817,000		2,775,000	77,612,000	91,919,000
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Year Ended December 31, 2019	Premier Packaging	Digital Group	IP Technology Management	Direct Marketing / Online Sales	Corporate	Total
Revenue	\$13,230,000	\$2,148,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 172,000	\$15,550,000
Depreciation and amortization	904,000	33,000	82,000		132,000	1,151,000
Interest expense	96,000	7,000			22,000	125,000
Stock based compensation	17,000	81,000	-		324,000	422,000
Income tax benefit	-		-		125,000	125,000
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	311,000	(579,000)	(475,000)		(1,852,000)	(2,595,000)
Capital expenditures	819,000	24,000			104,000	947,000
Identifiable assets	10,425,000	924,000	58,000		8,739,000	20,146,000

International revenue, which consists of sales to customers with operations in Canada, Western Europe, Latin America, Africa, the Middle East and Asia comprised 9.0% of total revenue for 2020 (2.0% - 2019). Revenue is allocated to individual countries by customer based on where the product is shipped. The Company had no long-lived assets in any country other than the United States for any period presented.

The following tables disaggregate our business segment revenues by major source:

Printed Products Revenue Information:

Direct Marketing

Tillitea Floadcis Heveride Illiottilation.		
Twelve months ended December 31, 2020		
Packaging Printing and Fabrication	\$	11,782,000
Commercial and Security Printing		1,218,000
Total Printed Products	\$	13,000,000
Turk word and I Download 2000		
Twelve months ended December 31, 2019		
Packaging Printing and Fabrication	\$	12,071,000
Commercial and Security Printing		1,159,000
Total Printed Products	\$	13,230,000
Technology Sales, Services and Licensing Revenue Information:		
Twelve months ended December 31, 2020		
Information Technology Sales and Services	\$	152,000
Digital Authentication Products and Services		1,503,000
Royalties from Licensees		430,000
Total Printed Products	\$	2,085,000
Twelve months ended December 31, 2019		
Information Technology Sales and Services	\$	189,000
Digital Authentication Products and Services	Ŧ	1,414,000
Royalties from Licensees		545,000
Total Printed Products	\$	2,148,000

Twelve months ended December 31, 2020		
Direct Marketing Internet Sales		\$ 2,326,000
Total Direct Marketing		\$ 2,326,000
Twelve months ended December 31, 2019		
Direct Marketing Internet Sales		\$ 172,000
Total Direct Marketing		\$ 172,000
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NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 22, 2021 Premier Packaging was awarded an incentive package from New York State and Empire State Development and its Excelsior Jobs Program valued at up to \$700,000 in connection with Premier's proposed expansion plans within the state. This incentive will take the form of tax credits to be utilized beginning in 2022 through 2031.

On March 16, 2021, American Medical REIT, Inc. received loan proceeds in the amount of approximately \$110,000 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") with a fixed rate of 1% and a 60-month maturity term. The PPP, established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), provides for loans to qualifying businesses for amounts up to 2.5 times of the average monthly payroll expenses of the qualifying business. These funds were used for payroll, benefits, rent, mortgage interest, and utilities.

On March 15, 2021, the Company, through one of its subsidiaries, entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with Vivacitas Oncology Inc. ("Vivacitas"), to purchase 500,000 shares of its common stock at the per share price of \$1.00, with an option to purchase 1,500,000 additional shares a the per share price of \$1.00. This option will terminate upon one of the following events: (i) The Seller's board of directors cancels this option because it is no longer in the best interest of the Company; (ii) December 31, 2021; or (iii) the date on which the Seller receives more than \$1.00 per share of the Company's common stock in a private placement with gross proceeds of \$500,000. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Company will be allocated two seats on the board of Vivacitas. On March 18, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement to with Alset EHome International, Inc. ("Seller") indirectly the Seller's wholly owned subsidiary Impact Oncology PTE Ltd. to purchase 2,480,000 shares of common stock of Vivacitas for a purchase price \$2,480,000. This agreement includes an option to purchase an additional 250,000 shares of common stock. As a result of these two transactions, the Company will have an approximate 10.2% equity position in Vivacitas. The Sellers largest shareholder is Mr. Chan Heng Fai Ambrose, the Chairman of the Company's board of directors and its largest shareholder.

On March 12, 2021, the Company entered into a binder letter of intent with Sharing Services Global Corporation ("SHRG") whereas the Company will sell specific assets to SHRG. The purchase price is to be established by a third-party appraiser mutually agreed up. Under the terms of this agreement, SHRG at its option, may pay the purchase price via (i) shares of SHRG Common A stock at a conversion rate calculated at a 30-day VWAP, (if shares are available), (ii) a 1 yr. convertible note which at the Seller's option may be converted into Common A shares at a conversion rate calculated at a 30-day VWAP (if shares are available), or paid in US\$ or (iii) in US dollars at closing.

On February 25, 2021, the Company entered into a binding letter of intent with Sharing Service Global Corporation ("SHRG), where the Company is to loan \$30 million to SHRG in the form of a Convertible Promissory Note (the "SHRG Note"). This three-year SHRG Note accrues interest annual at 8% and contains a 10% origination fee. Both the first year's interest and the origination fee are payable at closing in the form of SHRG shares at a conversion rate of \$0.20 per share. All or a part of the outstanding SHRG Note balance can be converted at the sole discretion of DSS at a conversion rate of \$0.20 per share. This Note also contains detachable warrants, exercisable at DSS's option, of 150,000,000 shares of SHRG's Class A common stock with an exercise price of \$0.22.

On February 4, 2021, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the "Feb. 2021 Underwriting Agreement") with Aegis Capital Corp., as representative of the underwriters named therein, which provided for the issuance and sale by the Company and the purchase by the underwriters, in a firm commitment underwritten public offering (the "Feb. 2021 Offering"), of 12,319,346 shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.02 par value per share. Subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Feb. 2021 Underwriting Agreement, the shares were sold at a public offering price of \$2.80 per share, less certain underwriting discounts and commissions. The Company also granted the underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to 1,847,901 additional shares of the Company's common stock on the same terms and conditions for the purpose of covering any over-allotments in connection with the Feb. 2021 Offering, which over-allotment option was exercised in full on February 9, 2021. The net offering proceeds to the Company from the Feb. 2021 Offering are approximately \$36.14 million, including the exercise of the underwriter's over-allotment option, and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and other estimated offering expenses.

On February 3^{,2021}, DSS Blockchain Security, Inc ("DSSB"). a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a binding joint venture term sheet with GSX Group Limited ("GSX") and Coinstreet Holdings Limited ("Coinstreet") whereas the parties intend to own and operate a single or multiple vertical digital asset exchanges for securities, tokenized assets, utility tokens, stable coins and cryptocurrency that will operate a primary and secondary market via a digital asset trading platform using blockchain technology. With its initial contribution of \$20,000, DSSB will receive a 40% equity position in the joint venture. Upon the execution of related loan documents, in which DSSB will loan \$800,000 to GSX, DSSB will obtain a 70% share in the joint venture.

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On January 19, 2021, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement, as amended by Amendment No. 1 effective as of January 19, 2021 (the "Jan. 2021 Underwriting Agreement"), with Aegis Capital Corp., as representative of the underwriters, which provided for the issuance and sale by the Company and the purchase by the underwriters, in a firm commitment underwritten public offering (the "Jan. 2021 Offering"), of 6,666,666 shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.02 par value per share. Subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Jan. 2021 Underwriting Agreement, the shares were offered in a public offering at a price of \$3.60 per share, less certain underwriting discounts and commissions. The Company also granted the underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to 1,000,000 additional shares of the Company's common stock on the same terms and conditions for the purpose of covering any overallotments in connection with the Jan. 2021 Offering. This overallotment was exercised in full. The net offering proceeds to the Company from the Jan. 2021 Offering are approximately \$24.9 million, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and other estimated offering expenses.

On January 6, 2021, the Company Alset International Limited ("Alset Singapore"), a company formed under the laws of Singapore, Health Wealth Happiness Pte. Ltd. ("HWH"), a Singaporean company and wholly-owned subsidiary of Alset Singapore, and HWH World Inc. ("HWH World"), a company

registered and formed under the laws of South Korea and wholly-owned subsidiary of HWH, entered into a binding term sheet (the "HWH Term Sheet"), pursuant to which, subject to the due diligence on HWH World, necessary approvals and consents, and the terms and conditions to be set forth in the Definitive Agreement (as defined below), the Company will acquire and purchase all of the outstanding equity interest in HWH World (the "HWH Transaction") for a consideration of the lesser of \$14.8 million or the value of HWH World assessed by a third-party valuation company (the "Purchase Price"). The HWH Term Sheet provided that the Company shall have the option to pay the Purchase Price in i) cash, or ii) shares of the Company's common stock at the per share price equivalent to the average closing price of the common stock for a period of five (5) trading days prior to January 6, 2021. In accordance with the HWH Term Sheet, the parties thereto (the "Parties") shall enter into a definitive share exchange agreement (the "Definitive Agreement") for the Transaction within three (3) months from the date of the HWH Term Sheet or at a later date as mutually agreed by the Parties in writing and complete the Transaction within six (6) months therefrom or at a later date as mutually agreed by the Parties in writing. The HWH Term Sheet is legally binding and shall terminate upon the earlier of 1) six months from January 6, 2021, 2) mutual agreement by all the Parties on the termination, or 3) the execution of the Definitive Agreement for the Transaction.

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ITEM 9 - CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of December 31, 2020. Based on their evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of December 31, 2020, to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's CEO and Interim CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

We do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all errors and all instances of fraud. Disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Further, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there were resource constraints, and the benefits must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all disclosure controls and procedures, no evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures can provide absolute assurance that we have detected all our control deficiencies and instances of fraud, if any. The design of disclosure controls and procedures also is based partly on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer, assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2020. In making this assessment, management used the framework established in "Internal Control—Integrated Framework" promulgated by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in 2013, commonly referred to as the "COSO" criteria. Based on our assessment, we concluded that, as of December 31, 2020, our internal control over financial reporting was not effective based on those criteria.

In connection with management's assessment of our internal control over financial reporting described above, the following weakness have been identified in the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2020:

- 1. The Company did not maintain a sufficient complement of qualified accounting personnel and controls associated with segregation of duties over complex transactions.
- 2. There was no systematic method of documenting that timely and complete monthly reconciliation and closing procedures take place.
- 3. The Company lacks adequately defined processes, procedures and controls surrounding the Company's accounting for income taxes.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

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This Annual Report does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by our registered public accounting firm pursuant to rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit us to provide only management's report in this annual report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Remediation of the Material Weaknesses

Management believes it has taken significant steps during 2019, and subsequently in 2020, to strengthen our overall internal controls and eliminate the material weakness of those controls. During the 2021 fiscal year, the Company will document and test the remediations put in place. Such remediation includes the following:

- Along with hiring a Senior Corporate Accountant, a Senior Financial Analyst, and a Staff Accountant, the Company has re-assigned responsibilities of other staff members to assist in the Company's financial reporting as well as segregating duties to serve as a check and balance on employees' integrity and to maintain the best control system possible.
- The Company has centralized its accounting functions across all divisions. The goal of this process is to support the segregation of duties and to allow the Interim Chief Financial Officer to focus on ensuring reporting packages, reconciliations, and other financial reports are accurate and timely reported.
- The Company has adopted one ERP system to serve all business divisions to support its centralized accounting function.
- Controls have been put into place to ensure there are proper segregations of duties within the cash function. The preparer of a check or wire is unable to sign or approve the same, whereas the signor or approver does not have the ability to prepare a check or wire.
- A monthly operations and financial review is performed with key members of the management team, executive committee, and accounting team which has
 enhanced the timeliness, formality and rigor of our financial statement preparation, review and reporting process.
- Routine account reconciliations for all key balance sheet accounts have been initiated. These account reconciliations are reviewed timely by an independent person.
- All manual journal entries are reviewed by an independent person prior to inclusion in the financial statements.
- Capital spend levels of approvals have been set to include the CEO, Interim CFO, the executive team and the Board of Directors.
- The Company hired and consulted an external, independent accounting firm to review the Company's internal controls; such firm only provided a report of its
 findings, it did not express an opinion. The Company used the report to assist in management's evaluation of the adequacy of the Company's policies and
 procedures in the areas of internal operational controls.
- The Company will engage an external, independent tax firm, to prepare its annual tax provision to ensure the proper processes, procedures, and controls are in place to adequately prepare and report upon its income tax position.

The Company is committed to maintaining a strong internal control environment and believes that these remediation efforts will represent significant improvements in our controls. The Company has started to implement these steps, however, some of these steps will take time to be fully integrated and confirmed to be effective and sustainable. Additional controls may also be required over time.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

While changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting occurred during the year ended December 31, 2020 as the Company continued to implement the remediation steps described above, we have not been able to fully document and test these controls to ensure their effectiveness over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2020, and thus cannot conclude that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B - OTHER INFORMATION

Please see the disclosure related to the winding down of our intellectual property monetization business included in ITEM 1 – BUSINESS, Overview, Strategic Business Plan, Exiting Unprofitable Business Lines, which information is incorporated in this Item 9B by reference.

DSS intends to hold its 2021 Annual Meeting of Stockholders at the end of the second quarter of 2021.

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PART III

ITEM 10 - DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's Board of Directors currently consists of eight directors; the Board size was reduced from nine to seven persons on December 9, 2019, pursuant to an October 2019 Special Meeting of the Board, upon recommendation and approval by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee to do so. The Board, also upon recommendation and approval by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, increased the size of the Board to eight members effective September 2020.

Our executive officers and directors as of the date of this report are as follows:

NAME **POSITION** Frank D. Heuszel Chief Executive Officer, and Director Jason Grady Chief Operating Officer Todd D. Macko Interim Chief Financial Officer Heng Fai Ambrose Chan Director, Chairman John "JT" Thatch Director José Escudero Director Sassuan (Samson) Lee Director Wah Wai Lowell Lo Director Wah Wai Lowell Lo Director Tung Moe Chan Director

Biographical and certain other information concerning the Company's directors is set forth below. There are no familial relationships among any of our directors. Except as indicated below, none of our directors is a director in any other reporting companies. None of our directors has been affiliated with any company that has filed for bankruptcy within the last ten years. We are not aware of any proceedings to which any of our directors, or any associate of any such director is a party adverse to us or any of our subsidiaries or has a material interest adverse to us or any of our subsidiaries.

		Director/Officer	Principal Occupation or
Name	Age	Since	Occupations and Directorships

Frank D. Heuszel 64

Frank D. Heuszel has served as a director of the Company since July 30, 2018, and from July 2018 to April 2019, he served as chairman of the Company's Audit Committee. Until October 28, 2020, he served as both the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer since April 17, 2019. Since then he serves only as the Chief Executive Officer and a director of the Company Mr. Heuszel has extensive expertise in a wide array of strategic, business, turnaround, and regulatory matters across several industries as a result of his executive management, educational, and operational experience. Prior to joining DSS, Mr. Heuszel had a very successful career in commercial banking. For over 35 years, Heuszel served in many senior executive roles with major US and international banking organizations. As a banker Mr. Heuszel has served as General Counsel, Director of Special Assets, Credit Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Auditor. Mr. Heuszel also operated a successful law practice focused on the litigation, corporate restructures, and merger and acquisitions, and collections. In addition to being an attorney and executive manager, Mr. Heuszel is also a Certified Public Accountant (retired), and a Certified Internal Auditor. Mr. Heuszel graduated from The University of Texas at Austin

On September 29, 2020, Mr. Heuszel was elected to the Board of Directors of the publicly traded company, Sharing Services Global Corporation, which is an OTCQB public company. At the time of the appointment, DSS owned 32.2% of the outstanding shares of Sharing Services, a diversified company dedicated to maximizing shareholder value through the acquisition and development of innovative companies, products, and technologies in the direct selling industry.

and from The South Texas College of Law, Houston.

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2018

Jason Grady 45 2018

Jason Grady has served as Chief Operating Officer of the Company since August of 2019 and, from July 2018, Mr. Grady has also served as President of Premier Packaging Corporation, a multi-division folding carton and security packaging company and whollyowned subsidiary of the Company. From April 2010 through July 2018, Mr. Grady served as the Company's Vice President of Sales. As chief operating officer at Document Security Systems (DSS), a multinational public corporation with 9 businesses lines and 25 subsidiaries that focus on brand protection technology, blockchain security, direct marketing, healthcare, nutraceutical, real estate, and securitized digital and virtual assets, and as president at Premier Packaging Corporation (PPC), Mr. Grady's role includes the management of multiple divisions, advising the direction of each of the company's newlyformed subsidiaries, and the research and development of emerging market opportunities across diverse business operations. He has restructured more than 10 corporations during his tenure and successfully driven key initiatives for rapid business development, international sales growth increases, and the development of strategic sales management and corporate marketing strategies, resulting in the securing of long-term plans for expansion and growth and economic benefits for shareholders.

Prior to his success at DSS, Mr. Grady served as Vice President of Marketing for the Parlec Corporation, a multi-market machine tool manufacturer, as the Director of Business Development for Berlin Packaging Corporation, a custom ridged box and folding carton manufacturer, and as a sales and marketing executive for OutStart, Inc. an enterprise e-learning software company. Mr. Grady obtained an undergraduate degree in Marketing and Communications and a Masters Degree in Business Administration from the Rochester Institute of Technology.

Todd Macko was promoted to Interim Chief Financial Officer effective October 28, 2020. Mr. Macko previously served as the Vice President of Finance of the Company. As the Vice President of Finance, Mr. Macko's responsibilities included assisting DSS's Interim Chief Financial Officer in all aspects of financial and regulatory reporting. In addition, his responsibilities included the day-to-day management of the Company's Accounting and Finance team and the financial leadership in the directing and improving of the accounting, reporting, audit, and tax activities. Prior to his role as Vice President of Finance for the Company, Mr. Macko joined the wholly owned subsidiary of DSS, Premier Packaging Corporation in January 2019, as its Vice President of Finance.

Mr. Macko is a Certified Public Accountant with over 25 years of public and corporate financial management, business leadership and corporate strategy. Mr. Macko brings a wealth of experience with strengths in financial planning and analysis, business process re-engineering, budgeting, merger and acquisitions, financial reporting systems, project evaluation and treasury and capital management.

Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Macko served as the Corporate Controller for Baldwin Richardson Foods, a leading custom ingredients manufacturer for the food and beverage industry from November 2015 until January 2019. Prior to that, Mr. Macko served as the Controller for The Outdoor Group, LLC., Genesis Vision, Inc., Complemar Partners, Inc., and Level 3 Communications, Inc. Mr. Macko obtained is Bachelor of Science in Accounting from Rochester Institute of Technology.

Todd D. Macko

48 2020

2017

Heng Fai Ambrose Chan has served as a director of the Company since February 12, 2017 and as Chairman of the Board since March 2019. He has also served as an officer of the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, DSS International, Inc. since July of 2017. Mr. Chan is an accomplished global business veteran with more than 40 years of experience. Mr. Chan specializes in financial restructuring and corporate transformation to unlock value and unleash entrepreneurial zeal while managing risks.

Mr. Chan is actively involved across the globe in corporate restructures, governance and entrepreneurial ventures in several diversified industries. Some of the remarkable companies that he has built, rescued, or transformed include American Pacific Bank (USA), China Gas Holdings Limited and Heng Fai Enterprises Limited both (listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong), Global Med Technologies, Inc. (U.S. medical software company exited for US\$60 million), and Singhaiyi Group Ltd (listed on the Singapore Exchange).

Currently Mr. Chan serves on the Board of Directors of a number of distinguished organizations among his noteworthy accomplishments. Mr. Chan has served as a member of the Board of Directors of Sharing Services Global Corporation since April of 2020, and has served as the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Alset Ehome International, Inc. since its inception. Mr. Chan has served as a Director of Alset International's 99.98%-owned subsidiary, GigWorld Inc., since October 2014. He has served as a member of the Board of Directors of OptimumBank Holdings, Inc. and as a Non-Executive Director of Holista CollTech Ltd., since June 2018 and July of 2013, respectively.

Mr. Chan's previous service record further highlights his extensive business acumen. From 1995 to 2015, Mr. Chan served as Managing Chairman of Hong Kong-listed Zensun Enterprises Limited (formerly Heng Fai Enterprises Limited), an investment holding company, and has served as a member of the Board of Zensun Enterprises Limited since September 1992. Mr. Chan was formerly the Managing Director of SingHaiyi Group Ltd., a public Singapore property development, investment, and management company ("SingHaiyi"), from March 2003 to September 2013, and was Executive Chairman of China Gas Holdings Limited, an investor and operator of the city gas pipeline infrastructure in China, from 1997 to 2002.

Mr. Chan served as Director of Global Medical REIT Inc., a healthcare facility real estate company, from December 2013 to July 2015. He also served as a Director of Skywest Ltd., a public Australian airline company from 2005 to 2006, and from November 2003 to September 2013, he was a Director of SingHaiyi. Mr. Chan served as a member of the Board of Directors of RSI International Systems, Inc., the developer of RoomKeyPMS, a web-based property management system, from June 2014 to February 2019.

John "JT" Thatch has served as a director of the Company since May 9, 2019 and as Lead Independent Director since December 9, 2019. Mr. Thatch, is an accomplished,

energetic, entrepreneur minded Executive who has the vision and knowledge to create growth and shareholder value any organization. Mr. Thatch has successful started, owned and operated several sized businesses in various industries that include service companies, retail, wholesale, on-line learning, finance, real estate management and technology. Since March 2018, Mr. Thatch has served as the Chief Executive Officer and a director of Sharing Services Global Corporation, a publicly traded holding company focused in the direct selling and marketing industry. He is also a member of Superior Wine & Spirits, a Florida-based company that imports, wholesales and distributes wine and liquor throughout the State of Florida since February of 2016. Mr. Thatch served as Chief Executive Officer of Universal Education Strategies, Inc. from January 2009 -January 2016, an organization the development and sales of educational products and

integrated LED technologies, circuits, superconductors and solar energy solutions. Mr. Thatch was responsible for all aspects of the company including board and stockholder communications, public reporting and compliance with Sarbanes-Oxley, structuring and managing the firm's financial operations, and expansion initiatives for all corporate products and services. Mr. Thatch's public company financial and management experience in the strategic growth and development of various companies qualify him to Board serve on the Company's Board of Directors and a member of the DSS Audit Committee.

services. From 2000 - 2005, he was the Chief Executive Officer of Onscreen Technologies, Inc., currently listed on NASDAQ as Orbital Energy Group "OEG", a global leader in the development of cutting-edge thermal management technologies for

John "JT" Thatch

2019 59

He is also the Managing Partner at BMI Capital Spain, a private investment bank and turnaround firm, since September 2013. Previously, Mr. Escudero served as Principal at Hallman & Burke, an international management consulting firm, from July 2009 through September 2013. Mr. Escudero has a B.Sc. in Economics from the Francisco de Vitoria University and a Master's degree in Corporate Finance and Investment Banking from the Options & Futures Institute. Mr. Escudero's experience in corporate transformations, merger and acquisitions, corporate finance, and international trade along with his education in economics and finance and investment banking qualifies him to serve on the Company's Board of Directors. Sassuan (Samson) Lee 50 2019 Mr. Sassuan (Samson) Lee has served as a director of the Company since August 5, 2019. Mr. Lee is the Founder & CEO of Coinstreet Partners (www.coinstreet.partners), an 2019. Mr. Lee is the Founder & CEO of Constreet Partners (www.coinstreet.partners), an award-winning decentralized investment banking group and consultancy firm in the F.M.T. (Finance, Media & Technology) field. In addition, Mr. Lee is Steering Committee Member of TADS Awards (www.tadsawards.org), Honorary Guest Lecturer & Fintech and Blockchain Committee of Hang Seng University of Hong Kong (EDC), Vice President of Blockchain Applications & Investment Alliance (www.bcaia.org), Founding Chairman of the Asia Pacific Digital Economy Institute (www.apdei.org), Co-organizer of Global Online Investment Roadshow (www.goir.info), as well as Co-Founder of The STO Lab (www.thestolab.com), DFINI (www.dfini.com), and Ethereum South China Community. Mr. Lee currently serves on the board of directors of Sharing Services Global Corporation, which is an OTCQB public company. Mr. Lee has over 25 years' experience in TMET sector, with substantial success in commercializing various blockchain, digital and e-business projects. Mr. Lee graduated with an MBA and a Master of Science degrees from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, and a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of Toronto. Mr. Lee's extensive experience and recognized expert in the fields of technology, blockchain, cryptocurrency and fintech, combined with his experience as Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of successful international businesses qualifies him to serve on the Company's Board of Directors and a member of the DSS Audit Committee. Wai Leung William Wu 54 2019 Mr. Wai Leung William Wu has served as a director of the Company since October 20, 2019. He served as the managing director of Investment Banking at Glory Sun Securities Limited since January 2019. Mr. Wu previously served as the executive director and chief executive officer of Power Financial Group Limited from November 2017 to January 2019. Mr. Wu has served as a director of Asia Allied Infrastructure Holdings Limited since February 2015. Mr. Wu previously served as a director and chief executive officer of RHB Hong Kong Limited from April 2011 to October 2017. Mr. Wu served as the chief executive officer of SW Kingsway Capital Holdings Limited (now known as Sunwah Kingsway Capital Holdings Limited) from April 2006 to September 2010. Mr. Wu holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree and a Master of Business Administration degree of Simon Fraser University in Canada. He was qualified as a chartered financial analyst of The Institute of Chartered Financial Analysts in 1996. Mr. Wu previously worked for a number of international investment banks and possesses over 26 years of experience in the investment banking, capital markets, institutional broking and direct investment businesses. He is a registered license holder to carry out Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) and Type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Mr. Wu has served as a member of the Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference in January 2013. Mr. Wu's experience in banking, capital markets, investment banking, Asian economic and banking dynamics, and education in corporate finance and asset management qualifies him to serve on the Company's Board of Directors and a member of the DSS Audit Committee. 73

Identity & Access Management.

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José Escudero

2019

José Escudero has served as a director of the Company since August 5, 2019. He is

currently Chief Strategy and M&A Officer at Certisign, the Brazilian fintech leader in the

Wah Wai Lowell Lo	57	2019	Mr. Wah Wai Lowell Lo (also known as Lowell Lo) has served as a director of the Company since April 12, 2019. Mr. Lo is currently Chairman and Managing Director of the BMI Intelligence Group Limited, a leading corporate consulting and financial services firm in the Asia Pacific Region he founded in 1995, and is responsible for the overall management, strategic planning and development of the firm. Prior to establishing BMI Intelligence Group Limited, Mr. Lo was the Audit Manager of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu for nine years, including two years of service in Deloitte's U.S. Mr. Lo's professional qualifications include Hong Kong Certified Public Accountants (CPA), American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). Mr. Lo is also currently independent, non-executive board member of Chongqing Machinery & Electric Co., Ltd. And Tenfu (Cayman) Holdings Company Limited, both Hong Kong Exchange-listed companies. Mr. Lo received his bachelor's degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and a master's degree from the New Jersey Institute of Technology. Mr. Lo's financial expertise and experience in the management and strategic development of various companies qualifies him to serve on the Company's board of directors
Tung Moe Chan	42	2020	Mr. Tung Moe Chan has served as a director of the Company since September 2020. He currently serves as a director and Co-Chief Executive Officer of Singapore Exchange-listed Alset International Limited, where he has held various positions since 2015. In addition, since August 2020, he has served as Director of Corporate Development of American Medical REIT Inc. Prior to that, in 2015 he was Group Chief Operating Officer of Hong Kong Stock Exchange listed Zensun International Limited where he was

Mr. Tung Moe Chan has served as a director of the Company since September 2020. He currently serves as a director and Co-Chief Executive Officer of Singapore Exchange-listed Alset International Limited, where he has held various positions since 2015. In addition, since August 2020, he has served as Director of Corporate Development of American Medical REIT Inc. Prior to that, in 2015 he was Group Chief Operating Officer of Hong Kong Stock Exchange listed Zensun International Limited where he was responsible for the company's global business operations consisting of REIT ownership and management, property development, hotels and hospitality, as well as property and securities investment and trading. Previously, Mr. Moe Chan served as a director of MasterCard issuer Xpress Finance Limited as well as RSI International Systems Inc., which was a hotel software company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

He holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration with honors from the University of Western Ontario, a Master's Degree in Electro-Mechanical Engineering with honors and a Bachelor's Degree in Applied Science with honors from the University of British Columbia.

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Board of Directors and Committees

The Company has determined that each of Mr. John Thatch, Mr. William Wu, Mr. Sassuan Lee and Mr. Jose Escudero qualify as independent directors (as defined under Section 803 of the NYSE American LLC Company Guide).

In fiscal 2020, each of the Company's independent directors attended or participated in 96% or more of the aggregate of (i) the total number of meetings of the Board of Directors held during the period in which each such director served as a director and (ii) the total number of meetings held by all committees of the Board of Directors during the period in which each such director served on such committee. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, the Board held four meetings and acted by written consent on six occasions.

On December 9, 2019, the Board appointed Mr. Thatch as the Lead Independent Director, effective immediately. Mr. Thatch will serve as the Lead Independent Director until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, or until his earlier removal or resignation or such time as he is no longer considered an independent director under the New York Stock Exchange listing standards. Mr. Thatch's authority, responsibilities, and duties as the Lead Independent Director include the following: (i) preside at all meetings of the Board at which the Chairman of the Board is not present, at all meetings of the independent directors and at all executive sessions of the independent directors, (ii) have a reasonable opportunity to review and comment on Board meeting agendas, (iii) serve as a liaison between the Chairman of the Board and the other members of the Board, (iv) have the authority to call special meetings of the Board and of the independent directors, and (v) perform such other duties as the Board may from time to time delegate.

Audit Committee

The Company has separately designated an Audit Committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). The Audit Committee held four meetings in 2020. The Audit Committee is responsible for, among other things, the appointment, compensation, removal and oversight of the work of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, overseeing the accounting and financial reporting process of the Company, and reviewing related person transactions. As of December 31, 2020, the Audit Committee is comprised of Mr. Thatch, Mr. Wu and Mr. Lee. Each of Mr. Wu, Mr. Thatch and Mr. Lee is qualified as a "financial expert" as defined in Item 407 under Regulation S-K of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Each of the members of the Audit Committee is an independent director (as defined under Section 803 of the NYSE American LLC Company Guide). Mr. Thatch serves as Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee operates under a written charter adopted by the Board of Directors, which can be found in the Investors/Corporate Governance section of our web site, www.dsssecure.com.

Compensation and Management Resources Committee

The purpose of the Compensation and Management Resources Committee is to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities relating to executive compensation, succession planning for the Company's executive team, and to review and make recommendations to the Board regarding employee benefit policies and programs, incentive compensation plans and equity-based plans. The Compensation and Management Resources Committee held three meetings in 2020.

of Mr. José Escudero, Mr. Wai Leung William Wu and Mr. Sassuan (Samson) Lee, with Mr. Lee as the Chairman. Each of the members of the Compensation and Management Resources Committee is an independent director (as defined under Section 803 of the NYSE American Company Guide). The Compensation and Management Resource Committee operates under a written charter adopted by the Board of Directors, which can be found in the Investors/Corporate Governance section of our web site, www.dsssecure.com.

The duties and responsibilities of the Compensation and Management Resources Committee in accordance with its charter are to review and discuss with management and the Board the objectives, philosophy, structure, cost and administration of the Company's executive compensation and employee benefit policies and programs; no less than annually, review and approve, with respect to the Chief Executive Officer and the other executive officers (a) all elements of compensation, (b) incentive targets, (c) any employment agreements, severance agreements and change in control agreements or provisions, in each case as, when and if appropriate, and (d) any special or supplemental benefits; make recommendations to the Board with respect to the Company's major long-term incentive plans applicable to directors, executives and/or non-executive employees of the Company and approve (a) individual annual or periodic equity-based awards for the Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers and (b) an annual pool of awards for other employees with guidelines for the administration and allocation of such awards; recommend to the Board for its approval a succession plan for the Chief Executive Officer, addressing the policies and principles for selecting a successor to the Chief Executive Officer, both in an emergency situation and in the ordinary course of business; review programs created and maintained by management for the development and succession of other executive officers and any other individuals identified by management or the Compensation and Management Resources Committee; review the establishment, amendment and termination of employee benefits plans, review employee benefit plan operations and administration; and any other duties or responsibilities expressly delegated to the Compensation and Management Resources Committee by the Board from time to time relating to the Committee's purpose.

The Compensation and Management Resources Committee may request any officer or employee of the Company or the Company's outside counsel to attend a meeting of the Compensation and Management Resources Committee or to meet with any members of, or consultants to, the Compensation and Management Resources Committee. The Company's Chief Executive Officer does not attend any portion of a meeting where the Chief Executive Officer's performance or compensation is discussed, unless specifically invited by the Compensation and Management Resources Committee.

The Compensation and Management Resources Committee has the sole authority to retain and terminate any compensation consultant to be used to assist in the evaluation of director, Chief Executive Officer or other executive officer compensation or employee benefit plans, and has sole authority to approve the consultant's fees and other retention terms. The Compensation and Management Resources Committee also has the authority to obtain advice and assistance from internal or external legal, accounting or other experts, advisors and consultants to assist in carrying out its duties and responsibilities, and has the authority to retain and approve the fees and other retention terms for any external experts, advisors or consultants.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for overseeing the appropriate and effective governance of the Company, including, among other things, (a) nominations to the Board of Directors and making recommendations regarding the size and composition of the Board of Directors and (b) the development and recommendation of appropriate corporate governance principles. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee consists of Mr. John "JT" Thatch, the Chairman of the committee, Mr. Sassuan (Samson) Lee and Mr. José Escudero, each of whom is an independent director (as defined under Section 803 of the NYSE American LLC Company Guide). The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee held one meeting in 2020 and did not act by written consent. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee operates under a written charter adopted by the Board of Directors, which can be found in the Investors/Corporate Governance section of our web site, www.dsssecure.com. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee adheres to the Company's By-Laws provisions and Securities and Exchange Commission rules relating to proposals by stockholders when considering director candidates that might be recommended by stockholders, along with the requirements set forth in the committee's Policy with Regard to Consideration of Candidates Recommended for Election to the Board of Directors, also available on our website. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for identifying and selecting qualified candidates for election to the Board of Directors prior to each annual meeting of the Company's stockholders. In identifying and evaluating nominees for director, the Committee considers each candidate's qualities, experience, background and skills, as well as other factors, such as the individual's ethics, integrity and values which the candidate may bring to the Board of Directors.

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Code of Ethics

The Company has adopted a Code of Ethics that establishes the standards of ethical conduct applicable to all directors, officers and employees of the Company. A copy of the Code of Ethics covering all of our employees, directors and officers, is available on the Corporate Governance section of our web site at www.dsssecure.com.

Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports

Based solely upon a review of copies of such forms filed on Forms 3, 4 and 5, and amendments thereto furnished to us, we believe that as of the date of this Report, our executive officers, directors and greater than 10 percent beneficial owners have complied on a timely basis with all Section 16(a) filing requirements, except except Mr. Sassuan (Samson) Lee, Mr. José Escudero and Mr. Wai Leung William Wu each failed to file a Form 4 with respect to individual grants of 1,020 shares of the Company's Common Stock, pursuant to the Company's 2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan that each director received on April 3, 2020.

INFORMATION ABOUT OUR EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Since April 17, 2019, Frank D. Heuszel has been serving as the Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer of the Company. On October 28, 2020, Mr. Heuszel became solely the CEO and transferred the Interim Chief Financial Officer title to Todd D. Macko. The biography for Mr. Heuszel and Mr. Macko is contained herein in the information disclosures relating to the Company's directors above.

On July 11, 2019, the Board appointed Mr. Jason Grady as the Company's Chief Operating Officer, effective July 15, 2019.

At the close of 2018, the Company's Named Executive Officers were Jeffrey Ronaldi, who served as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, and Philip Jones, who served as the Company's Chief Financial Officer. On March 27, 2019, in anticipation of the departure of Mr. Ronaldi from his position as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, the Board of Directors of the Company determined to reassign Mr. Ronaldi's responsibilities to Mr. Jones, who was then serving as the Company's Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Ronaldi's employment as Chief Executive Officer ended on April 10, 2019. On March 27, 2019, Mr. Jones assumed the role of interim Principal Executive Officer in addition to his duties as Chief Financial Officer of the Company. On April 9, 2019, Mr. Jones tendered his resignation as Chief Financial Officer and interim Principal Executive Officer of the Company, with his departure from the Company effective April 17, 2019.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

None of our directors or executive officers has been involved in any legal proceedings in the past 10 years that would require disclosure under Item 401(f) of Regulation S-K.

ITEM 11 - EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth the compensation earned by each of the persons serving as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Interim Chief Financial Officer, President, referred to herein collectively as the "Named Executive Officers", or NEOs, for services rendered to us for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

				Stock		Non-Equity	Nonqualified Deferred	All Other	
Name and principal position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Awards (1)	Option Awards	Incentive Plan Compensation	Compensation Earnings	Compensation (2)	Total
Frank D. Heuszel, Chief	Teal	Jaiary	Donus		Awards	Compensation	Lamings	(2)	Total
Executive Officer	2020 2019	\$171,346 \$ 91,615	112,498 61,103	- 31,403	-	-	-	26,005 15,843(3)	\$309,848 \$199,964
Jason T. Grady, Chief Operating Officer	2020 2019	\$207,692 \$ 84,615	112,498 61,103	- 31,403	-	-	-	17,056 7,170	\$337,246 \$184,291
Philip Jones, Chief Financial Officer	2019	\$ 59,231	-	-	-	-	-	2,073	\$ 61,304
Todd D. Macko, Interim Chief Financial Officer	2020	\$155,769	67,499	11,000	-	-	-	11,890	\$246,158
Jeffrey Rinaldi, Chief Executive Officer	2019	\$ 61,297	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 61,297
Robert B. Bzdick, President (4)	2020 2019	\$ - \$ -	-	-	-	88,667 212,124	-	- -	\$ 88,667 \$212,124

- (1) Represents the total grant date fair value of restricted stock awards computed in accordance with FASB ASC 718. Our policy and assumptions made in the valuation of share-based payments are contained in Note 10 to our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 or December 31, 2020
- (2) Includes health insurance premiums, retirement matching funds and automobile expenses paid by the Company.
- (3) Includes \$8,000 Mr. Heuszel received for his service as an independent director from January 1, 2019 through April 18, 2019, after which he no longer served as an independent director as he became the Company's Executive Officer and interim Chief Financial Officer.
- (4) Mr. Bzdick served as President of the Company and Chief Executive Officer of Premier Packaging Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, until August 1, 2018.

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Employment and Severance Agreements

Mr. Frank D. Heuszel has served as the Company's Chief Executive Officer since April 11, 2019, and also as the Company's interim Chief Financial Officer since April 17, 2019. Upon that appointment, the Company agreed to pay Mr. Heuszel cash compensation in the amount of \$7,500 per month for his combined services as interim Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. On August 27, 2019, the Company entered into an executive employment agreement with Mr. Heuszel. Pursuant to that agreement, Mr. Heuszel received an annual base salary of \$165,000, payable bi-weekly, and was eligible for an annual performance bonus in an amount up to 100% of his base salary, upon the Company's achievement of certain net income and gross revenue milestones. Under the terms of that employment agreement, in the event of a change in control of the Company or the termination of Mr. Heuszel's employment without cause, Mr. Heuszel would have received four-months' salary, payable monthly. In October 2020, this employment agreement was extended on the same general terms to expire on December 31, 2020. Commencing January 1, 2021, the Company and Mr. Heuszel entered into a new three-year employment agreement scheduled to terminate on December 31, 2023. Under the terms of this new employment agreement, Mr. Heuszel shall receive an annual base salary of \$260,000, payable bi-weekly, and he is eligible to an annual performance bonus in an amount up to 100% of his base salary, upon the Company's achievement of certain net income and gross revenue milestones. As in his previous employment agreement, in the event of his termination without cause, Mr. Heuszel shall receive four-months' salary, payable monthly.

On September 5, 2019, the Company entered in an executive employment agreement with Mr. Jason Grady, the Company's Chief Operating Officer. Pursuant to the agreement, Mr. Grady shall receive an annual base salary of \$200,000 and shall be eligible to receive an annual performance bonus, in an amount up to 100% of his base salary, upon the Company's achievement of certain net income and gross revenue milestones. In the event of a change in control of the Company or the termination of Mr. Grady's employment without cause, he shall be entitled to receive four-month's base salary. Negotiations are currently in process to renew the terms of the existing contract.

On September 23, 2019, the Company entered in an executive employment agreement with Mr. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, a director of the Company, Chief Executive Officer of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary DSS International Inc. and Chief Executive Officer of DSS Asia, a wholly-owned subsidiary of DSS International Inc. Pursuant to the agreement, Mr. Chan shall receive an annual base salary of \$250,000, payable quarterly in either cash or common stock, subject to availability of shares under a shareholder-approved stock plan. The calculation of each quarterly payment of common stock shall be the Company's average trading price for the last ten trading days of that quarter. Mr. Chan is also eligible to receive an annual performance bonus, in an amount up to 100% of his base salary, upon the Company's achievement of certain net income and gross revenue milestones. Mr. Chan has the option to have the bonus paid in Company common stock. In the event of a change in control of the Company or the termination of Mr. Chan's employment without cause, Mr. Chan shall receive four-months' salary, payable monthly. In connection with this agreement, Mr. Chan was awarded 74,770 shares of fully vested restricted stock with a two-year lock-up period and had an aggregated grant date fair value of approximately \$31,000. Mr. Chan's employment agreement was amended on November 19, 2020,

retroactive to January 1, 2020. Under the terms of this amendment, Mr. Chan's annual salary is set at \$1.00 and is eligible for bonuses based on market capitalization growth, and annual net asset change.

Mr. Todd D. Macko was promoted to Interim Chief Financial Officer on October 29, 2020. Mr. Macko's annual base salary is \$150,000 and he is eligible to receive an annual performance bonus, upon the Company's achievement of certain net income goals, up to 50% of his annual base salary.

The Company's previous Named Executive Officers, Robert Bzdick, Jeffrey Ronaldi and Philip Jones are no longer employed by the Company as of August 1, 2018, April 10, 2019, and April 17, 2019, respectively.

Mr. Jones was an at-will employee. If Mr. Jones' employment had been involuntarily terminated by the Company, he would have been entitled to receive severance payments in the amount of four months of his current base-salary.

On July 31, 2018, the Company and Robert Bzdick entered into a Non-Compete Letter Agreement (the "Bzdick Agreement") whereby the parties mutually agreed that Mr. Bzdick's employment as President of the Company and Chief Executive Officer of Premier Packaging Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, would terminate effective on August 1, 2018. The Bzdick Agreement voided and replaced Mr. Bzdick's previous employment agreement with the Company, originally dated February 12, 2010, and amended on October 1, 2012, except for the non-competition and non-solicitation covenants contained therein, which were carried forward in their entirety to the new Bzdick Agreement.

Pursuant to the terms of the Bzcick Agreement, Mr. Bzdick received his regular wages and contractual bonus sum accrued through the separation date, and also receives the sum of \$16,000 per month, for a period of 19 months, as consideration for the two-year non-competition and non-solicitation restrictive covenants contained in the Bzdick Agreement, which are identical to the restrictive covenants contained in Mr. Bzdick's previous employment agreement, which are now incorporated by reference into the Bzdick Agreement. In addition, the Company agreed to continue to pay the cost of Mr. Bzdick's health, dental and vision insurance coverage for a period of 19 months or until he is eligible for such benefits from another employer, whichever is shorter. In the Agreement, Mr. Bzdick specifically acknowledges that, among other remedies, the Company is entitled to cease all payments under the Bzdick Agreement and recoup all payments previously made in the event Mr. Bzdick revokes, violates or breaches the Agreement, or discontinues any promised act under the Bzdick Agreement. Moreover, the Bzdick Agreement further provides that in the event Mr. Bzdick breaches the Bzdick Agreement by bringing suit or filing a claim with an administrative agency, then he must, as a condition precedent, repay to the Company in cash all consideration received pursuant to the Bzdick Agreement. The Bzdick Agreement also contains standard mutual release and damages clauses, and a clause that provides that in any action for breach of the Bzdick Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover attorneys' fees from the opposing party.

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Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

As of December 31, 2020, there were no outstanding equity awards to our Named Executive Officers.

Director Compensation

The following table sets forth cash compensation and the value of stock options awards granted to the Company's non-employee independent directors for their service in 2020:

Name		Earned or I in Cash	Stock (1)	Awards	All Other mpensation (2)	Total
Current Directors	<u> </u>			'		
Heng Fai Ambrose Chan	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,305,757	\$ 4,305,757
John "JT" Thatch	\$	22,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 22,000
Wah Wai Lowell Lo	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Sassuan (Samson) Lee	\$	19,000	\$	6,725	\$ -	\$ 25,725
José Escudero	\$	18,000	\$	6,725	\$ -	\$ 24,725
Wai Leung William Wu	\$	18,500	\$	6,725	\$ -	\$ 25,225
Tung Moe Chan	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

⁽¹⁾ Represents the total grant date fair value of stock awards computed in accordance with FASB ASC 718. Our policy and assumptions made in the valuation of share-based payments are contained in Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Each independent director (as defined under Section 803 of the NYSE MKT LLC Company Guide) is entitled to receive base cash compensation of \$12,000 annually, provided such director attends at least 75% of all Board of Director meetings, and all scheduled committee meetings. Each independent director is entitled to receive an additional \$1,000 for each Board of Director meeting he attends, and an additional \$500 for each committee meeting he attends, provided such committee meeting falls on a date other than the date of a full Board of Directors meeting. Each of the independent directors is also eligible to receive discretionary grants of options or restricted stock under the Company's 2020 Equity Incentive Plan. Non-independent members of the Board of Directors do not receive compensation in their capacity as directors, except for reimbursement of travel expenses.

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ITEM 12 - SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The following table sets forth beneficial ownership of Common Stock as of March 16, 2021 by each person known by the Company to beneficially own more than 5% of the Common Stock, each director and each of the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table (see "Executive Compensation" above), and by all of the Company's directors and executive officers as a group. Each person has sole voting and dispositive power over the shares listed opposite his name except as indicated in the footnotes to the table and each person's address is c/o Document Security Systems, Inc., 6 Framark Drive, Victor, New York 14564.

⁽²⁾ In connection with his employment contract as an officer of the Company, Mr. Chan received \$4,305,757 as a performance bonus.

The percentages of shares beneficially owned are based on 27,670,125 shares of our Common Stock issued and outstanding as of March 16, 2021, and is calculated by dividing the number of shares that person beneficially owns by the sum of (a) the total number of shares outstanding on March 16, 2021, plus (b) the number of shares such person has the right to acquire within 60 days of March 16, 2021.

Name	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Outstanding Share Beneficially Owned
Heng Fai Ambrose Chan ⁽¹⁾	7,392,358	26.7%
John "JT" Thatch	1,020	*
Wah Wai Lowell Lo	1,359	*
Sassuan (Samson) Lee	1,020	*
José Escudero	1,020	*
Frank D. Heuszel	2,493	*
Wai Leung William Wu	1,020	*
Jason Grady	2,493	*
Todd D. Macko	1,667	*
Tung Moe Chan	-	-
All officers and directors as a group (8 persons)	7,404,450	26.8%
5% Shareholders		
Global BioMedical Pte Inc. (2)	6,626,929	19.9%
Sabby Management LLC (3)	1,500,000	5.4%
* Less than 1%.		

- (1) Consists of (a) 59,551 shares of Common Stock held by Heng Fai Holdings Limited; (b) 16,667 shares of Common Stock held by BMI Capital Partners International Limited; (c) 22,767 shares of Common Stock held by Hengfai Business Development Pte Ltd; (d) 451,293 shares of Common Stock held individually; (e) 214,881 shares of Common Stock held by LiquidValue Development Pte Ltd.; and (f) (i) 1,145,834 shares of Common Stock and (ii) 5,481,085 shares of Common Stock that could be obtained upon the conversion of shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by Global Biomedical Pte. Ltd.
- (2) Consists of (a) 1,145,834 shares of Common Stock and (b) 5,481,085 shares of Common Stock that could be obtained upon the conversion of shares of Series A Preferred Stock. Percentage adjusted as conversion would result in the issuance of new shares,
- (3) Based on a Schedule 13G filed February 5, 2021 by and on behalf of Sabby Management, LLC; Sabby Volatility Warrant Master Fund, Ltd. ("Sabby Master Fund"); and Hal Mintz, with addresses of 10 Mountainview Road, Suite 205 Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 07458; c/o Ogier Fiduciary Services (Cayman) Limited, 89 Nexus Way, Camana Bay Grand Cayman KY1-9007, Cayman Islands; and c/o Sabby Management, LLC, 10 Mountainview Road, Suite 205, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 0745; respectively. Sabby Master Fund beneficially owns 1,500,000 shares of Common Stock. Sabby Management and Hal Mintz do not directly own any shares of Common Stock, but each indirectly owns 1,500,000 shares of Common Stock. Sabby Management, LLC indirectly owns 1,500,000 shares of Common Stock because it serves as the investment manager of Sabby Master Fund. Mr. Mintz indirectly owns 1,500,000 shares of Common Stock in his capacity as manager of Sabby Management.

Equity Compensation Plans Information

The following table sets forth information about our equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2020.

	Restricted stock to be issued upon vesting	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	exerc ou o wai	leighted average cise price of tstanding options, rrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance (under equity compensation Plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a & b))
Plan Category	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders 2013 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan - options		19,261	\$	150.44	
2013 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan - warrants	-	36,514	\$	33.92	-
2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan				_	191,314
Total	-	55,775	\$	74.16	191,314
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Following the Board's approval of same, the Company's shareholders approved the 2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan ("2020 Incentive Plan") at the shareholder meeting held on December 9, 2019. As of the date of this Report, zero options have been issued pursuant to the 2020 Incentive Plan. Based on its provisions, there are currently 191,314 shares of Common Stock available for issuable under the 2020 Incentive Plan.

Purpose of the Plan. The 2020 Incentive Plan was established by the Company to (i) promote the success and enhance the value of the Company by a) linking the personal interests of participants of the 2020 Incentive Plan to those of Company stockholders and b) providing participants with an incentive for outstanding performance; and (ii) provide flexibility to the Company in its ability to motivate, attract, and retain the services of participants upon whose judgment, interest and special effort the successful conduct of its business is largely dependent.

The Board has the sole authority to implement, interpret, and/or administer the 2020 Incentive Plan unless the Board delegates (i) all or any portion of its authority to implement, interpret, and/or administer the 2020 Incentive Plan to a committee of the Board consisting of non-employee directors (the "Committee"), or (ii) the authority to grant and administer awards to non-executive employees of the Company under the 2020 Incentive Plan to an officer of the Company.

The 2020 Incentive Plan provides for the issuance of shares of Common Stock, including shares that may be issued related to the exercise of options awarded under the 2020 Incentive Plan, in an amount up to twenty percent (20%) of the total issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock as of December 31, 2019 (with additional shares to be authorized every first day of the next fiscal year in accordance with the 2020 Incentive Plan's evergreen provision). The 2020 Incentive Plan shall be effective for 10 years, unless earlier terminated.

Employees, officers, directors, consultants and advisors of the Company or any affiliate of the Company ("Participants") are eligible to receive an award under the 2020 Incentive Plan. The 2020 Incentive Plan provides Participants the opportunity to participate in the enhancement of shareholder value by the award of options and awards of Common Stock, granted as stock bonus awards, restricted stock awards, deferred share awards and performance-based awards, under the 2020 Incentive Plan. The 2020 Incentive Plan further provides for the Company to make payment of bonuses and/or consulting fees to certain Participants in options and Common Stock, or any combination thereof. While our directors and our executive officers may participate in the 2020 Incentive Plan, the amounts and benefits that they may receive from the 2020 Incentive Plan (if any) has not been determined and is not currently determinable.

No single participant under the 2020 Incentive Plan may receive more than 20% of all options awarded in a single year.

In the event of a corporate transaction involving the Company (including, without limitation, any merger, reorganization, consolidation, recapitalization, separation, liquidation, split-up, or share combination), the Committee shall adjust awards in any manner determined by the Committee to be an appropriate and equitable means to prevent dilution or enlargement of rights.

Evergreen Provision

Under the 2020 Incentive Plan, the Company will initially reserve shares of Common Stock for issuance to eligible employees, officers, directors, consultants, and advisors of the Company and its affiliates in amount equal to twenty percent (20%) of the then issued and outstanding shares of the Company's Common Stock as of December 31, 2019, subject to adjustment. The 2020 Incentive Plan provides that on the first day of each fiscal year of the Company during the period beginning in fiscal year 2021 and ending on the second day of fiscal year 2029, the number of shares of Common Stock authorized to be issued under the 2020 Incentive Plan will be increased by an amount equal to the lesser of (i) five percent (5%) of the total number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year and (ii) an amount to be determined by the Company's Board of Directors.

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Stock Options

The Board, or the Committee, shall have sole and absolute discretionary authority (i) to determine, authorize, and designate those persons who are to receive options under the 2020 Incentive Plan, (ii) to determine the number of shares of Common Stock to be covered by such options and the terms thereof, (iii) to determine the type of option granted (ISOs or Nonqualified Options), and (iv) to determine other such details concerning the vesting, termination, exercise, transferability and payment of such options. The Board or Committee shall thereupon grant options in accordance with such determinations as evidenced by a written option agreement.

The exercise price per share for Common Stock of options granted under the 2020 Incentive Plan shall be determined by the Board or Committee, but in no case shall be less than one hundred percent (100%) of the fair market value of the Common Stock (determined in accordance with the 2020 Incentive Plan) at the time the option is granted, provided that, with respect to ISOs granted to a person who holds ten percent (10%) or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company, the exercise price per share for Common Stock shall not be less than 110% of the fair market value of the Common Stock and the term of the ISO shall be no more than 5 years from date of grant. The fair market value of the Common Stock with respect to which ISOs may be exercisable for the first time by any Participant during any calendar year under all such plans of the Company and its affiliates shall not exceed \$100,000, or such other amount provided in Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code.

ISOs under the 2020 Incentive Plan may not be transferred except by will or laws of descent and, during the lifetime of the recipient of the ISO, only be exercised by such recipient. Nonqualified Options may be transferred as a gift in accordance with the applicable securities laws and regulations and with any stock option agreement. Shares issued pursuant to the exercise of options may be endorsed with a legend restricting their transfer or sale.

Each option shall terminate not more than ten years from the date of the grant or at such earlier time as the option agreement may provide. For those who own more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or an affiliate of the Company, each ISO shall terminate not more than five years from the date of the grant or at such earlier time as the option agreement may provide.

Bonus, Deferred, and Restricted Stock Awards

The Board, or the Committee, may, in its sole discretion, grant awards of Common Stock in the form of bonus awards, deferred awards, and restricted stock awards. Each stock award agreement shall be in such form and shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board, or the committee, deems appropriate. The terms and conditions of each stock award agreement may change from time to time and need not be uniform with respect to Participants, and the terms and conditions of separate stock award agreements need not be identical.

Performance Share Awards

The Board, or the Committee, may authorize grants of shares of Common Stock to be awarded upon the achievement of specified performance objectives, upon

such terms and conditions as the Board, or the Committee, may determine. Such awards shall be conferred upon the Participant upon the achievement of specified performance objectives during a specified performance period, such objectives being set forth in the grant and including a minimum acceptable level of achievement and, optionally, a formula for measuring and determining the number of performance shares to be issued. Each performance share award agreement shall be in such form and shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board, or the Committee, deems appropriate. The terms and conditions of each performance share award may change from time to time and need not be uniform with respect to Participants, and the terms and conditions of separate performance share award agreements need not be identical.

Adjustments

If the Company shall effect a subdivision or consolidation of shares or other capital readjustment, the payment of a stock dividend, or other increase or reduction of the number of shares of the Common Stock outstanding, without receiving consideration therefore in money, services or property, then (i) the number, class, and per share price of shares of Common Stock subject to outstanding options and other awards under the 2020 Incentive Plan, and (ii) the number of and class of shares then reserved for issuance under the 2020 Incentive Plan and the maximum number of shares for which awards may be granted to any Participant during a specified time period shall be appropriately and proportionately adjusted. The Board, or the Committee, shall make such adjustments, and its determinations shall be final, binding and conclusive.

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Change in Control

If the Company is to be consolidated with or acquired by another entity in a merger, consolidation, or sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets other than a transaction to merely change the state of incorporation (a "Corporate Transaction"), the administrator of the 2020 Incentive Plan (the "Administrator") or the board of directors of any entity assuming the obligations of the Company (the "Successor Board"), shall, as to outstanding options issued under the 2020 Incentive Plan, either (i) make appropriate provision for the continuation of such options by substituting on an equitable basis for the shares then subject to such options either A) the consideration payable with respect to the outstanding shares of common stock in connection with the Corporate Transaction or B) securities of any successor or acquiring entity; or (ii) upon written notice to the Participants, provide that such options must be exercised (either (A) to the extent then exercisable or, (B) at the discretion of the Administrator, any such options being made partially or fully exercisable), within a specified number of days of the date of such notice, at the end of which period such options which have not been exercised shall terminate whether or not vested; or (iii) terminate such options in exchange for payment of an amount equal to the consideration payable upon consummation of such Corporate Transaction to a holder of the number of shares of common stock into which such option would have been exercisable (either (A) to the extent then exercisable or, (B) at the discretion of the Administrator, any such options being made partially or fully exercisable) less the aggregate exercise price thereof. For purposes of determining the payments to be made pursuant to clause (iii) above, in the case of a Corporate Transaction, the consideration other than cash, the consideration other than cash shall be valued at the fair value thereof as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors.

With respect to outstanding stock grants issued under the 2020 Incentive Plan, the Administrator or the Successor Board, shall make appropriate provision for the continuation of such stock grants on the same terms and conditions by substituting on an equitable basis for the Shares then subject to such stock grants either the consideration payable with respect to the outstanding shares of common stock in connection with the Corporate Transaction or securities of any successor or acquiring entity. In lieu of the foregoing, in connection with any Corporate Transaction, the Administrator may provide that, upon consummation of the Corporate Transaction, each outstanding stock grant shall be terminated in exchange for payment of an amount equal to the consideration payable upon consummation of such Corporate Transaction to a holder of the number of shares of common stock comprising such stock grant (to the extent such stock grant is no longer subject to any forfeiture or repurchase rights then in effect or, at the discretion of the Administrator, all forfeiture and repurchase rights being waived upon such Corporate Transaction).

Plan Amendment or Termination

Our Board has the authority to amend, suspend, or terminate our equity incentive plans, provided that such action does not materially impair the existing rights of any participant without such participant's written consent. The 2020 Incentive Plan will terminate on December 9, 2029, except that awards that are granted under the 2020 Incentive Plan prior to its termination will continue to be administered under the terms of the 2020 Incentive Plan until the awards terminate, expire or are exercised.

Other Information

The 2020 Incentive Plan was effective January 1, 2020, was approved by Company stockholder approval on December 9, 2019, and, subject to the right of the Committee to amend or terminate the 2020 Incentive Plan, will remain in effect as long as any awards under it are outstanding; provided, however, that no awards may be granted under the 2020 Incentive Plan after January 1, 2030.

The Committee may, at any time, amend, suspend or terminate the Plan, and the Committee may amend any award agreement; provided that no amendment may, in the absence of written consent to the change by the affected participant, materially alter or impair any rights or obligations under an award already granted under the 2020 Incentive Plan.

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ITEM 13 - CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Transactions with Related Persons

Except as disclosed herein, no director, executive officer, shareholder holding at least 5% of shares of our common stock, or any family member thereof, had any material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction, or proposed transaction since January 1, 2019, in which the amount involved in the transaction exceeds the lesser of \$120,000 or one percent of the average of our total assets at the year-end for the last two completed fiscal years.

Effective on February 18, 2019, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note (the "Feb 2019 Note") with LiquidValue Development Pte Ltd ("LiquidValue") in the principal sum of \$500,000 (the "Principal Amount"), of which up to \$500,000 of the Principal Amount can be paid by the conversion of such amount into the Company's common stock up to a maximum of 446,428 shares of Common Stock, at a conversion price of \$1.12 per share. The Feb 2019 Note carried a fixed interest rate of 8% per annum and had a term of 12-months. Accrued interest was payable in cash in arrears on the last day of each calendar quarter, with the first interest payment due on June 30, 2019, and remained payable until the Principal Amount is paid in full. LiquidValue is a related party, owned by one of the Company's directors. Effective on March 25, 2019, LiquidValue exercised its conversion option to convert the maximum conversion amount

under the Feb 2019 Note and thereby received 446,428 shares of Common Stock. As a result of LiquidValue's election to exercise its full conversion rights under the Feb 2019 Note, the Feb 2019 Note was cancelled effective on March 25, 2019.

On February 22, 2019, one of the Company's foreign subsidiaries, DSS Cyber Security Pte Ltd. entered into a licensing and distribution agreement with Advanced Cyber Security Corp. ("ACS"). As consideration for the licensing and distribution agreement, the Company paid ACS \$350,000 cash and on March 5, 2019, issued ACS 130,435 shares of the Company's common stock at \$1.15 per share as additional consideration for the agreement. Daniel DelGiorno is the Chief Executive Officer and owner of ACS. Mr. DelGiorno is a former director of the Company and a related party.

On May 31, 2019, the Company issued and sold an unsecured promissory note to LiquidValue, an entity owned by Mr. Chan, in the principal amount of \$650,000. Proceeds from the note were used for general corporate purposes. This note was paid in full on June 12, 2019.

On June 5, 2019 the Company completed an underwritten public offering with gross proceeds of \$5.6 million before deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and other estimated offering expenses. The Offering included 11,200,000 shares of the Company's common stock and 1,680,000 additional shares from the exercise of the underwriter's purchase option to cover over-allotments, at the public offering price of \$0.50 per share. Mr. Chan purchased 2,000,000 shares of Common Stock in the Offering, for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,000,000.

On October 29, 2019 and subsequently October 30, 2019, the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance of common stock, not to exceed 6,000,000 shares, via private placement with a related party. Pursuant to a Subscription Agreement, LiquidValue, a company owned by Mr. Chan, DSS's Chairman, purchased from the Company, in a private placement, and aggregate of 6,000,000 shares of common stock, for an above market purchase price equal to \$0.30 per share for gross proceeds to the Company of \$1,822,200 (before deductions for placement agent fees and other expenses). This transaction was executed on November 1, 2019.

As of December 31, 2018, the Company owned 21,196,552 ordinary shares and an existing three-year warrant to purchase up to 105,982,759 ordinary shares at an exercise price of SGD\$0.040 (US\$0.0298) per share of Singapore eDevelopment Limited ("SED"), a company incorporated in Singapore and publicly listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited. The restriction on the sale of shares, and execution of the warrants expired on September 17, 2019. The carrying value of the initial 21,196,552 ordinary shares investment as of December 31, 2019 was \$324,930. On December 19, 2019, the Company exercised the warrant, in part, pursuant to which the Company acquired 61,977,577 ordinary shares of SED. The total consideration paid by the Company for these ordinary shares was SGD\$2,479,103.08, or approximately \$1,833,000 USD, the investment value at December 31, 2019. After giving effect to the warrant exercise, the Company now owns 83,174,129 ordinary shares of SED, representing approximately 7.1% of the outstanding shares of SED, and the remaining warrant to purchase 44,005,182 ordinary shares of SED. Mr. Chan is the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of SED.

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On February 25, 2020, the Company completed an underwritten public offering with gross proceeds of \$4.6 million before deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and other estimated offering expenses. The offering included 740,741 shares of the Company's common stock and 111,111 additional shares from the exercise of the underwriter's purchase option to cover over-allotments, at the public offering price of \$5.40 per share. Mr. Chan purchased 370,370 shares of Common Stock in the Offering, for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,000,000.

On March 3, 2020, the Company entered into a binding term sheet (the "AMRE Term Sheet") with LiquidValue Asset Management Pte Ltd ("LVAM"), AMRE Asset Management Inc. ("AAMI") and American Medical REIT Inc. ("AMRE"), regarding a share subscription and loan arrangement. The AMRE Term Sheet sets out the terms of a proposed joint venture to establish a medical real estate investment trust in the United States. Pursuant to the AMRE Term Sheet, the Company subscribed for 5,250 ordinary shares of AAMI at a purchase price of \$0.01 per share for total consideration of \$52.50. Concurrently, AAMI issued 2,500 shares to LVAM, and 1,250 shares to AMRE Tennessee, LLC, AMRE's executive management's holding company. As a result, the Company holds 52.5% of the outstanding shares of AAMI, with LVAM and AMRE Tennessee, LLC, holding 35% and 12.5% of the remaining outstanding shares of AAMI, respectively. Further, pursuant to and in connection with the AMRE Term Sheet, on March 3, 2020, the Company entered into a Promissory Note with AMRE, pursuant to which AMRE will issue the Company a promissory note for the principal amount of \$800,000.00 (the "AMRE Note"). The AMRE Note matures on March 3, 2022 and accrues interest at the rate of 8.0% per annum, and shall be payable in accordance with the terms set forth in the AMRE Note. The AMRE Note also provides the Company an option to provide AMRE an additional \$800,000 on the same terms and conditions as the AMRE Note, including the issuance of warrants as hereinafter described. As further incentive to enter into the AMRE Note, AMRE issued the Company warrants to purchase 160,000 shares of AMRE common stock (the "ANRE Warrants"). The AMRE Warrants have an exercise price of \$5.00 per share, subject to adjustment as set forth in the AMRE Warrant, and expire on March 3, 2024. Pursuant to the AMRE Warrants, if AMRE files a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission for an initial public offering ("IPO") of AMRE's common stock and the IPO price per share offered to the public is less than \$10.00 per share, the exercise price of the AMRE Warrant shall be adjusted downward to 50% of the IPO price. The AMRE Warrant also grants piggyback registration rights to the Company as set forth in the AMRE Warrant. The parties to the AMRE Term Sheet, including AMRE Tennessee, LLC, also entered into a stockholders' agreement dated as of March 3, 2020 (the "AMRE Stockholders' Agreement"), regarding their ownership of AAMI's common stock to regulate certain aspects of the relationship between the stockholders and provide for certain rights and obligations with respect to such ownership, as set forth in the AMRE Stockholders' Agreement. LVAM is an 82% owned subsidiary of Alset Intl. whose Chief Executive Office and largest shareholder is Mr. Chan. Following the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the AMRE Term Sheet, Mr. Chan and Mr. Heuszel were appointed to the board of directors of AAMI.

On August 21, 2020, the Company, completed its acquisition of Impact BioMedical,, pursuant to a Share Exchange Agreement by and among the Company, DSS BioHealth, and related parties Alset Intl (formally Singapore eDevelopment Limited), and Global Biomedical Pte Ltd. ("GBM") which was previously approved by the Company's shareholders (the "Share Exchange"). Under the terms of the Share Exchange, the Company issued 483,334 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.02 per share, nominally valued at \$6.48 per share, and 46,868 newly issued shares of the Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock"), with a stated value of \$46,868,000, or \$1,000 per share, for a total consideration of \$50 million (Note 12). Due to several factors, including a discount for illiquidity, the value of the Series A Preferred Stock was discounted from \$46,868,000 to \$35,187,000, thus reducing the final consideration given to approximately \$38,319,000. Alset Intl CEO and largest shareholder is Mr. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan, the Chairman of the Board and the largest shareholder of the Company.

As of March 31, 2020, the Company owned 83,174,129 ordinary shares of Alset International Limited ("Alset Intl", formally Singapore eDevelopment Limited) a company incorporated in Singapore and publicly listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited, at an exercise price of SGD\$0.04 (US\$0.029) per share and warrants to purchase an additional 44,005,182 ordinary shares at an exercise price of SGD\$0.04 (US\$0.029) per share. On June 25, 2020, the Company exercised those warrants bringing its total ownership to 127,179,311 shares or approximately 7% of the outstanding shares of Alset Intl as of December 31, 2020. Historically and through June 30, 2020, the Company carried its investment in Alset Intl at cost, less impairments under the measurement alternative in ASU No. 2016-01, "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities". During the third quarter of 2020, the Company determined that the investments had a readily determinable fair value based on the volume of shares traded on the Singapore Exchange which evidences a ready market for shares, as well as a consistent and observable market price. Accordingly, this investment is now classified as a marketable security and is classified as long-term assets on the consolidated balance sheets as the Company has the intent and ability to hold the investments for a period of at least one year. The Chairman of

On July 22, 2020, Chan Heng Fai Ambrose, the Chairman of the Company's board of directors, assigned a Stock Purchase and Share Subscription Agreement by and between Mr. Chan and SHRG, pursuant to which the Company purchased 30,000,000 shares of Class A common stock and 10,000,000 warrants to purchase Class A common stock for \$3 million. The warrants have an average exercise price of \$0.20, immediately vested and may be exercised at any time commencing on the date of issuance and ending three year from such date. These shares and warrants are also subject to a one-year trading restriction pursuant to the terms of a Lock-Up Agreement entered into between Mr. Chan and the Company and assigned to the Company.

On or about August 28, 2020, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, DSS Securities, Inc. entered into a corporate venture to form and operate a real estate title agency, under the name and flagging of Alset Title Company, Inc, a Texas corporation ("ATC"). DSS Securities, Inc. shall own 70% of this venture with the other two shareholders being attorneys necessary to the state application and permitting process. ATC have initiated or have pending applications to do business in a number of states, including Texas, Tennessee, Connecticut, Florida, and Illinois. For the purpose of organization and the state application process, the Company's CEO, who is a licensed attorney, has a stated non-compensated 15% ownership interest in the venture. There was no activity for the twelve-months ended December 31, 2020

On September 10, 2020, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary DSS Securities, Inc. entered into membership interest purchase agreement with BMI Financial Group, Inc. a Delaware corporation ("BMIF") and BMI Capital International LLC, a Texas limited liability company ("BMICI") whereas DSS Securities, Inc. purchased 14.9% membership interests in BMIC for \$100,000. DSS Securities also had the option to purchase an additional 10% of the outstanding membership interest which it exercised in January of 2021 and increased its ownership to 24.9%. This investment is valued at cost as it does not have a readily determined fair value.

BMICI is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), and is a member of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). The Company's chairman of the board and Mr. Sassuan Lee, an independent board member of the Company, also have ownership interest in this joint venture.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company held 64,207,378 class A common shares equating to a 32.2% ownership interest in SHRG and had recorded unrealized gains on marketable securities of approximately \$6.1 million for the twelve-months then ended. As of July 22, 2020, the carrying value of the Company's equity method investment exceeded our share of the book value of the investee's underlying net assets by approximately \$9.5 million, which represents primarily intangible assets in the form of customer and distributor lists and goodwill arising from acquisitions. The Company is still in the process of valuing the intangible assets as of December 31, 2020 and no amortization has been recorded during the period ended December 31, 2020. The aggregate fair value of the Company's investment in SHRG at December 31, 2020 was approximately \$14,774,000. DSS, via four (4) of the Company's existing board members, currently holds four (4) of the five (5) SHRG board of director seats. Mr. JT Thatch, DSS's Lead Independent Director and as well the CEO of SHRG is on the SHRG Board, along with Mr Chan, DSS's Executive Chairman of the board of directors (joined the SHRG Board effective May 4, 2020), Mr. Sassuan "Sam" Lee, DSS Independent Director (joined the SHRG Board effective September 29, 2020) and Mr. Frank D. Heuszel, the CEO of the Company (joined the SHRG Board effective September 29, 2020).

Review, Approval or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons

The Board conducts an appropriate review of and oversees all related party transactions on a continuing basis and reviews potential conflict of interest situations where appropriate. The Board has adopted formal standards to apply when it reviews, approves or ratifies any related party transaction. In addition, the Board applies the following standards to such reviews: (i) all related party transactions must be fair and reasonable and on terms comparable to those reasonably expected to be agreed to with independent third parties for the same goods and/or services at the time they are authorized by the Board and (ii) all related party transactions should be authorized, approved or ratified by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors who have no interest, either directly or indirectly, in any such related party transaction.

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ITEM 14 - PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

Audit Fees

Audit fees consist of fees for professional services rendered for the audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, the review of financial statements included in the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and for services that are normally provided by the auditor in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements. The aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered by our principal accountant, Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C., for audit and review services for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were approximately \$370,000 and \$154,600, respectively.

Audit Related Fees

The aggregate fees billed for audit related services by our principal accountant, Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C., pertaining to comfort letter related to our registered offering during the years, consents for related registration statements and the audit of the Company's employee benefit plan and review of the standalone financial statements for one of the Company's subsidiaries, for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were approximately \$98,000 and \$51,450, respectively.

Tax Fees

The aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered by our principal accountant, Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C., for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were approximately \$30,000 and \$29,500 respectively.

All Other Fees

There were no fees billed for professional services rendered by our principal accountant, Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C., for other related services during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Administration of the Engagement; Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services

The Company's Audit Committee Charter requires that the Audit Committee establish policies and procedures for pre-approval of all audit or permissible non-audit services provided by the Company's independent auditors. Our Audit Committee, approved, in advance, all work performed by our principal accountant, Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services. The Audit Committee may establish, either on an ongoing or case-by-case basis, pre-approval policies and procedures providing for delegated authority to approve the engagement of the independent registered public accounting firm, provided that the policies and procedures are detailed as to the particular services to be provided, the Audit Committee is informed about each service, and the policies and procedures do not result in the delegation of the Audit Committee's authority to management. In accordance with these procedures, the Audit Committee pre-approved all services performed by Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C.

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PART IV

ITEM 15 - EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(b) Exhibits

Exhibit Description

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation of Document Security Systems, Inc., as amended (incorporated by reference to exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K dated August 25, 2016).
- 3.2 Fourth Amended and Restated By-laws of Document Security Systems, Inc. (incorporated by reference to exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K dated June 22, 2018).
- 3.3 Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of Document Security Systems, Inc. (incorporated by reference to exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K dated August 27, 2020).
- 3.4 Certificate of Correction to the Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of Document Security Systems, Inc. (incorporated by reference to exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K dated November 6, 2020).
- 4.1 Description of Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934*
- 10.1 <u>Document Security Systems, Inc. 2013 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Annex H to Proxy Statement/Prospectus contained in the Registration Statement on Form S-4 originally filed with the SEC on November 26, 2012).</u>
- 10.2 Investment Agreement dated as of February 13, 2014 by and among DSS Technology Management, Inc., Document Security Systems, Inc., Fortress Credit Co LLC and the Investors named therein (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated February 18, 2014).
- 10.3 Form of Securities Purchase Agreement for September 2015 Financing (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated September 17, 2015).
- 10.4 Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant for September 2015 Financing (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K dated September 17, 2015).
- 10.5 Form of amended Securities Purchase Agreement for September 2015 Financing (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated October 2, 2015).
- 10.6 Form of amended Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated November 30, 2015).

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- 10.7 Proceeds Investment Agreement between Document Security Systems, Inc. and Brickell Key Investments LP dated November 14, 2016 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.30 to Form 10-K dated March 28, 2017).
- 10.8 Common Stock Purchase Warrant between Document Security Systems, Inc. and Brickell Key Investments LP dated November 14, 2016 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.31 to Form 10-K dated March 28, 2017).
- 10.9 First Amendment to Investment Agreement and Certain Other Documents between DSS Technology Management, Inc., Document Security Systems, Inc., Fortress Credit Co LLC and Investors dated December 2, 2016 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.32 to Form 10-K dated March 28, 2017).
- 10.10 Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K dated September 6, 2017).
- 10.11 Form of Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated September 6, 2017).
- 10.12 Securities Exchange Agreement, dated September 12, 2017, between Document Security Systems, Inc. and Hengfai Business Development Pte. Ltd. (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated September 15, 2017).
- 10.13 2021 Employment Agreement entered by and between the Company and Frank Heuszel on November 13, 2020 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated November 19, 2020).
- 10.14 2020 Amendment entered by and between the Company and Frank Heuszel on November 13, 2020
- 10.15 Executive Employment Agreement with Mr. Jason Grady (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.2 to Form 10-Q dated November 13, 2019).
- 10.16 Executive Employment Agreement with Mr. Heng Fai Ambrose Chan (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-Q dated November 13, 2019).
- 10.17 2020 Amendment entered by and among the Company, DSS Cyber Security Pte. Ltd. and Heng Fai Chan on November 19, 2020 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated November 25, 2020).
- 10.18 2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan *
- 10.19 Term Sheet dated March 3, 2020 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated March 6, 2020).
- 10.20 Promissory Note dated March 3, 2020 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K dated March 6, 2020).
- 10.21 Form of Warrant (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.3 to Form 8-K dated March 6, 2020).
- 10.22 Stockholder Agreement (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.4 to Form 8-K dated March 6, 2020).
- 10.23 Term Sheet dated March 12, 2020*
- 10.24 Share Exchange Agreement dated as of April 27, 2020 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated May 1, 2020.
- 10.25 <u>Underwriting Agreement, dated June 16, 2020, by and between Document Security Systems, Inc. and Aegis Capital Corp. (incorporated by reference to exhibit 1.1 to Form 8-K dated June 19, 2020).</u>
- 10.26 <u>Underwriting Agreement, dated July 1, 2020, by and between Document Security Systems, Inc. and Aegis Capital Corp. (incorporated by reference to exhibit 1.1 to Form 8-K dated July 1, 2020).</u>

- 10.27 <u>Underwriting Agreement, dated July 28, 2020, by and between Document Security Systems, Inc. and Aegis Capital Corp. (incorporated by reference to exhibit 1.1 to Form 8-K dated July 31, 2020).</u>
- 21.1 Subsidiaries of Document Security Systems, Inc.*
- 23.1 Consent of Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C.*
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.*
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.*
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*

101.INS XBRL Instance Document*

101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document*

101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document*
101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document*
101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document*
101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document*

ITEM 16 - Form 10K SUMMARY

None.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS, INC.

March 31, 2021 By: /s/ Frank D. Heuszel

Frank D. Heuszel Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

March 31, 2021 By: /s/ Todd D. Macko

Todd D. Macko

Interim Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

March 31, 2021 By: /s/ Frank D. Heuszel

Frank D. Heuszel Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

March 31, 2021 By: /s/ Todd D. Macko

Todd D. Macko

Interim Chief Financial Officer

March 31, 2021 By: /s/ Jason Grady

Jason Grady

Chief Operating Officer

March 31, 2021 By: /s/ Heng Fai Ambrose Chan

Heng Fai Ambrose Chan

Chairman of the Board and CEO of DSS International, Inc.

March 31, 2021 By: /s/John "JT" Thatch

John Thatch Director

March 31, 2021 By: /s/ José Escudero

Jose Escudero Director

March 31, 2021 By: /s/ Sassuan (Samson) Lee

Sassuan Lee Director

March 31, 2021 By: /s/ Wah Wai Lowell Lo

Lowell Wai Wah

Director

^{*} Filed herewith

 March 31, 2021
 By: /s/ Tung Moe Chan Tung Moe Chan Director

 March 31, 2021
 By: /s/ Wai Leung William Wu William Wu Director

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Description of Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended

General

Our authorized capital stock consists of 200,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.02 par value per share, 62,086,099 of which were issued and outstanding as of March 20, 2020.

The following description of our common stock summarizes the material terms and provisions of the common stock that we may offer under this prospectus but is not complete. For the complete terms of our common stock, please refer to our certificate of incorporation, as amended, (the "Certificate of Incorporation") which may be further amended from time to time, and our fifth amended and restated by-laws, as further amended from time to time (the "By-laws"). The New York Business Corporation Law ("NYBCL") may also affect the terms of these securities.

Holders of our common stock: (i) have equal rights to dividends from funds legally available therefore, ratably when as and if declared by the Company's board of directors; (ii) are entitled to share ratably in all assets of the Company available for distribution to holders of common stock upon liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the affairs of the Company; (iii) do not have preemptive, subscription or conversion rights and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable thereto; (iv) are entitled to one non-cumulative vote per share of common stock, on all matters which stockholders may vote on at all meetings of stockholders; and (v) the holders of common stock have no conversion, preemptive or other subscription rights. There is no cumulative voting for the election of directors. Each holder of our common stock is entitled to one vote for each share of our common stock held on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders.

Anti-Takeover Effects of Certain Provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation, By-laws and the NYBCL

Section 912 of the NYBCL generally provides that a New York corporation may not engage in a business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of five years following the interested stockholder's becoming such. Such a business combination would be permitted where it is approved by the board of directors before the interested stockholder's becoming such. Covered business combinations include certain mergers and consolidations, dispositions of assets or stock, plans for liquidation or dissolution, reclassifications of securities, recapitalizations and similar transactions. An interested stockholder is generally a stockholder owning at least 20% of a corporation's outstanding voting stock. In addition, New York corporations may not engage at any time with any interested stockholder in a business combination other than: (i) a business combination approved by the board of directors before the stock acquisition, or where the acquisition of the stock had been approved by the board of directors before the stock acquisition approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding voting stock not beneficially owned by the interested stockholder at a meeting called for that purpose no earlier than five years after the stock acquisition; or (iii) a business combination in which the interested stockholder pays a formula price designed to ensure that all other stockholders receive at least the highest price per share that is paid by the interested stockholder and that meets certain other requirements.

A corporation may opt out of the interested stockholder provisions described in the preceding paragraph by expressly electing not to be governed by such provisions in its by-laws, which must be approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of votes of the outstanding voting stock of such corporation and is subject to further conditions. However, our By-laws do not contain any provisions electing not to be governed by Section 912 NYBCL. Under our By-laws, any corporate action to be taken by vote of the shareholders, shall be authorized by a majority of votes cast at a meeting of shareholders by the holders of shares entitled to vote thereon.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The Transfer Agent and Registrar for our common stock is American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, 6201 15th Ave., Brooklyn, NY 11219, USA, +1-800-937-5449 or +1-718-921-8124.

Listing

Our Common Stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbols "DSS."

APPENDIX A

DOCUMENT SECURITY SYSTEMS, INC. 2020 EMPLOYEE, DIRECTOR AND CONSULTANT EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

1. DEFINITIONS.

Unless otherwise specified or unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms, as used in this Document Security Systems, Inc. 2020 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan, have the following meanings:

Administrator means the Board of Directors, unless it has delegated power to act on its behalf to the Committee, in which case the Administrator means the Committee.

Affiliate means a corporation which, for purposes of Section 424 of the Code, is a parent or subsidiary of the Company, direct or indirect.

Agreement means an agreement between the Company and a Participant delivered pursuant to the Plan and pertaining to a Stock Right, in such form as the Administrator shall approve.

Board of Directors means the Board of Directors of the Company.

<u>Cause</u> means, with respect to a Participant (a) dishonesty with respect to the Company or any Affiliate, (b) insubordination, substantial malfeasance or non-feasance of duty, (c) unauthorized disclosure of confidential information, (d) breach by a Participant of any provision of any employment, consulting, advisory, nondisclosure, non-competition or similar agreement between the Participant and the Company or any Affiliate, and (e) conduct substantially prejudicial to the business of the Company or any Affiliate; provided, however, that any provision in an agreement between a Participant and the Company or an Affiliate, which contains a conflicting definition of Cause for termination and which is in effect at the time of such termination, shall supersede this definition with respect to that Participant. The determination of the Administrator as to the existence of Cause will be conclusive on the Participant and the Company.

Code means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended including any successor statute, regulation and guidance thereto.

Committee means the committee of the Board of Directors to which the Board of Directors has delegated power to act under or pursuant to the provisions of the Plan.

Common Stock means shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.02 par value per share.

Company means Document Security Systems, Inc., a New York corporation.

Consultant means any natural person who is an advisor or consultant that provides bona fide services to the Company or its Affiliates, provided that such services are not in connection with the offer or sale of securities in a capital raising transaction, and do not directly or indirectly promote or maintain a market for the Company's or its Affiliates' securities.

Disability or Disabled means permanent and total disability as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code.

Employee means any employee of the Company or of an Affiliate (including, without limitation, an employee who is also serving as an officer or director of the Company or of an Affiliate), designated by the Administrator to be eligible to be granted one or more Stock Rights under the Plan.

Exchange Act means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Fair Market Value of a Share of Common Stock means:

- (1) If the Common Stock is listed on a national securities exchange or traded in the over-the-counter market and sales prices are regularly reported for the Common Stock, the closing or, if not applicable, the last price of the Common Stock on the composite tape or other comparable reporting system for the trading day on the applicable date and if such applicable date is not a trading day, the last market trading day prior to such date;
- (2) If the Common Stock is not traded on a national securities exchange but is traded on the over-the-counter market, if sales prices are not regularly reported for the Common Stock for the trading day referred to in clause (1), and if bid and asked prices for the Common Stock are regularly reported, the mean between the bid and the asked price for the Common Stock at the close of trading in the over-the-counter market for the trading day on which Common Stock was traded on the applicable date and if such applicable date is not a trading day, the last market trading day prior to such date; and
- (3) If the Common Stock is neither listed on a national securities exchange nor traded in the over-the-counter market, such value as the Administrator, in good faith, shall determine.

ISO means an option intended to qualify as an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Code.

Non-Qualified Option means an option which is not intended to qualify as an ISO.

Option means an ISO or Non-Qualified Option granted under the Plan.

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<u>Participant</u> means an Employee, officer, director, Consultant or advisor of the Company or an Affiliate to whom one or more Stock Rights are granted under the Plan. As used herein, "Participant" shall include "Participant's Survivors" where the context requires.

Plan_means this Document Security Systems, Inc. 2019 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan.

Securities Act means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Shares means shares of the Common Stock as to which Stock Rights have been or may be granted under the Plan or any shares of capital stock into which the Shares are changed or for which they are exchanged within the provisions of Paragraph 3 of the Plan. The Shares issued under the Plan may be authorized and unissued shares or shares held by the Company in its treasury, or both.

Stock-Based Award means a grant by the Company under the Plan of an equity award or an equity based award which is not an Option or a Stock Grant.

Stock Grant means a grant by the Company of Shares under the Plan.

Stock Right means a right to Shares or the value of Shares of the Company granted pursuant to the Plan — an ISO, a Non-Qualified Option, a Stock Grant or a Stock-Based Award.

<u>Survivor</u> means a deceased Participant's legal representatives and/or any person or persons who acquired the Participant's rights to a Stock Right by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.

2. PURPOSES OF THE PLAN.

The Plan is intended to encourage ownership of Shares by Employees and directors of and certain Consultants to the Company and its Affiliates in order to attract and retain such people, to induce them to work for the benefit of the Company or of an Affiliate and to provide additional incentive for them to promote the success of the Company or of an Affiliate. The Plan provides for the granting of ISOs, Non-Qualified Options, Stock Grants and Stock-Based Awards.

3. SHARES SUBJECT TO THE PLAN.

(a) The number of Shares which may be issued from time to time pursuant to this Plan shall be twenty percent (20%) of the total issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock as of December 31, 2019, or the equivalent of such number of Shares after the Administrator, in its sole discretion, has interpreted the effect of any stock split, stock dividend, combination, recapitalization or similar transaction in accordance with Paragraph 24 of the Plan.

In addition, on the first day of each calendar year, for a period of not more than ten (10) years, commencing January 1, 2021, or the first business day of the calendar year if the first day of the calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the Shares available under this Plan will automatically increase in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) five percent (5%) of the total number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year or (ii) such number of shares of Common Stock as determined by the Board of Directors.

(b) If an Option ceases to be "outstanding", in whole or in part (other than by exercise), or if the Company shall reacquire (at not more than its original issuance price) any Shares issued pursuant to a Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award, or if any Stock Right expires or is forfeited, cancelled, or otherwise terminated or results in any Shares not being issued, the unissued or reacquired Shares which were subject to such Stock Right shall again be available for issuance from time to time pursuant to this Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Stock Right is exercised, in whole or in part, by tender of Shares or if the Company's or an Affiliate's tax withholding obligation is satisfied by withholding Shares, the number of Shares deemed to have been issued under the Plan for purposes of the limitation set forth in Paragraph 3(a) above shall be the number of Shares that were subject to the Stock Right or portion thereof, and not the net number of Shares actually issued. However, in the case of ISOs, the foregoing provisions shall be subject to any limitations under the Code.

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4. ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN.

The Administrator of the Plan will be the Board of Directors, except to the extent the Board of Directors delegates its authority to the Committee, in which case the Committee shall be the Administrator. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Administrator is authorized to:

- (a) Interpret the provisions of the Plan and all Stock Rights and to make all rules and determinations which it deems necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan;
 - (b) Determine which Employees, directors and Consultants shall be granted Stock Rights;
- (c) Determine the number of Shares for which a Stock Right or Stock Rights shall be granted, provided, however, that in no event shall Stock Rights with respect to more than 20% of the total Shares available under this Plan in any fiscal year be granted to any Participant in such fiscal year;
 - (d) Specify the terms and conditions upon which a Stock Right or Stock Rights may be granted;
- (e) Amend any term or condition of any outstanding Stock Right, including, without limitation, to accelerate the vesting schedule or extend the expiration date, provided that (i) such term or condition as amended is permitted by the Plan; (ii) any such amendment shall not impair the rights of a Participant under any Stock Right previously granted without such Participant's consent or in the event of death of the Participant the Participant's Survivors; and (iii) any such amendment shall be made only after the Administrator determines whether such amendment would cause any adverse tax consequences to the Participant, including, but not limited to, the annual vesting limitation contained in Section 422(d) of the Code and described in Paragraph 6(b)(iv) below with respect to ISOs and pursuant to Section 409A of the Code; and
- (f) Adopt any appendices applicable to residents of any specified jurisdiction as it deems necessary or appropriate in order to comply with or take advantage of any tax or other laws applicable to the Company, any Affiliate or to Participants or to otherwise facilitate the administration of the Plan, which appendices may include additional restrictions or conditions applicable to Stock Rights or Shares issuable pursuant to a Stock Right; provided, however, that all such interpretations, rules, determinations, terms and conditions shall be made and prescribed in the context of not causing any adverse tax consequences under Section 409A of the Code and preserving the tax status under Section 422 of the Code of those Options which are designated as ISOs. Subject to the foregoing, the interpretation and construction by the Administrator of any provisions of the Plan or of any Stock Right granted under it shall be final, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, if the Administrator is the Committee. In addition, if the Administrator is the Committee, the Board of Directors may take any action under the Plan that would otherwise be the responsibility of the Committee.

To the extent permitted under applicable law, the Board of Directors or the Committee may allocate all or any portion of its responsibilities and powers to any one or more of its members and may delegate all or any portion of its responsibilities and powers to any other person selected by it. The Board of Directors or

the Committee may revoke any such allocation or delegation at any time. Notwithstanding the foregoing, only the Board of Directors or the Committee shall be authorized to grant a Stock Right to any director of the Company or to any "officer" of the Company as defined by Rule 16a-1 under the Exchange Act.

5. ELIGIBILITY FOR PARTICIPATION.

The Administrator will, in its sole discretion, name the Participants in the Plan; provided, however, that each Participant must be an Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate at the time a Stock Right is granted. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrator may authorize the grant of a Stock Right to a person not then an Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate; provided, however, that the actual grant of such Stock Right shall be conditioned upon such person becoming eligible to become a Participant at or prior to the time of the execution of the Agreement evidencing such Stock Right. ISOs may be granted only to Employees who are deemed to be residents of the United States for tax purposes. Non-Qualified Options, Stock Grants and Stock-Based Awards may be granted to any Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or an Affiliate. The granting of any Stock Right to any individual shall neither entitle that individual to, nor disqualify him or her from, participation in any other grant of Stock Rights or any grant under any other benefit plan established by the Company or any Affiliate for Employees, directors or Consultants.

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6. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF OPTIONS.

Each Option shall be set forth in writing in an Option Agreement, duly executed by the Company and, to the extent required by law or requested by the Company, by the Participant. The Administrator may provide that Options be granted subject to such terms and conditions, consistent with the terms and conditions specifically required under this Plan, as the Administrator may deem appropriate including, without limitation, subsequent approval by the shareholders of the Company of this Plan or any amendments thereto. The Option Agreements shall be subject to at least the following terms and conditions:

- (a) Non-Qualified Options: Each Option intended to be a Non-Qualified Option shall be subject to the terms and conditions which the Administrator determines to be appropriate and in the best interest of the Company, subject to the following minimum standards for any such Non-Qualified Option:
- (i) Exercise Price: Each Option Agreement shall state the exercise price (per share) of the Shares covered by each Option, which exercise price shall be determined by the Administrator and shall be at least equal to the Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant of the Option provided, that if the exercise price is less than Fair Market Value, the terms of such Option must comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code unless granted to a Consultant to whom Section 409A of the Code does not apply.
 - (ii) Number of Shares: Each Option Agreement shall state the number of Shares to which it pertains.
- (iii) Option Periods: Each Option Agreement shall state the date or dates on which it first is exercisable and the date after which it may no longer be exercised, and may provide that the Option rights accrue or become exercisable in installments over a period of months or years, or upon the occurrence of certain conditions or the attainment of stated goals or events.
- (iv) Option Conditions: Exercise of any Option may be conditioned upon the Participant's execution of a Share purchase agreement in form satisfactory to the Administrator providing for certain protections for the Company and its other shareholders, including requirements that:
 - A. The Participant's or the Participant's Survivors' right to sell or transfer the Shares may be restricted; and
- B. The Participant or the Participant's Survivors may be required to execute letters of investment intent and must also acknowledge that the Shares will bear legends noting any applicable restrictions.
- (v) <u>Term of Option</u>: Each Option shall terminate not more than ten years from the date of the grant or at such earlier time as the Option Agreement may provide.
- (b) <u>ISOs</u>: Each Option intended to be an ISO shall be issued only to an Employee who is deemed to be a resident of the United States for tax purposes, and shall be subject to the following terms and conditions, with such additional restrictions or changes as the Administrator determines are appropriate but not in conflict with Section 422 of the Code and relevant regulations and rulings of the Internal Revenue Service:
- (i) <u>Minimum standards</u>: The ISO shall meet the minimum standards required of Non-Qualified Options, as described in Paragraph 6(a) above, except clause (i) and (v) thereunder.

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- (ii) Exercise Price: Immediately before the ISO is granted, if the Participant owns, directly or by reason of the applicable attribution rules in Section 424(d) of the Code:
- A. 10% or less of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or an Affiliate, the exercise price per share of the Shares covered by each ISO shall not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value per share of the Common Stock on the date of grant of the Option; or
- B. More than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or an Affiliate, the exercise price per share of the Shares covered by each ISO shall not be less than 110% of the Fair Market Value per share of the Common Stock on the date of grant of the Option.
 - (iii) Term of Option: For Participants who own:
- A. 10% or less of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or an Affiliate, each ISO shall terminate not more than ten years from the date of the grant or at such earlier time as the Option Agreement may provide; or
- B. More than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or an Affiliate, each ISO shall terminate not more than five years from the date of the grant or at such earlier time as the Option Agreement may provide.
- (iv) Limitation on Yearly Exercise: The Option Agreements shall restrict the amount of ISOs which may become exercisable in any calendar year (under this or any other ISO plan of the Company or an Affiliate) so that the aggregate Fair Market Value (determined on the date each ISO is granted) of the stock with

respect to which ISOs are exercisable for the first time by the Participant in any calendar year does not exceed \$100,000.

7. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF STOCK GRANTS.

Each Stock Grant to a Participant shall state the principal terms in an Agreement duly executed by the Company and, to the extent required by law or requested by the Company, by the Participant. The Agreement shall be in a form approved by the Administrator and shall contain terms and conditions which the Administrator determines to be appropriate and in the best interest of the Company, subject to the following minimum standards:

- (a) Each Agreement shall state the purchase price per share, if any, of the Shares covered by each Stock Grant, which purchase price shall be determined by the Administrator but shall not be less than the minimum consideration required by the Delaware General Corporation Law, if any, on the date of the grant of the Stock Grant;
 - (b) Each Agreement shall state the number of Shares to which the Stock Grant pertains; and
- (c) Each Agreement shall include the terms of any right of the Company to restrict or reacquire the Shares subject to the Stock Grant, including the time and events upon which such rights shall accrue and the purchase price therefor, if any.

8. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF OTHER STOCK-BASED AWARDS.

The Administrator shall have the right to grant other Stock-Based Awards based upon the Common Stock having such terms and conditions as the Administrator may determine, including, without limitation, the grant of Shares based upon certain conditions, the grant of securities convertible into Shares and the grant of stock appreciation rights, phantom stock awards or stock units. The principal terms of each Stock-Based Award shall be set forth in an Agreement, duly executed by the Company and, to the extent required by law or requested by the Company, by the Participant. The Agreement shall be in a form approved by the Administrator and shall contain terms and conditions which the Administrator determines to be appropriate and in the best interest of the Company.

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The Company intends that the Plan and any Stock-Based Awards granted hereunder be exempt from the application of Section 409A of the Code or meet the requirements of paragraphs (2), (3) and (4) of subsection (a) of Section 409A of the Code, to the extent applicable, and be operated in accordance with Section 409A so that any compensation deferred under any Stock-Based Award (and applicable investment earnings) shall not be included in income under Section 409A of the Code. Any ambiguities in the Plan shall be construed to affect the intent as described in this Paragraph 8.

9. EXERCISE OF OPTIONS AND ISSUE OF SHARES.

An Option (or any part or installment thereof) shall be exercised by giving written notice to the Company or its designee (in a form acceptable to the Administrator, which may include electronic notice), together with provision for payment of the aggregate exercise price in accordance with this Paragraph for the Shares as to which the Option is being exercised, and upon compliance with any other condition(s) set forth in the Option Agreement. Such notice shall be signed by the person exercising the Option (which signature may be provided electronically in a form acceptable to the Administrator), shall state the number of Shares with respect to which the Option is being exercised and shall contain any representation required by the Plan or the Option Agreement. Payment of the exercise price for the Shares as to which such Option is being exercised shall be made (a) in United States dollars in cash or by check, or (b) at the discretion of the Administrator, through delivery of shares of Common Stock held for at least six months (if required to avoid negative accounting treatment) having a Fair Market Value equal as of the date of the exercise to the aggregate cash exercise price for the number of Shares as to which the Option is being exercised, or (c) at the discretion of the Administrator, by having the Company retain from the Shares otherwise issuable upon exercise of the Option, a number of Shares having a Fair Market Value equal as of the date of exercise to the aggregate exercise price for the number of Shares as to which the Option is being exercised, or (d) at the discretion of the Administrator, in accordance with a cashless exercise program established with a securities brokerage firm, and approved by the Administrator, or (e) at the discretion of the Administrator, by any combination of (a), (b), (c), and (d) above or (f) at the discretion of the Administrator shall accept only such payment on exercise of an ISO as is permitted by Section 422 of the Code.

The Company shall then reasonably promptly deliver the Shares as to which such Option was exercised to the Participant (or to the Participant's Survivors, as the case may be). In determining what constitutes "reasonably promptly," it is expressly understood that the issuance and delivery of the Shares may be delayed by the Company in order to comply with any law or regulation (including, without limitation, state securities or "blue sky" laws) which requires the Company to take any action with respect to the Shares prior to their issuance. The Shares shall, upon delivery, be fully paid, non-assessable Shares.

10. PAYMENT IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUANCE OF STOCK GRANTS AND STOCK-BASED AWARDS AND ISSUE OF SHARES.

Any Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award requiring payment of a purchase price for the Shares as to which such Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award is being granted shall be made (a) in United States dollars in cash or by check, or (b) at the discretion of the Administrator, through delivery of shares of Common Stock held for at least six months (if required to avoid negative accounting treatment) and having a Fair Market Value equal as of the date of payment to the purchase price of the Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award, or (c) at the discretion of the Administrator, by any combination of (a) and (b) above; or (d) at the discretion of the Administrator, by payment of such other lawful consideration as the Administrator may determine.

The Company shall when required by the applicable Agreement, reasonably promptly deliver the Shares as to which such Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award was made to the Participant (or to the Participant's Survivors, as the case may be), subject to any escrow provision set forth in the applicable Agreement. In determining what constitutes "reasonably promptly," it is expressly understood that the issuance and delivery of the Shares may be delayed by the Company in order to comply with any law or regulation (including, without limitation, state securities or "blue sky" laws) which requires the Company to take any action with respect to the Shares prior to their issuance.

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11. RIGHTS AS A SHAREHOLDER.

No Participant to whom a Stock Right has been granted shall have rights as a shareholder with respect to any Shares covered by such Stock Right except after due exercise of an Option or issuance of Shares as set forth in any Agreement, tender of the aggregate exercise or purchase price, if any, for the Shares being purchased and registration of the Shares in the Company's share register in the name of the Participant.

12. <u>ASSIGNABILITY AND TRANSFERABILITY OF STOCK RIGHTS.</u>

By its terms, a Stock Right granted to a Participant shall not be transferable by the Participant other than (i) by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, or (ii) as approved by the Administrator in its discretion and set forth in the applicable Agreement provided that no Stock Right may be transferred by a Participant for value. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an ISO transferred except in compliance with clause (i) above shall no longer qualify as an ISO. The designation of a beneficiary of a Stock Right by a Participant, with the prior approval of the Administrator and in such form as the Administrator shall prescribe, shall not be deemed a transfer prohibited by this Paragraph. Except as provided above during the Participant's lifetime a Stock Right shall only be exercisable by or issued to such Participant (or his or her legal representative) and shall not be assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any way (whether by operation of law or otherwise) and shall not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempted transfer, assignment, pledge, hypothecation or other disposition of any Stock Right or of any rights granted thereunder contrary to the provisions of this Plan, or the levy of any attachment or similar process upon a Stock Right, shall be null and void.

13. EFFECT ON OPTIONS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE OTHER THAN FOR CAUSE OR DEATH OR DISABILITY.

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Option Agreement, in the event of a termination of service (whether as an Employee, director or Consultant) with the Company or an Affiliate before the Participant has exercised an Option, the following rules apply:

- (a) A Participant who ceases to be an Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate (for any reason other than termination for Cause, Disability, or death for which events there are special rules in Paragraphs 14, 15, and 16, respectively), may exercise any Option granted to him or her to the extent that the Option is exercisable on the date of such termination of service, but only within such term as the Administrator has designated in a Participant's Option Agreement.
- (b) Except as provided in Subparagraph (c) below, or Paragraph 15 or 16, in no event may an Option intended to be an ISO, be exercised later than three months after the Participant's termination of employment.
- (c) The provisions of this Paragraph, and not the provisions of Paragraph 15 or 16, shall apply to a Participant who subsequently becomes Disabled or dies after the termination of employment, director status or consultancy; provided, however, in the case of a Participant's Disability or death within three months after the termination of employment, director status or consultancy, the Participant or the Participant's Survivors may exercise the Option within one year after the date of the Participant's termination of service, but in no event after the date of expiration of the term of the Option.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, if subsequent to a Participant's termination of employment, termination of director status or termination of consultancy, but prior to the exercise of an Option, the Administrator determines that, either prior or subsequent to the Participant's termination, the Participant engaged in conduct which would constitute Cause, then such Participant shall forthwith cease to have any right to exercise any Option.
- (e) A Participant to whom an Option has been granted under the Plan who is absent from the Company or an Affiliate because of temporary disability (any disability other than a Disability as defined in Paragraph 1 hereof), or who is on leave of absence for any purpose, shall not, during the period of any such absence, be deemed, by virtue of such absence alone, to have terminated such Participant's employment, director status or consultancy with the Company or with an Affiliate, except as the Administrator may otherwise expressly provide; provided, however, that, for ISOs, any leave of absence granted by the Administrator of greater than ninety days, unless pursuant to a contract or statute that guarantees the right to reemployment, shall cause such ISO to become a Non-Qualified Option on the 181st day following such leave of absence.

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(f) Except as required by law or as set forth in a Participant's Option Agreement, Options granted under the Plan shall not be affected by any change of a Participant's status within or among the Company and any Affiliates, so long as the Participant continues to be an Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or any Affiliate.

14. EFFECT ON OPTIONS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE FOR CAUSE.

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Option Agreement, the following rules apply if the Participant's service (whether as an Employee, director or Consultant) with the Company or an Affiliate is terminated for Cause prior to the time that all his or her outstanding Options have been exercised:

- (a) All outstanding and unexercised Options as of the time the Participant is notified his or her service is terminated for Cause will immediately be forfeited.
- (b) Cause is not limited to events which have occurred prior to a Participant's termination of service, nor is it necessary that the Administrator's finding of Cause occur prior to termination. If the Administrator determines, subsequent to a Participant's termination of service but prior to the exercise of an Option, that either prior or subsequent to the Participant's termination the Participant engaged in conduct which would constitute Cause, then the right to exercise any Option is forfeited.

15. EFFECT ON OPTIONS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE FOR DISABILITY.

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Option Agreement:

- (a) A Participant who ceases to be an Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate by reason of Disability may exercise any Option granted to such Participant:
- (i) To the extent that the Option has become exercisable but has not been exercised on the date of the Participant's termination of service due to Disability; and
- (ii) In the event rights to exercise the Option accrue periodically, to the extent of a pro rata portion through the date of the Participant's termination of service due to Disability of any additional vesting rights that would have accrued on the next vesting date had the Participant not become Disabled. The proration shall be based upon the number of days accrued in the current vesting period prior to the date of the Participant's termination of service due to Disability.
- (b) A Disabled Participant may exercise the Option only within the period ending one year after the date of the Participant's termination of service due to Disability, notwithstanding that the Participant might have been able to exercise the Option as to some or all of the Shares on a later date if the Participant had not been terminated due to Disability and had continued to be an Employee, director or Consultant or, if earlier, within the originally prescribed term of the Option.

(c) The Administrator shall make the determination both of whether Disability has occurred and the date of its occurrence (unless a procedure for such determination is set forth in another agreement between the Company and such Participant, in which case such procedure shall be used for such determination). If requested, the Participant shall be examined by a physician selected or approved by the Administrator, the cost of which examination shall be paid for by the Company.

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16. EFFECT ON OPTIONS OF DEATH WHILE AN EMPLOYEE, DIRECTOR OR CONSULTANT.

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Option Agreement:

- (a) In the event of the death of a Participant while the Participant is an Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate, such Option may be exercised by the Participant's Survivors:
 - (i) To the extent that the Option has become exercisable but has not been exercised on the date of death; and
- (ii) In the event rights to exercise the Option accrue periodically, to the extent of a pro rata portion through the date of death of any additional vesting rights that would have accrued on the next vesting date had the Participant not died. The proration shall be based upon the number of days accrued in the current vesting period prior to the Participant's date of death.
- (b) If the Participant's Survivors wish to exercise the Option, they must take all necessary steps to exercise the Option within one year after the date of death of such Participant, notwithstanding that the decedent might have been able to exercise the Option as to some or all of the Shares on a later date if he or she had not died and had continued to be an Employee, director or Consultant or, if earlier, within the originally prescribed term of the Option.

17. EFFECT OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE ON STOCK GRANTS AND STOCK-BASED AWARDS.

In the event of a termination of service (whether as an Employee, director or Consultant) with the Company or an Affiliate for any reason before the Participant has accepted a Stock Grant or a Stock-Based Award and paid the purchase price, if required, such grant shall terminate.

For purposes of this Paragraph 17 and Paragraph 18 below, a Participant to whom a Stock Grant has been issued under the Plan who is absent from work with the Company or with an Affiliate because of temporary disability (any disability other than a Disability as defined in Paragraph 1 hereof), or who is on leave of absence for any purpose, shall not, during the period of any such absence, be deemed, by virtue of such absence alone, to have terminated such Participant's employment, director status or consultancy with the Company or with an Affiliate, except as the Administrator may otherwise expressly provide.

In addition, for purposes of this Paragraph 17 and Paragraph 18 below, any change of employment or other service within or among the Company and any Affiliates shall not be treated as a termination of employment, director status or consultancy so long as the Participant continues to be an Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or any Affiliate.

18. EFFECT ON STOCK GRANTS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE OTHER THAN FOR CAUSE OR DEATH OR DISABILITY.

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Stock Grant Agreement, in the event of a termination of service (whether as an Employee, director or Consultant), other than termination for Cause, Disability, or death for which events there are special rules in Paragraphs 19, 20, and 21, respectively, before all forfeiture provisions or Company rights of repurchase shall have lapsed, then the Company shall have the right to cancel or repurchase that number of Shares subject to a Stock Grant as to which the Company's forfeiture or repurchase rights have not lapsed.

19. <u>EFFECT ON STOCK GRANTS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE FOR CAUSE.</u>

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Stock Grant Agreement, the following rules apply if the Participant's service (whether as an Employee, director or Consultant) with the Company or an Affiliate is terminated for Cause:

- (a) All Shares subject to any Stock Grant whether or not then subject to forfeiture or repurchase shall be immediately subject to repurchase by the Company at par value.
- (b) Cause is not limited to events which have occurred prior to a Participant's termination of service, nor is it necessary that the Administrator's finding of Cause occur prior to termination. If the Administrator determines, subsequent to a Participant's termination of service, that either prior or subsequent to the Participant's termination the Participant engaged in conduct which would constitute Cause, then all Shares subject to any Stock Grant that remained subject to forfeiture provisions or as to which the Company had a repurchase right on the date of termination shall be immediately forfeited to the Company.

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20. EFFECT ON STOCK GRANTS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE FOR DISABILITY.

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Stock Grant Agreement, the following rules apply if a Participant ceases to be an Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate by reason of Disability: to the extent the forfeiture provisions or the Company's rights of repurchase have not lapsed on the date of Disability, they shall be exercisable; provided, however, that in the event such forfeiture provisions or rights of repurchase lapse periodically, such provisions or rights shall lapse to the extent of a pro rata portion of the Shares subject to such Stock Grant through the date of Disability as would have lapsed had the Participant not become Disabled. The proration shall be based upon the number of days accrued prior to the date of Disability.

The Administrator shall make the determination both as to whether Disability has occurred and the date of its occurrence (unless a procedure for such determination is set forth in another agreement between the Company and such Participant, in which case such procedure shall be used for such determination). If requested, the Participant shall be examined by a physician selected or approved by the Administrator, the cost of which examination shall be paid for by the Company.

21. EFFECT ON STOCK GRANTS OF DEATH WHILE AN EMPLOYEE, DIRECTOR OR CONSULTANT.

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Stock Grant Agreement, the following rules apply in the event of the death of a Participant while the

Participant is an Employee, director or Consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate: to the extent the forfeiture provisions or the Company's rights of repurchase have not lapsed on the date of death, they shall be exercisable; provided, however, that in the event such forfeiture provisions or rights of repurchase lapse periodically, such provisions or rights shall lapse to the extent of a pro rata portion of the Shares subject to such Stock Grant through the date of death as would have lapsed had the Participant not died. The proration shall be based upon the number of days accrued prior to the Participant's date of death.

22. PURCHASE FOR INVESTMENT.

Unless the offering and sale of the Shares shall have been effectively registered under the Securities Act, the Company shall be under no obligation to issue Shares under the Plan unless and until the following conditions have been fulfilled:

(a) The person who receives a Stock Right shall warrant to the Company, prior to the receipt of Shares, that such person is acquiring such Shares for his or her own account, for investment, and not with a view to, or for sale in connection with, the distribution of any such Shares, in which event the person acquiring such Shares shall be bound by the provisions of the following legend (or a legend in substantially similar form) which shall be endorsed upon the certificate evidencing the Shares issued pursuant to such exercise or such grant:

"The shares represented by this certificate have been taken for investment and they may not be sold or otherwise transferred by any person, including a pledgee, unless (1) either (a) a Registration Statement with respect to such shares shall be effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or (b) the Company shall have received an opinion of counsel satisfactory to it that an exemption from registration under such Act is then available, and (2) there shall have been compliance with all applicable state securities laws."

(b) At the discretion of the Administrator, the Company shall have received an opinion of its counsel that the Shares may be issued in compliance with the Securities Act without registration thereunder.

23. DISSOLUTION OR LIQUIDATION OF THE COMPANY.

Upon the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, all Options granted under this Plan which as of such date shall not have been exercised and all Stock Grants and Stock-Based Awards which have not been accepted, to the extent required under the applicable Agreement, will terminate and become null and void; provided, however, that if the rights of a Participant or a Participant's Survivors have not otherwise terminated and expired, the Participant or the Participant's Survivors will have the right immediately prior to such dissolution or liquidation to exercise or accept any Stock Right to the extent that the Stock Right is exercisable or subject to acceptance as of the date immediately prior to such dissolution or liquidation. Upon the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, any outstanding Stock-Based Awards shall immediately terminate unless otherwise determined by the Administrator or specifically provided in the applicable Agreement.

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24. ADJUSTMENTS.

Upon the occurrence of any of the following events, a Participant's rights with respect to any Stock Right granted to him or her hereunder shall be adjusted as hereinafter provided, unless otherwise specifically provided in a Participant's Agreement:

- (a) Stock Dividends and Stock Splits. If (i) the shares of Common Stock shall be subdivided or combined into a greater or smaller number of shares or if the Company shall issue any shares of Common Stock as a stock dividend on its outstanding Common Stock, or (ii) additional shares or new or different shares or other securities of the Company or other non-cash assets are distributed with respect to such shares of Common Stock, each Stock Right and the number of shares of Common Stock deliverable thereunder shall be appropriately increased or decreased proportionately, and appropriate adjustments shall be made including, in the exercise or purchase price per share, to reflect such events. The number of Shares subject to the limitations in Paragraph 3(a) and 4(c) shall also be proportionately adjusted upon the occurrence of such events.
- (b) Corporate Transactions. If the Company is to be consolidated with or acquired by another entity in a merger, consolidation, or sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets other than a transaction to merely change the state of incorporation (a "Corporate Transaction"), the Administrator or the board of directors of any entity assuming the obligations of the Company hereunder (the "Successor Board"), shall, as to outstanding Options, either (i) make appropriate provision for the continuation of such Options by substituting on an equitable basis for the Shares then subject to such Options either the consideration payable with respect to the outstanding shares of Common Stock in connection with the Corporate Transaction or securities of any successor or acquiring entity; or (ii) upon written notice to the Participants, provide that such Options must be exercised (either (A) to the extent then exercisable or, (B) at the discretion of the Administrator, any such Options being made partially or fully exercisable for purposes of this Subparagraph), within a specified number of days of the date of such notice, at the end of which period such Options which have not been exercised shall terminate whether or not vested; or (iii) terminate such Options in exchange for payment of an amount equal to the consideration payable upon consummation of such Corporate Transaction to a holder of the number of shares of Common Stock into which such Option would have been exercisable (either (A) to the extent then exercisable or, (B) at the discretion of the Administrator, any such Options being made partially or fully exercisable for purposes of this Subparagraph) less the aggregate exercise price thereof. For purposes of determining the payments to be made pursuant to Subclause (iii) above, in the case of a Corporate Transaction the consideration for which, in whole or in part, is other than cash, the consideration other than cash shall be valued at the fair value thereof as determined in good faith by the Board of Di

With respect to outstanding Stock Grants, the Administrator or the Successor Board, shall make appropriate provision for the continuation of such Stock Grants on the same terms and conditions by substituting on an equitable basis for the Shares then subject to such Stock Grants either the consideration payable with respect to the outstanding Shares of Common Stock in connection with the Corporate Transaction or securities of any successor or acquiring entity. In lieu of the foregoing, in connection with any Corporate Transaction, the Administrator may provide that, upon consummation of the Corporate Transaction, each outstanding Stock Grant shall be terminated in exchange for payment of an amount equal to the consideration payable upon consummation of such Corporate Transaction to a holder of the number of shares of Common Stock comprising such Stock Grant (to the extent such Stock Grant is no longer subject to any forfeiture or repurchase rights then in effect or, at the discretion of the Administrator, all forfeiture and repurchase rights being waived upon such Corporate Transaction).

In taking any of the actions permitted under this Paragraph 24(b), the Administrator shall not be obligated by the Plan to treat all Stock Rights, all Stock Rights held by a Participant, or all Stock Rights of the same type, identically.

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which securities of the Company or of another corporation are issued with respect to the outstanding shares of Common Stock, a Participant upon exercising an Option or accepting a Stock Grant after the recapitalization or reorganization shall be entitled to receive for the price paid upon such exercise or acceptance if any, the number of replacement securities which would have been received if such Option had been exercised or Stock Grant accepted prior to such recapitalization or reorganization.

- (d) <u>Adjustments to Stock-Based Awards</u>. Upon the happening of any of the events described in Subparagraphs (a), (b) or (c) above, any outstanding Stock-Based Award shall be appropriately adjusted to reflect the events described in such Subparagraphs. The Administrator or the Successor Board shall determine the specific adjustments to be made under this Paragraph 24, including, but not limited to the effect of any, Corporate Transaction and, subject to Paragraph 4, its determination shall be conclusive.
- (e) <u>Modification of Options</u>. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any adjustments made pursuant to Subparagraph (a), (b) or (c) above with respect to Options shall be made only after the Administrator determines whether such adjustments would (i) constitute a "modification" of any ISOs (as that term is defined in Section 424(h) of the Code) or (ii) cause any adverse tax consequences for the holders of Options, including, but not limited to, pursuant to Section 409A of the Code. If the Administrator determines that such adjustments made with respect to Options would constitute a modification or other adverse tax consequence, it may refrain from making such adjustments, unless the holder of an Option specifically agrees in writing that such adjustment be made and such writing indicates that the holder has full knowledge of the consequences of such "modification" on his or her income tax treatment with respect to the Option. This paragraph shall not apply to the acceleration of the vesting of any ISO that would cause any portion of the ISO to violate the annual vesting limitation contained in Section 422(d) of the Code, as described in Paragraph 6(b)(iv).

25. <u>ISSUANCES OF SECURITIES.</u>

Except as expressly provided herein, no issuance by the Company of shares of stock of any class, or securities convertible into shares of stock of any class, shall affect, and no adjustment by reason thereof shall be made with respect to, the number or price of shares subject to Stock Rights. Except as expressly provided herein, no adjustments shall be made for dividends paid in cash or in property (including without limitation, securities) of the Company prior to any issuance of Shares pursuant to a Stock Right.

26. FRACTIONAL SHARES.

No fractional shares shall be issued under the Plan and the person exercising a Stock Right shall receive from the Company cash in lieu of such fractional shares equal to the Fair Market Value thereof.

27. CONVERSION OF ISOs INTO NON-QUALIFIED OPTIONS; TERMINATION OF ISOs.

The Administrator, at the written request of any Participant, may in its discretion take such actions as may be necessary to convert such Participant's ISOs (or any portions thereof) that have not been exercised on the date of conversion into Non-Qualified Options at any time prior to the expiration of such ISOs, regardless of whether the Participant is an Employee of the Company or an Affiliate at the time of such conversion. At the time of such conversion, the Administrator (with the consent of the Participant) may impose such conditions on the exercise of the resulting Non-Qualified Options as the Administrator in its discretion may determine, provided that such conditions shall not be inconsistent with this Plan. Nothing in the Plan shall be deemed to give any Participant the right to have such Participant's ISOs converted into Non-Qualified Options, and no such conversion shall occur until and unless the Administrator takes appropriate action. The Administrator, with the consent of the Participant, may also terminate any portion of any ISO that has not been exercised at the time of such conversion.

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28. WITHHOLDING.

In the event that any federal, state, or local income taxes, employment taxes, Federal Insurance Contributions Act ("F.I.C.A.") withholdings or other amounts are required by applicable law or governmental regulation to be withheld from the Participant's salary, wages or other remuneration in connection with the issuance of a Stock Right or Shares under the Plan or for any other reason required by law, the Company may withhold from the Participant's compensation, if any, or may require that the Participant advance in cash to the Company, or to any Affiliate of the Company which employs or employed the Participant, the statutory minimum amount of such withholdings unless a different withholding arrangement, including the use of shares of the Company's Common Stock or a promissory note, is authorized by the Administrator (and permitted by law). For purposes hereof, the fair market value of the shares withheld for purposes of payroll withholding shall be determined in the manner set forth under the definition of Fair Market Value provided in Paragraph 1 above, as of the most recent practicable date prior to the date of exercise. If the Fair Market Value of the shares withheld is less than the amount of payroll withholdings required, the Participant may be required to advance the difference in cash to the Company or the Affiliate employer. The Administrator in its discretion may condition the exercise of an Option for less than the then Fair Market Value on the Participant's payment of such additional withholding.

29. NOTICE TO COMPANY OF DISQUALIFYING DISPOSITION.

Each Employee who receives an ISO must agree to notify the Company in writing immediately after the Employee makes a Disqualifying Disposition of any Shares acquired pursuant to the exercise of an ISO. A Disqualifying Disposition is defined in Section 424(c) of the Code and includes any disposition (including any sale or gift) of such Shares before the later of (a) two years after the date the Employee was granted the ISO, or (b) one year after the date the Employee acquired Shares by exercising the ISO, except as otherwise provided in Section 424(c) of the Code. If the Employee has died before such Shares are sold, these holding period requirements do not apply and no Disqualifying Disposition can occur thereafter.

30. TERMINATION OF THE PLAN.

The Plan will terminate on January 1, 2030, the date which is ten years from the <u>earlier</u> of the date of its adoption by the Board of Directors and the date of its approval by the shareholders of the Company. The Plan may be terminated at an earlier date by vote of the shareholders or the Board of Directors of the Company; provided, however, that any such earlier termination shall not affect any Agreements executed prior to the effective date of such termination. Termination of the Plan shall not affect any Stock Rights theretofore granted.

31. AMENDMENT OF THE PLAN AND AGREEMENTS.

The Plan may be amended by the shareholders of the Company. The Plan may also be amended by the Administrator, including, without limitation, to the extent necessary to qualify any or all outstanding Stock Rights granted under the Plan or Stock Rights to be granted under the Plan for favorable federal income tax treatment as may be afforded incentive stock options under Section 422 of the Code (including deferral of taxation upon exercise), and to the extent

necessary to qualify the Shares issuable under the Plan for listing on any national securities exchange or quotation in any national automated quotation system of securities dealers. In addition, if NYSE Amex amends its corporate governance rules so that such rules no longer require stockholder approval of "material amendments" of equity compensation plans, then, from and after the effective date of such an amendment to such rules, no amendment of the Plan which (i) materially increases the number of shares to be issued under the Plan (other than to reflect a reorganization, stock split, merger, spin-off or similar transaction); (ii) materially increases the benefits to Participants, including any material change to: (a) permit a repricing (or decrease in exercise price) of outstanding Options, (b) reduce the price at which Shares or Options may be offered, or (c) extend the duration of the Plan; (iii) materially expands the class of Participants eligible to participate in the Plan; or (iv) expands the types of awards provided under the Plan shall become effective unless stockholder approval is obtained. Any amendment approved by the Administrator which the Administrator determines is of a scope that requires shareholder approval shall be subject to obtaining such shareholder approval. Any modification or amendment of the Plan shall not, without the consent of a Participant, adversely affect his or her rights under a Stock Right previously granted to him or her. With the consent of the Participant affected, the Administrator may amend outstanding Agreements in a manner which may be adverse to the Participant but which is not inconsistent with the Plan. In the discretion of the Administrator, outstanding Agreements may be amended by the Administrator in a manner which is not adverse to the Participant.

32. EMPLOYMENT OR OTHER RELATIONSHIP.

Nothing in this Plan or any Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Company or an Affiliate from terminating the employment, consultancy or director status of a Participant, nor to prevent a Participant from terminating his or her own employment, consultancy or director status or to give any Participant a right to be retained in employment or other service by the Company or any Affiliate for any period of time.

33. GOVERNING LAW.

This Plan shall be construed and enforced in accordance with the law of the State of New York.

PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL

LEGALLY BINDING TERM SHEET ON SHARE EXCHANGE TRANSACTION AMONG DSS SECURITY SYSTEMS INC., DSS BIOHEALTH SECURITY INC., GLOBAL BIOMEDICAL PTE LTD AND IMPACT BIOMEDICAL INC.

This term sheet sets out the legally binding terms for transactions among the Parties as defined hereunder ("Term Sheet").

PARTIES

- Document Security Systems, Inc., a New York corporation, having its office at 200 Canal View Blvd, Suite 300, Rochester, NY 14623. (hereinafter referred to as "DSS")
- DSS BioHealth Security Inc., a Delaware corporation, having its office at 200 Canal View Blvd, Suite 300, Rochester, NY 14623. (hereinafter referred to as "DBHS")
- Global BioMedical Pte Ltd, a Singapore corporation, company no. 201707501G having its office at 7 Temasek Boulevard #29-01B, Suntec Tower One, Singapore 038987. (hereinafter referred to as "GBM")
- Impact BioMedical Inc., a Nevada corporation, having its office at 4800 Montgomery Lane Suite 210 Bethesda, MD 20814. (hereinafter referred to as "IMPACT")

(DSS, DBHS and GBM, and IMPACT shall each be known as a "Party", and collectively the "Parties".)

TRANSACTION OVERVIEW

<u>GBM</u>

Owns 100% of Impact Biomedical Inc. ("IMPACT") Purchase Price: USD 50,000,000

<u>Proposed Share Exchange Transaction ("Share Exchange")</u> Between DSS and IMPACT

In consideration of 100% of Impact, i.e. USD 50,000,000 (the "Consideration", DSS will issue a combination of shares and perpetual convertible bond (PCB) as follows:

USD 3,132,000

By way of issuing 14,500,000 shares at a price of ${\bf USD}$ 0.216 per share to GBM

- Balance of USD 46,868,000

By way of PCB at 0% coupon rate per annum.

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Perpetual Convertible Bond

- 0 % Coupon Rate
- Conversion rate is at **USD 0.216** per share
- GBM has right to convert the balance amount in PCB into DSS shares in full or partially, by giving 3 days written notice (at conversion rate of USD 0.216 in PCB to 1 DSS share)
- DSS has right to require GBM to convert the balance amount in PCB into DSS Shares in full or partially with 3 days written notice (at conversion rate of USD 0.216 in PCB to 1 DSS Share)

The 100% of IMPACT will be held under DBHS after the Share Exchange.

It is agreed by Parties that GBM will not convert the PCB into DSS Shares to the extent where at any one point in time, GBM owns more than 19.9% of DSS.

DSS will appoint Destum Partners (an independent third-party professional valuation firm) to conduct an updated valuation report for IMPACT.

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VALUATION

The Parties agree that should the updated valuation report of IMPACT be higher than the agreed transaction value, GBM agrees to not increase the Consideration amount for IMPACT in the Share Exchange.

The Parties further agree that should the updated valuation report of IMPACT be lower than the agreed transaction value, GBM agrees to lower the Consideration amount for IMPACT accordingly and offer the same 87.16% discount given to DSS for the Share Exchange.

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INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

DIVIDEND OF IMPACT SHARES

RIGHT TO APPOINT THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF IMPACT

REPRESENTATION AND WARRANTIES

COUNTERPARTS

CONFIDENTIALITY

BINDING EFFECT

DEFINITIVE AGREEMENT

COMPLETION

COSTS AND EXPENSES

GOVERNING LAW AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

It is the intention of IMPACT to pursue a public offering either on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) or Nasdag, after the Share Exchange transaction.

Upon the completion of the transaction, DBHS, which is a 100% owned subsidiary of DSS, will own 100% of IMPACT.

It is the intention of DBHS, upon the completion of the Share Exchange, to offer bonus of IMPACT shares to the shareholders of DSS (excluding the controlling shareholders of DSS and the chairman's group of companies). The proposed bonus being, for every one (1) DSS share held, the shareholder will be entitled to a bonus of two (2) shares of IMPACT as determined at the record date of the filing. ("Bonus Shares"). ("Bonus Shares")

DSS shall have the right to appoint the board of IMPACT.

The Parties hereby represent and warrant that they have on behalf of their respective companies, the full legal rights and capacities to enter into this Term Sheet and to perform their respective obligations and that they are not in violation of any laws or any courts.

The Parties acknowledge that there may be fluctuations in the Share Price of DSS prior to the signing of this Term Sheet.

This Term Sheet and any amendments, if any, may be executed in counterparts (including by facsimile), each of which shall be an original with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were part of the same instrument and shall become effective when one or more counterparts have been signed by each of the Parties and delivered (by telecopy or otherwise) to the other Parties.

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Save for any disclosure, filing or report made to any government agency, regulatory body or exchange (including but not limited to the NYSE and SGX-ST), or disclosures made to accountants, advisors, legal counsel or consultants, each Party shall keep strictly confidential the negotiations relating to this transaction, the existence of this transaction and the contents of this Term Sheet and shall not disclose the name to any other person with the prior written consent of the other Parties.

This Term Sheet shall be legally binding and shall also be legally enforceable in accordance with its terms in any court of competent jurisdiction.

The Parties, if mutually agreeable and as soon as practicable and in any event, no later than three (3) months from date of signing of this Term Sheet, strive to obtain their respective directors and shareholders' approvals; and relevant stock exchanges in which they are listed with, if required.

The Parties may elect not to enter into a Definitive Agreement, in which event, the terms and conditions in this Term Sheet shall prevail and have full effects as if a definitive agreement has been entered into.

Completion shall take place within three (3) months from the date of signing of this Term Sheet and subject to both DSS and GBM having obtained approvals from their respective shareholders and relevant stock exchanges in which they are listed with, if required for the transactions contemplated herein.

Each Party shall be responsible for its respective costs and expenses in relation to the preparation of this Term Sheet and Definitive Agreement, if any.

This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without regard to such state's choice of law provisions which would require the application of the law of any other jurisdiction.

Dated:

March 12, 2020

We hereby accept the above terms and conditions.

SIGNED BY:

SIGNED BY:

/s/ Frank Heuszel

/s/ Frank Heuszel

Name: FRANK HEUSZEL
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Name: FRANK HEUSZEL

Title: Chief Executive Officer

For and on behalf of DSS Securities Inc.

For and on behalf of DSS BioHealth Security Inc.

/s/ Chan Heng Fai Ambrose

Name: CHAN HENG FAI AMBROSE Title: Chief Executive Officer

For and on behalf of Global BioMedical Pte Ltd

/s/ Chan Heng Fai Ambrose

Name: CHAN HENG FAI AMBROSE

Title: Chief Executive Officer

For and on behalf of Impact Biomedical Inc.

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SUBSIDIARIES OF REGISTRANT

Name	State of Incorporation
AMRE Asset Management Inc AAMI	Nevada
Alset, Inc	Texas
Alset Innovations, Inc	Texas
Alset Title Company Inc	Texas
AMRE	Maryland
Decentralized Sharing Systems, Inc.	Nevada
DSS, Inc	New York
DSS Administrative Group, Inc.	New York
DSS Asia Limited	Hong Kong
DSS BioHealth Security, Inc.	Nevada
DSS Blockchain Security, Inc.	Nevada
DSS Cyber Security Pte, Ltd.	Singapore
DSS International Inc.	Nevada
DSS Secure Living, Inc.	Nevada
DSS Securities, Inc.	Nevada
DSS Technology Management, Inc.	Delaware
DSS Digital Inc.	New York
Gigeconomic Solutions, Inc	Texas
HWH World, Inc.	Texas
Impact Biomedical, Inc.	Nevada
Plastic Printing Professionals, Inc.	New York
Premier Packaging Corporation	New York
RBC Life International, Inc.	Nevada
RBC Life World, Inc	Nevada
Impact BioLife International, Inc.	Nevada
Impact BioMedical International, Inc.	Nevada
Global BioMedical, Inc.	Nevada
Global BioLife, Inc.	Nevada
BioLife Sugar, Inc.	Nevada
Happy Sugar, Inc.	Nevada
Sweet Sense, Inc.	Nevada
Impact BioLife Science, Inc.	Nevada
Innate Immune, Inc	Nevada

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements of Document Security Systems, Inc.:

- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-190870)
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-230740)
- Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-235745)
- Registration Statement (Form S-1 No. 333-236082)
- Registration Statement (Form S-1 No. 333-238587)
- Registration Statement (Form S-1 No. 333-249857)
- Registration Statement (Form S-1 No. 333-252239)
- Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-252757)

of our report dated March 31, 2021, relating to the consolidated financial statements of Document Security Systems, Inc. and Subsidiaries, appearing in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Document Security Systems, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2020.

/s/ Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C.
Rochester, New York
March 31, 2021

RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

- I, Frank D. Heuszel, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Document Security Systems, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2020.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 31, 2021
/s/ Frank D. Heuszel

Frank D. Heuszel Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

- I, Todd D. Macko, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Document Security Systems, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2020.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared:
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 31, 2021

/s/ Todd D. Macko

Todd D. Macko Interim Chief Financial Officer (Interim Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Document Security Systems, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Frank D. Heuszel, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: March 31, 2021

/s/ Frank D. Heuszel

Frank D. Heuszel
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Document Security Systems, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Todd D. Macko, Interim Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: March 31, 2021

/s/ Todd D. Macko

Todd D. Macko Interim Chief Financial Officer (Interim Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)